# Lagrangian Coherent Structures in Geophysical Flows



Philip Du Toit
California Institute of Technology

Movies can be viewed at <a href="http://www.cds.caltech.edu/~marsden/wiki/projects/LCSProjects">http://www.cds.caltech.edu/~marsden/wiki/projects/LCSProjects</a>



### Collaborators

- Francois Lekien, Ecole Polytechnique, Brussels
- Shawn Shadden, Stanford
- Benjamin Bastide, Ecole des Mines
- Evan Gawlik, Caltech
- Chad Couliette
- George Haller, MIT
- Jerrold Marsden, Caltech
- Philip Du Toit, Caltech







Hurricanes





Hurricanes



Jupiter's red spot



Hurricanes



Jupiter's red spot



Atmosphere





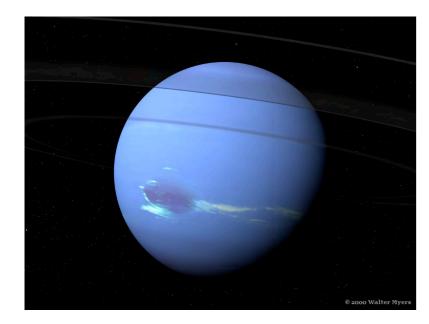
Hurricanes



Jupiter's red spot



Atmosphere



Neptune's great dark spot





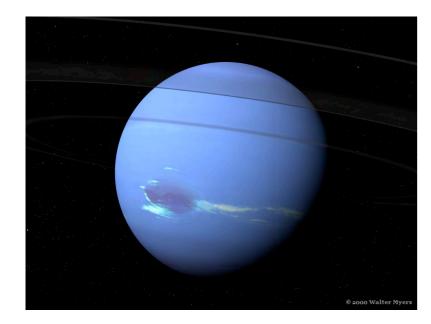
Hurricanes



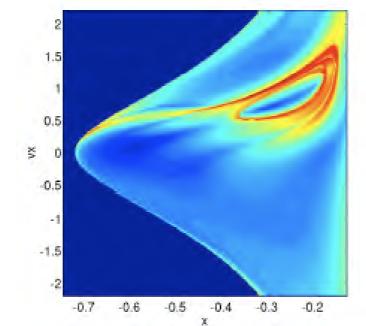
Jupiter's red spot



Atmosphere



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Elliptic 3-body problem

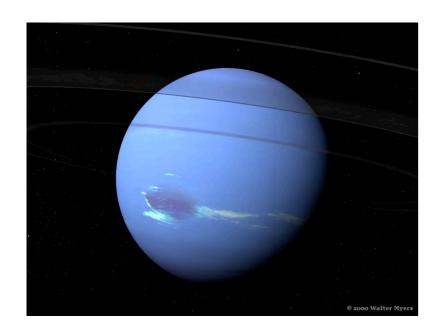




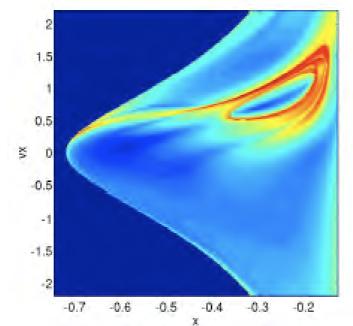
Hurricanes



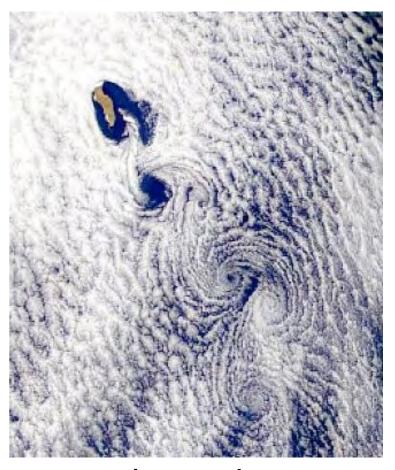
Jupiter's red spot



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Elliptic 3-body problem



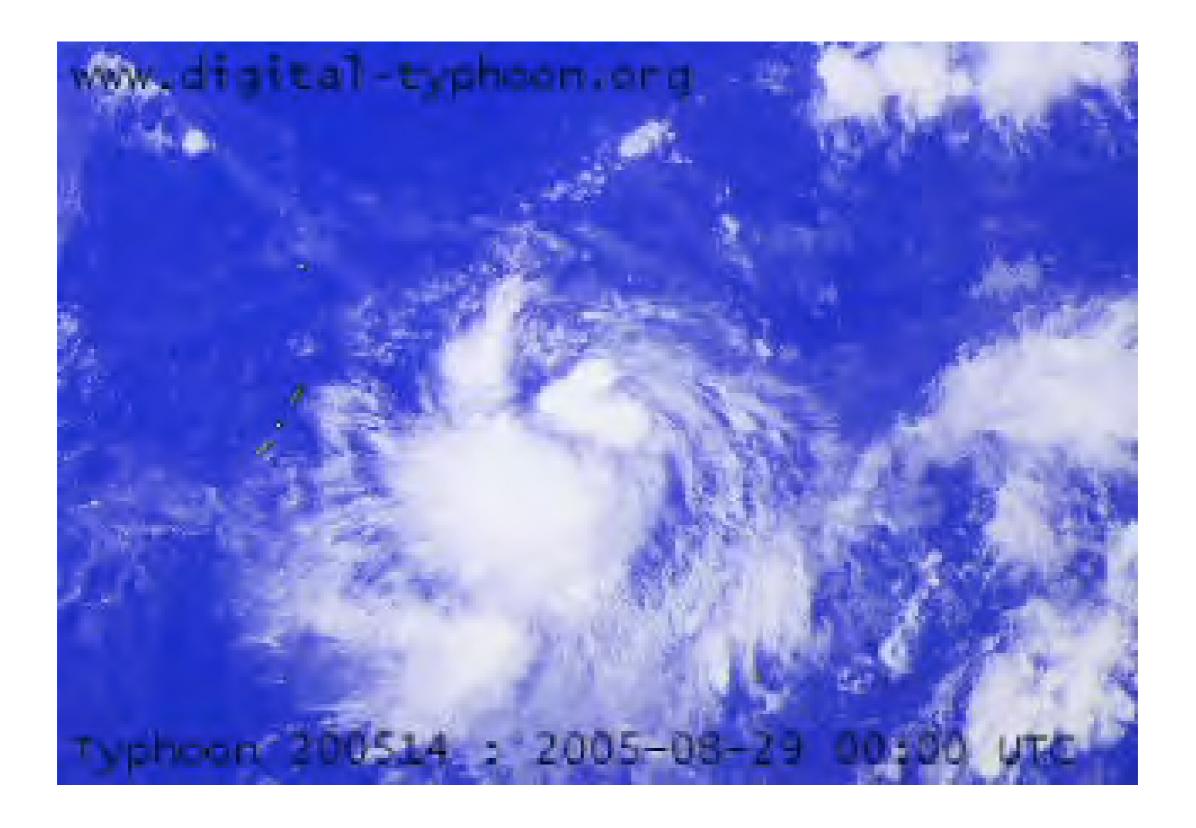
Atmosphere



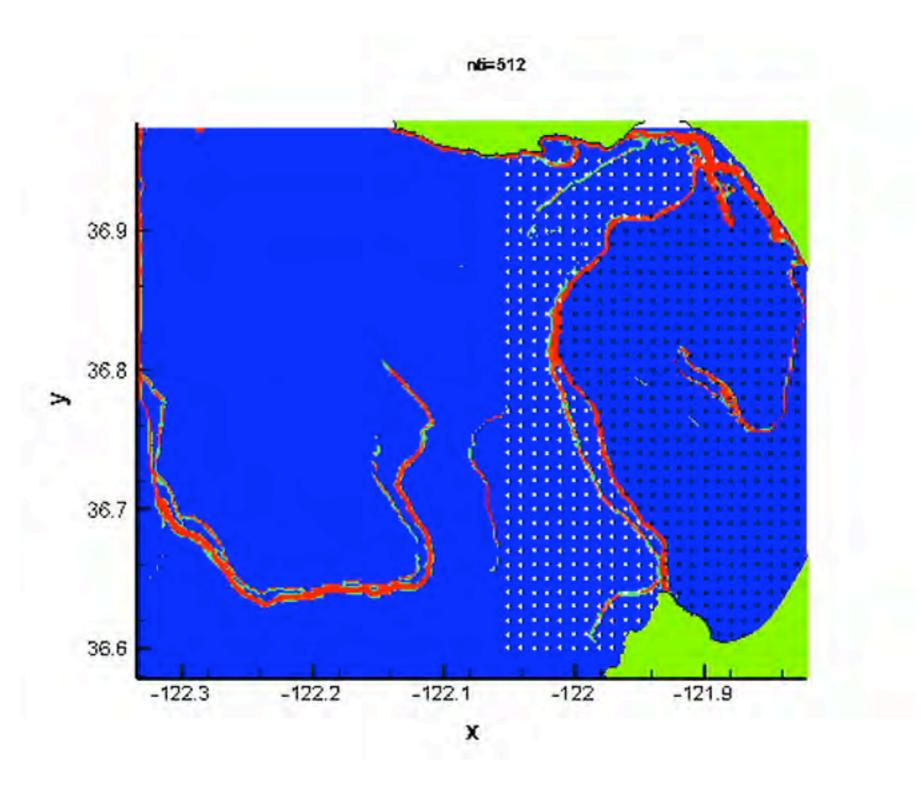
**Bio-locomotion** 



# Aperiodic flows

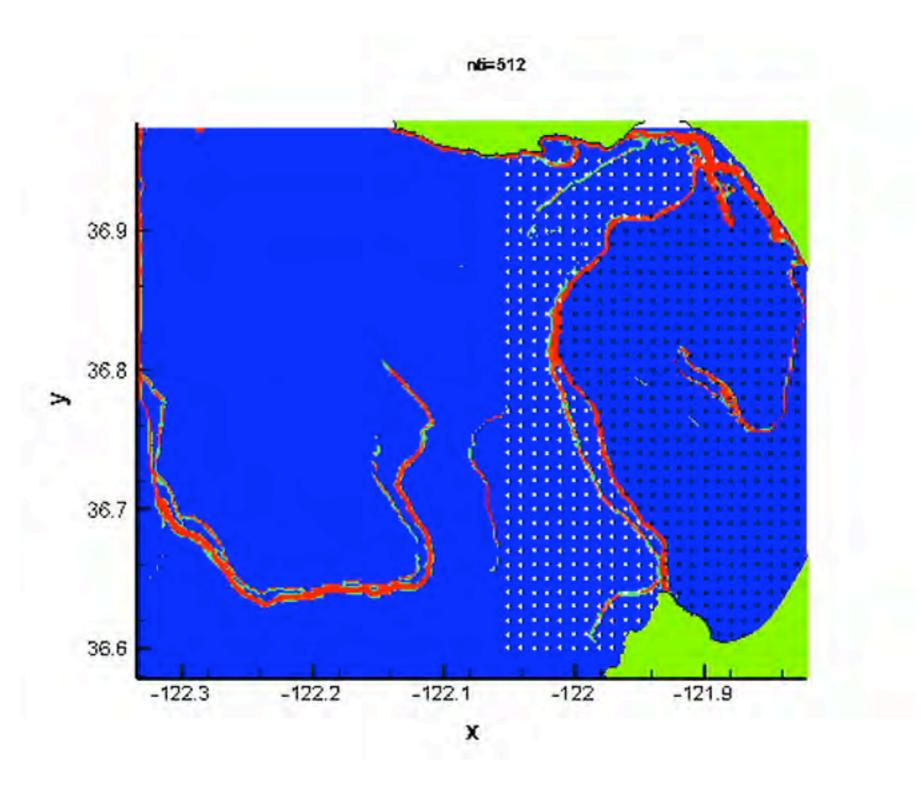


# Finding structures in flows





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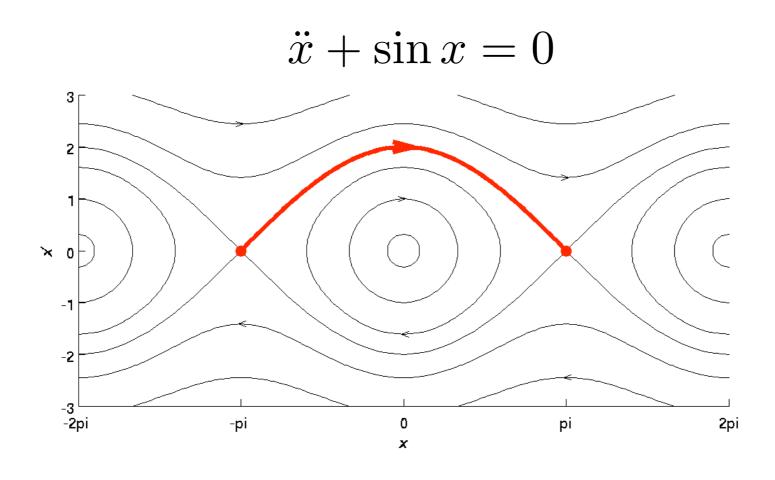




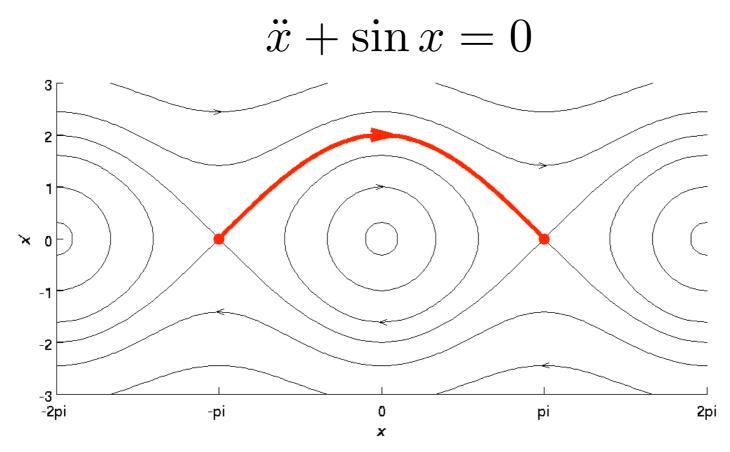
# Finding structures in flows



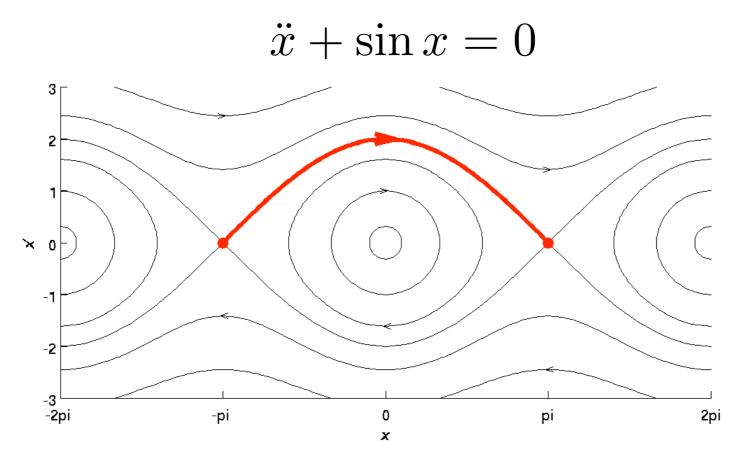








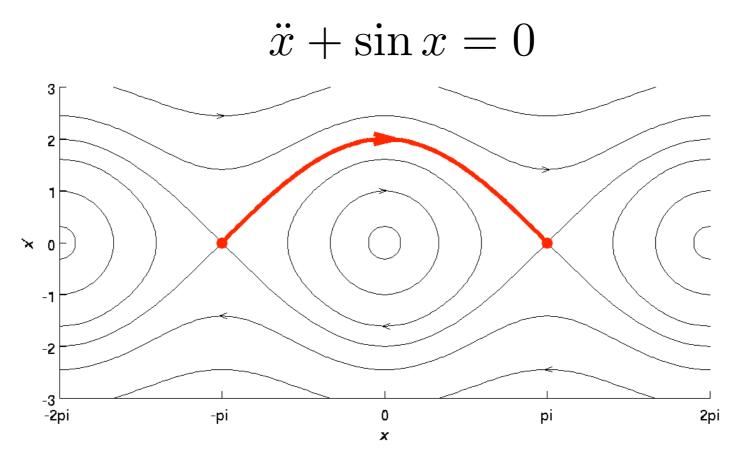




The stable and unstable manifolds:

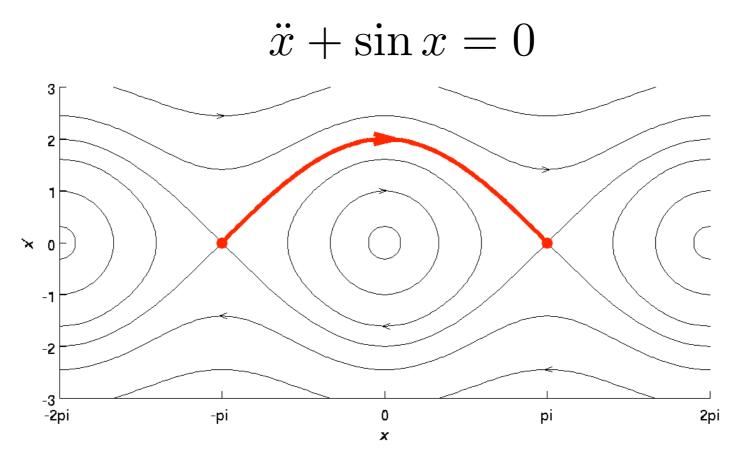
• are invariant.





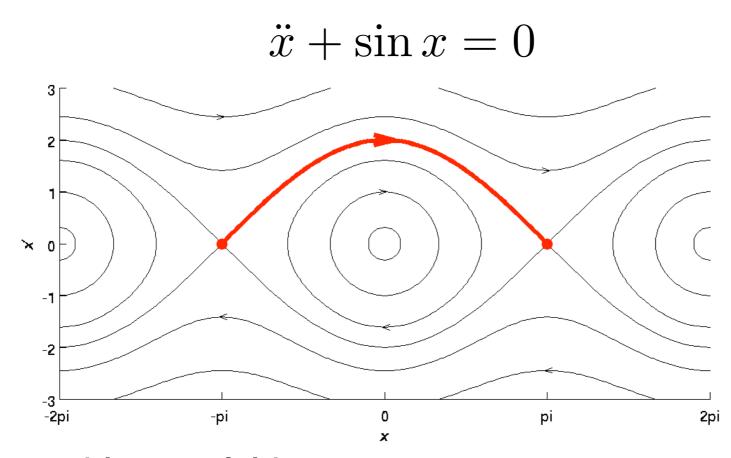
- are invariant.
- are separatrices between regions of different dynamical behavior.





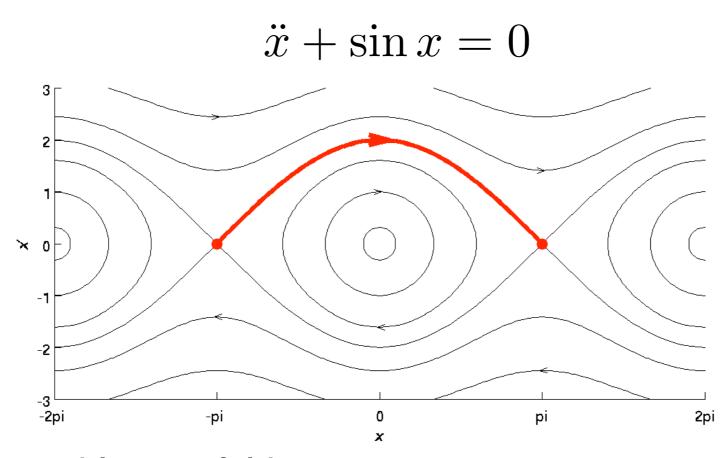
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- are separatrices between regions of different dynamical behavior.
- form the boundaries of invariant sets.





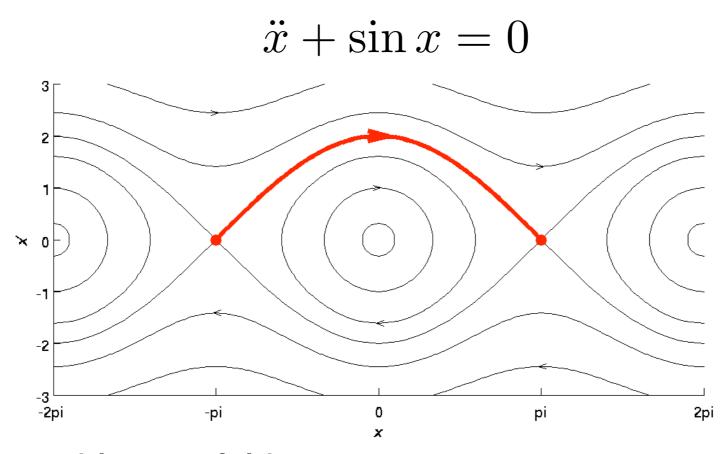
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- are invariant.
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- form the boundaries of invariant sets.
- dictate structure and transport in the flow.
- are surfaces of greatest stretching.



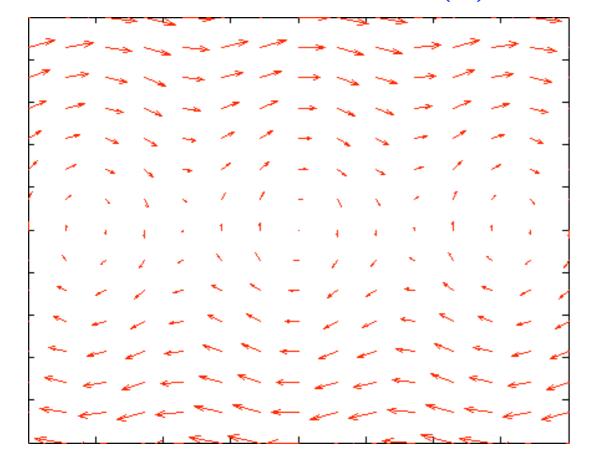


- are invariant.
- are separatrices between regions of different dynamical behavior.
- form the boundaries of invariant sets.
- dictate structure and transport in the flow.
- are surfaces of greatest stretching.
- are attached to fixed points, periodic orbits, etc.



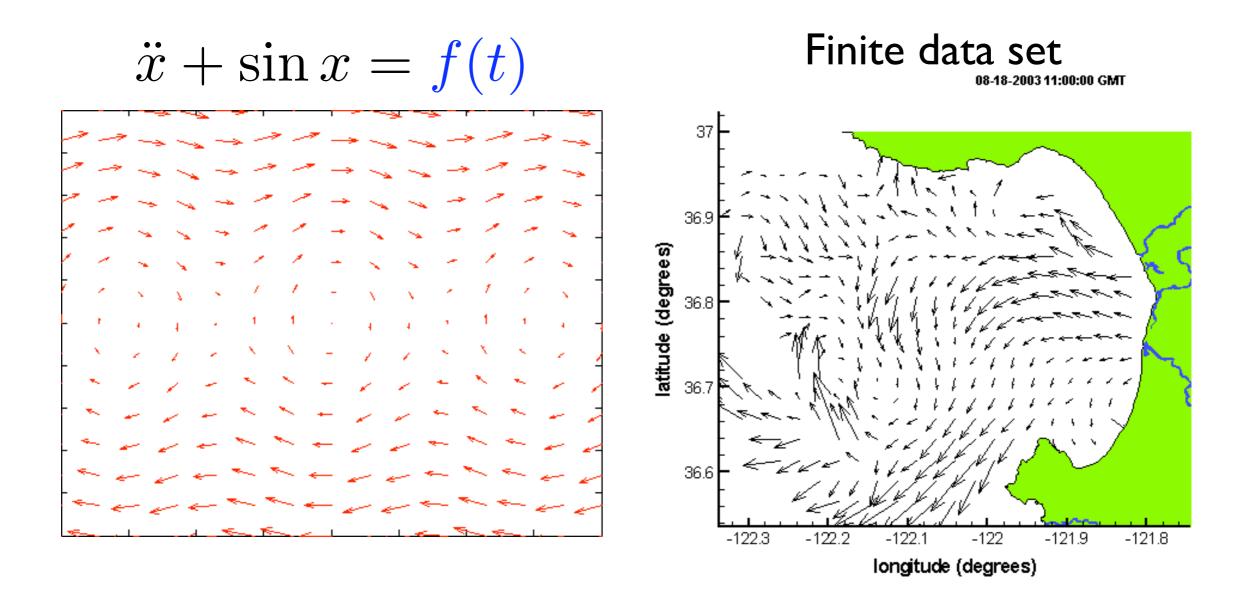
# Separatrices for aperiodic systems

$$\ddot{x} + \sin x = f(t)$$





# Separatrices for aperiodic systems



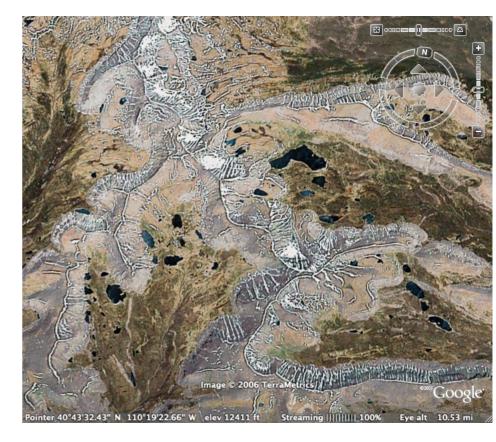


$$\sigma_T(t, \mathbf{x}) := \frac{1}{|T|} \ln \left\| \frac{d\phi_t^{t+T}}{d\mathbf{x}} \right\|_2$$





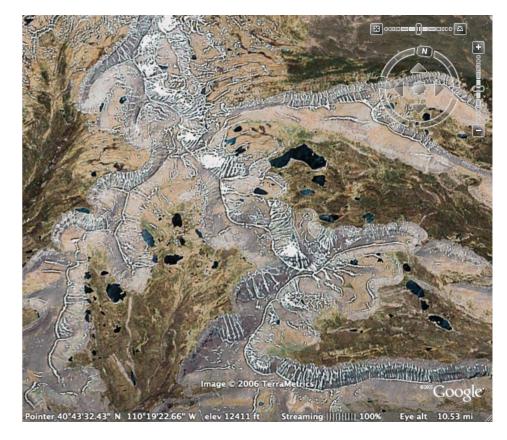
$$\sigma_T(t, \mathbf{x}) := \frac{1}{|T|} \ln \left\| \frac{d\phi_t^{t+T}}{d\mathbf{x}} \right\|_2$$



The LCS



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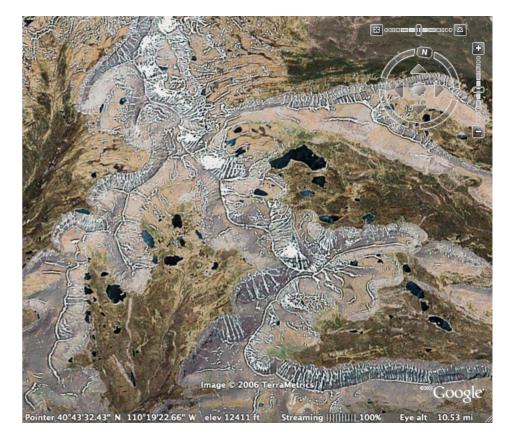


#### The LCS

are defined as surfaces of greatest stretching.



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#### The LCS

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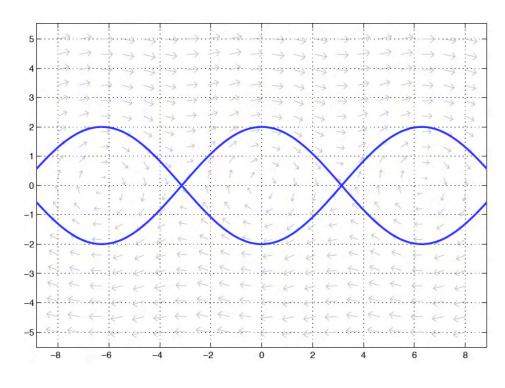
#### We will see that LCS

- are (almost) invariant.
- are separatrices between regions of different dynamical behavior.
- form the boundaries of invariant sets.
- dictate structure and transport in the flow.
- are NOT attached to fixed points, periodic orbits, etc.



# A quick test

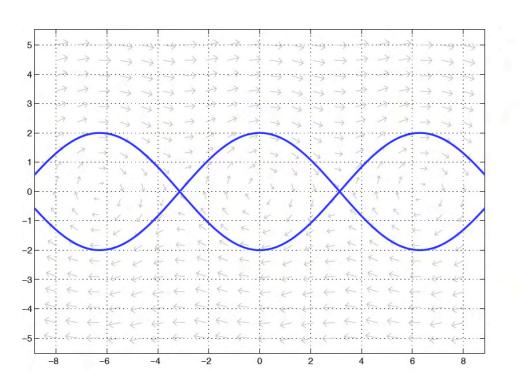
$$\ddot{x} + \sin x = 0$$

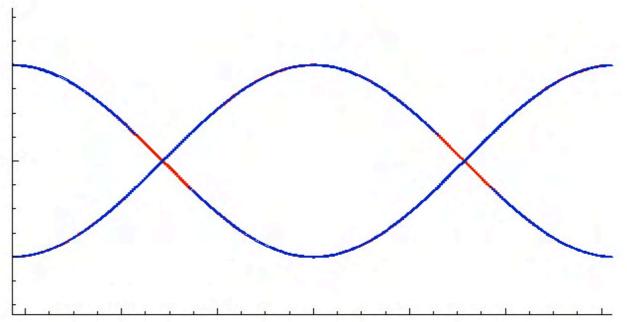




# A quick test

$$\ddot{x} + \sin x = 0$$





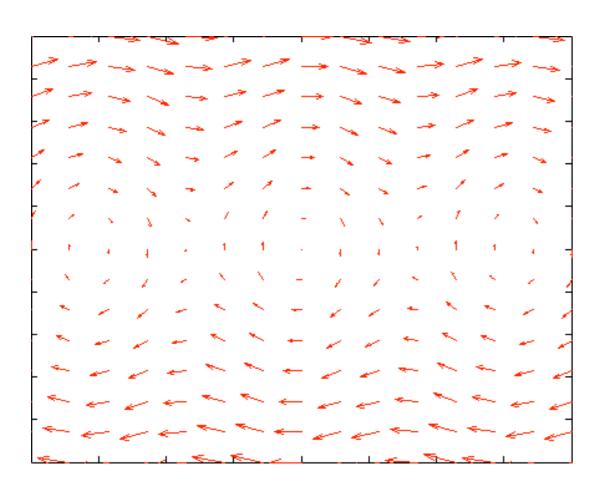




$$\ddot{x} + \sin x + \epsilon \dot{x} \sin t = 0$$

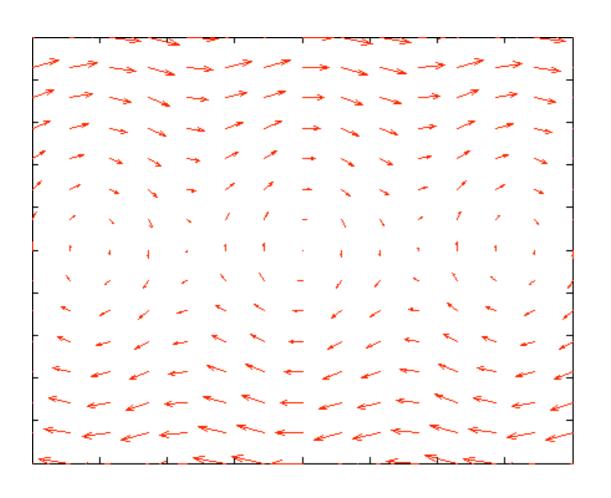


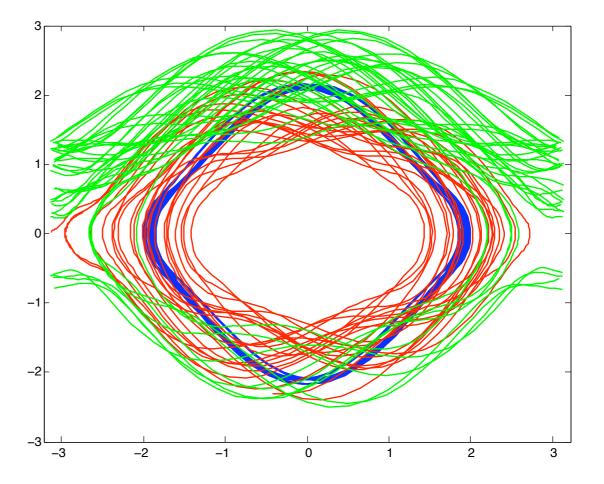
$$\ddot{x} + \sin x + \epsilon \dot{x} \sin t = 0$$





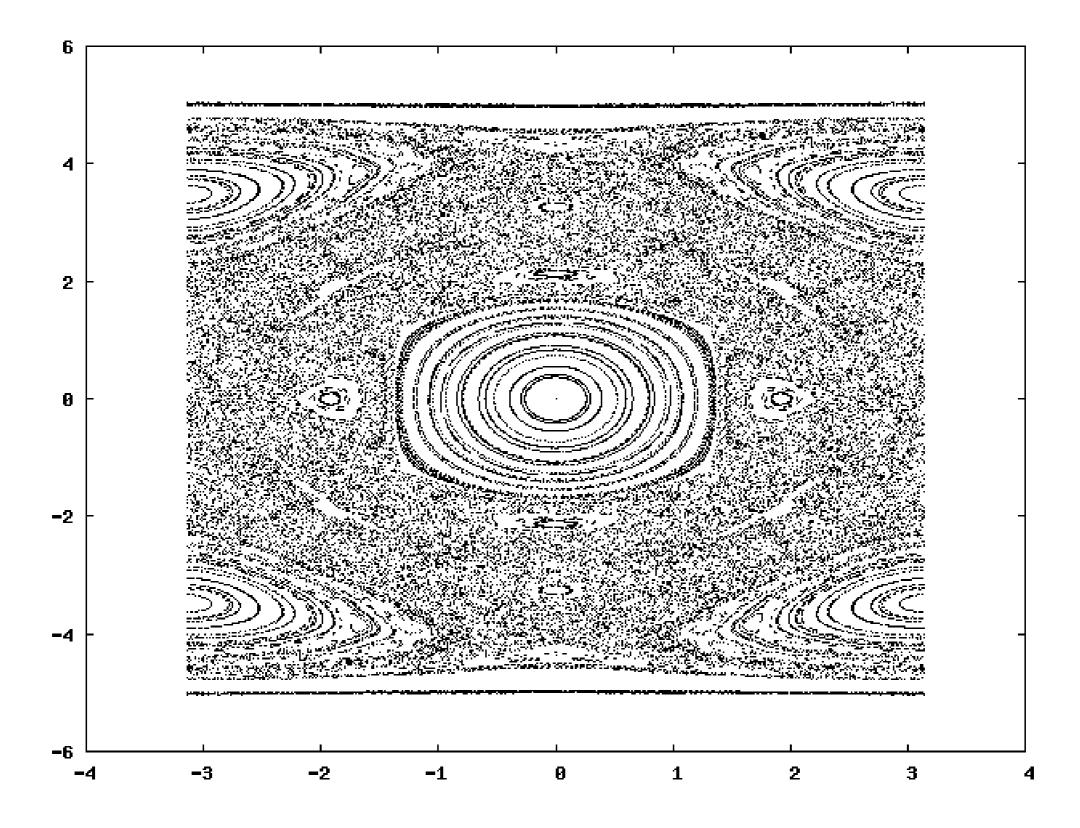
$$\ddot{x} + \sin x + \epsilon \dot{x} \sin t = 0$$





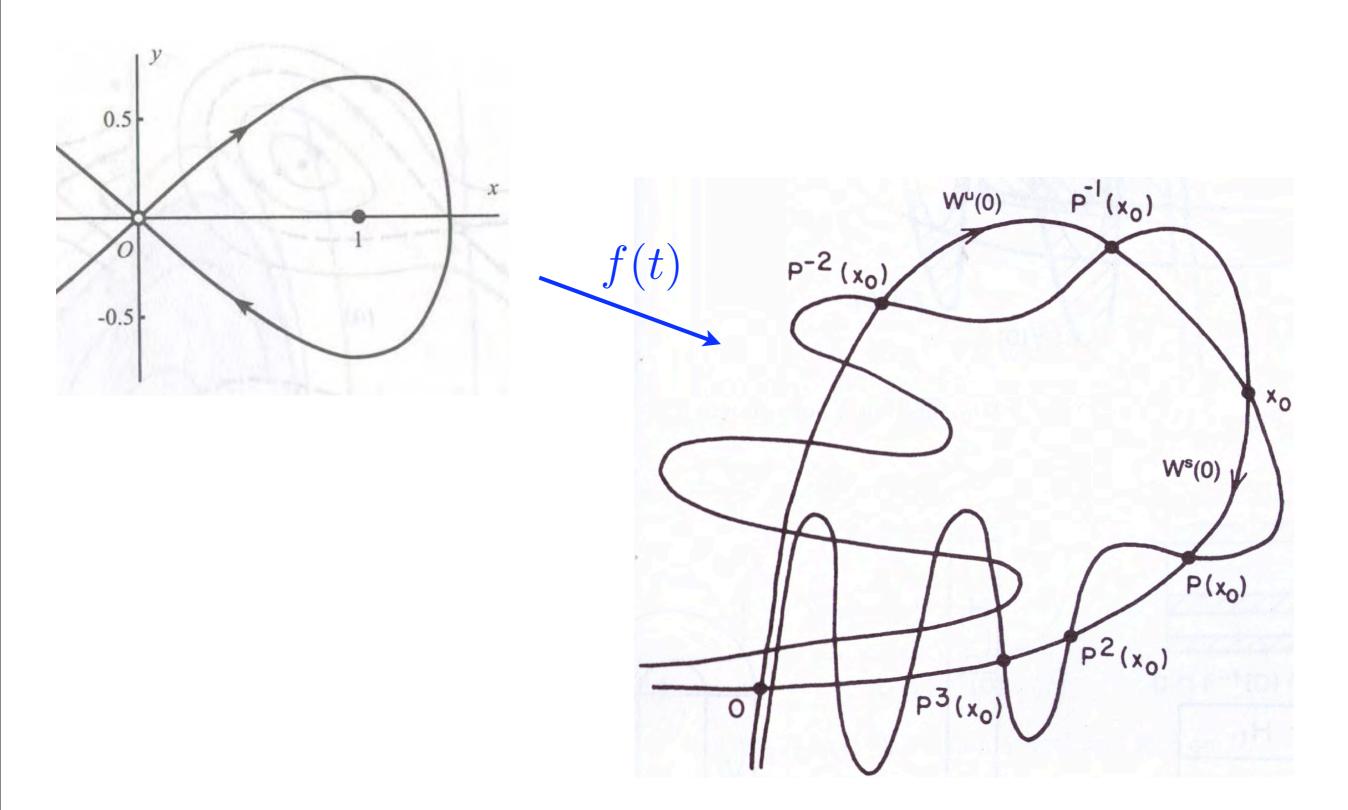


# The Poincare map





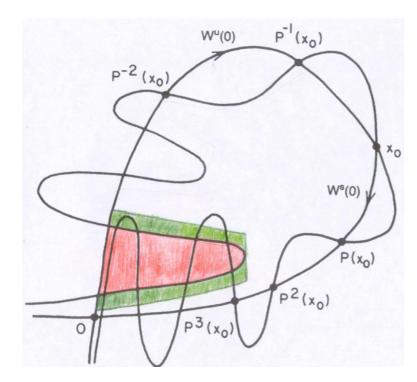
# Homoclinic tangles



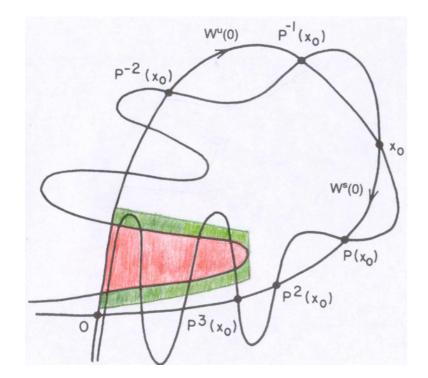


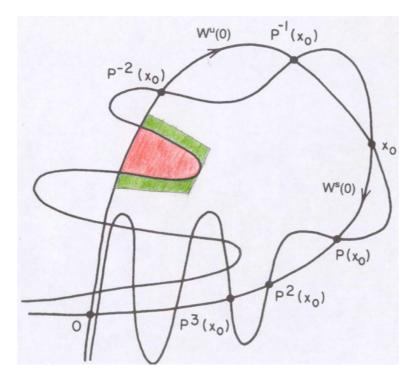
# Lobe Dynamics



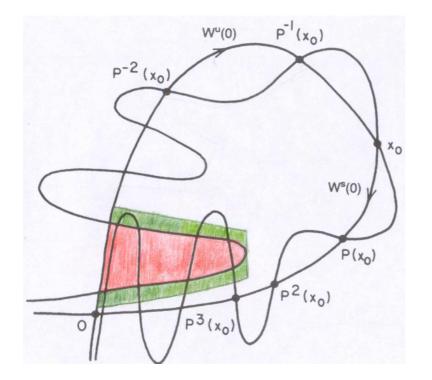


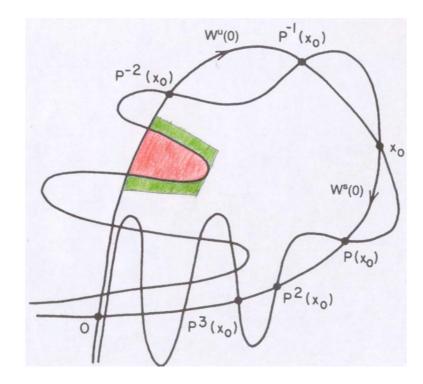


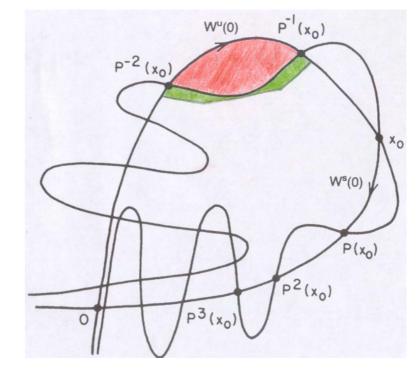


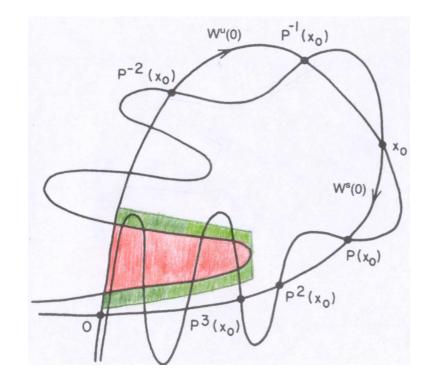


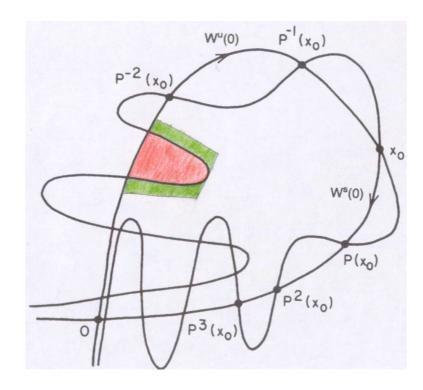


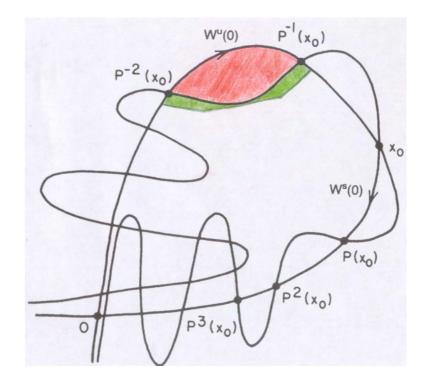


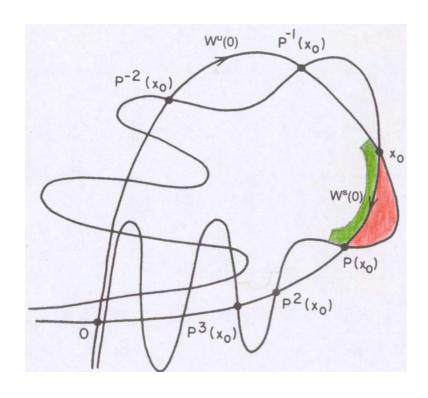


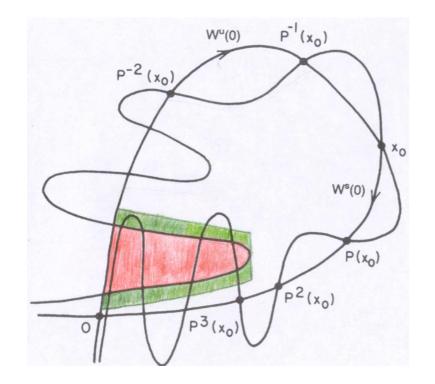


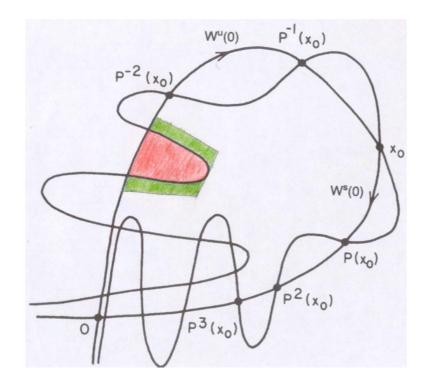


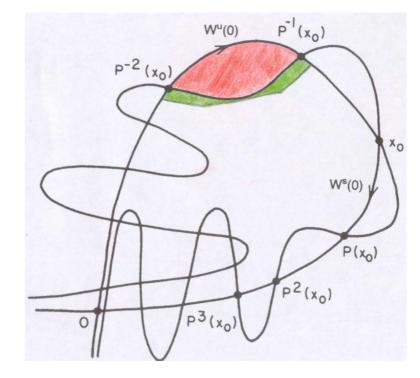


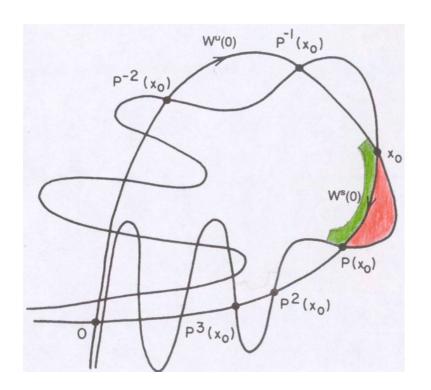


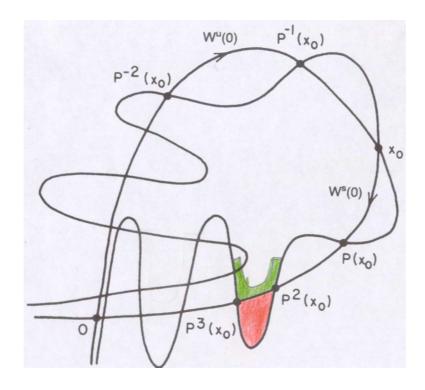


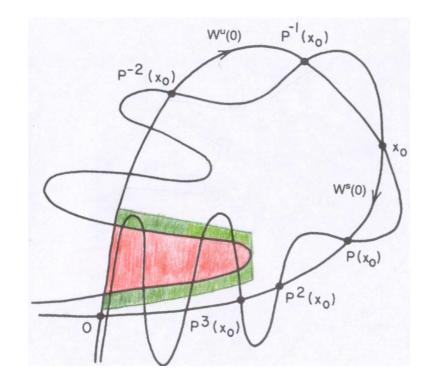


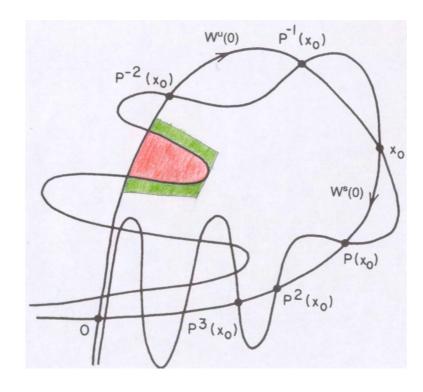


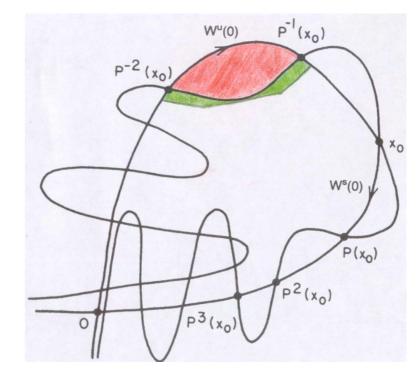


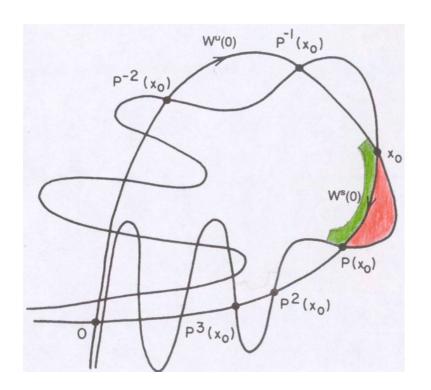


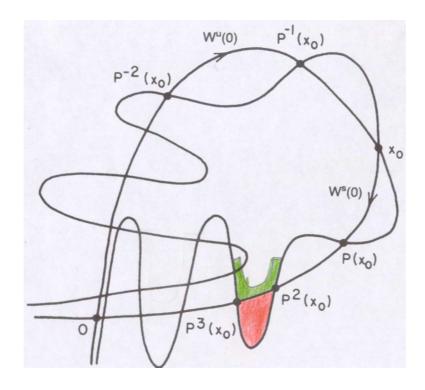


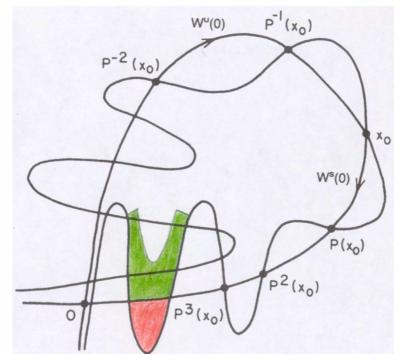




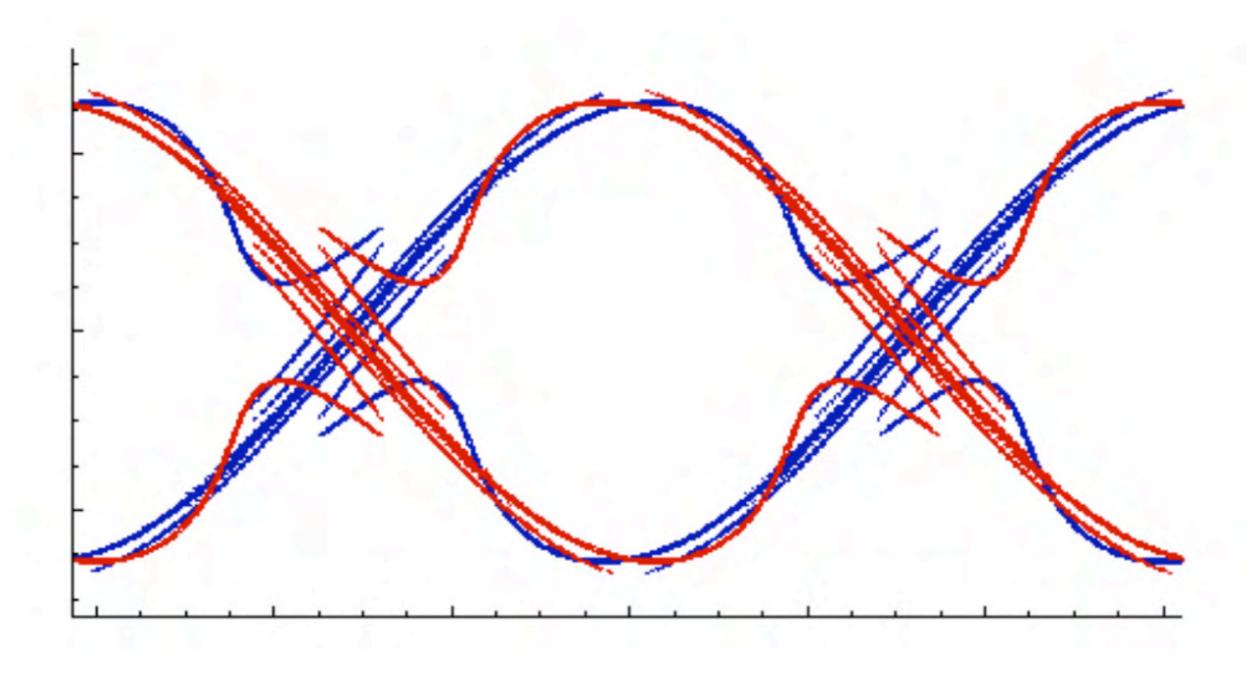




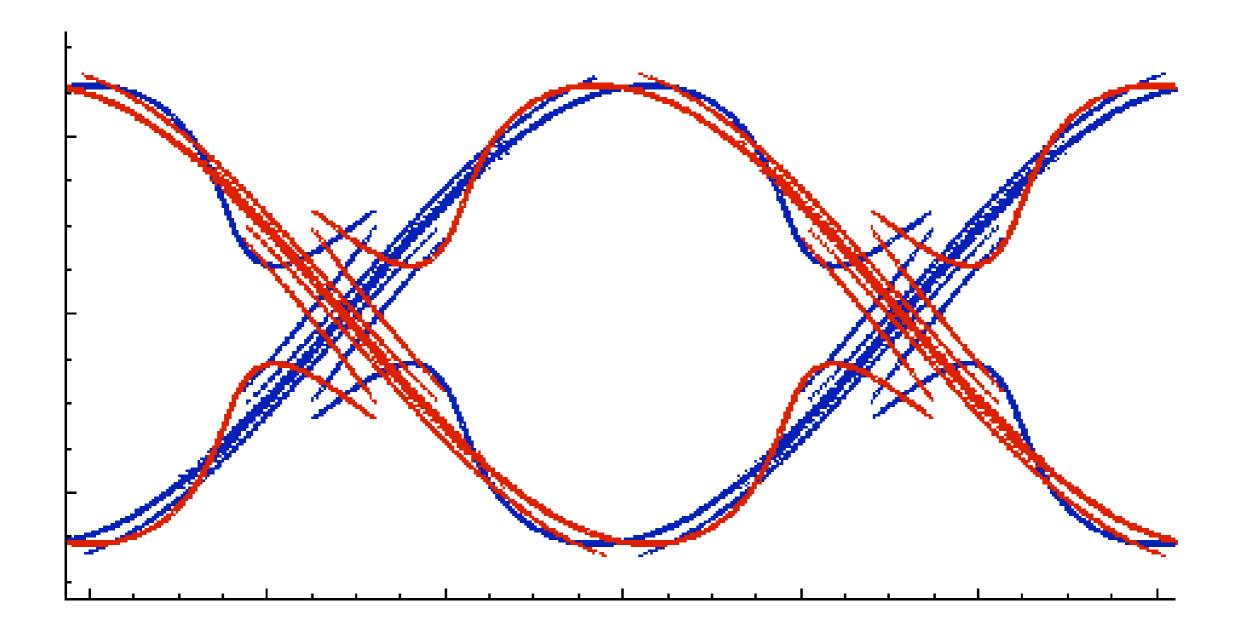






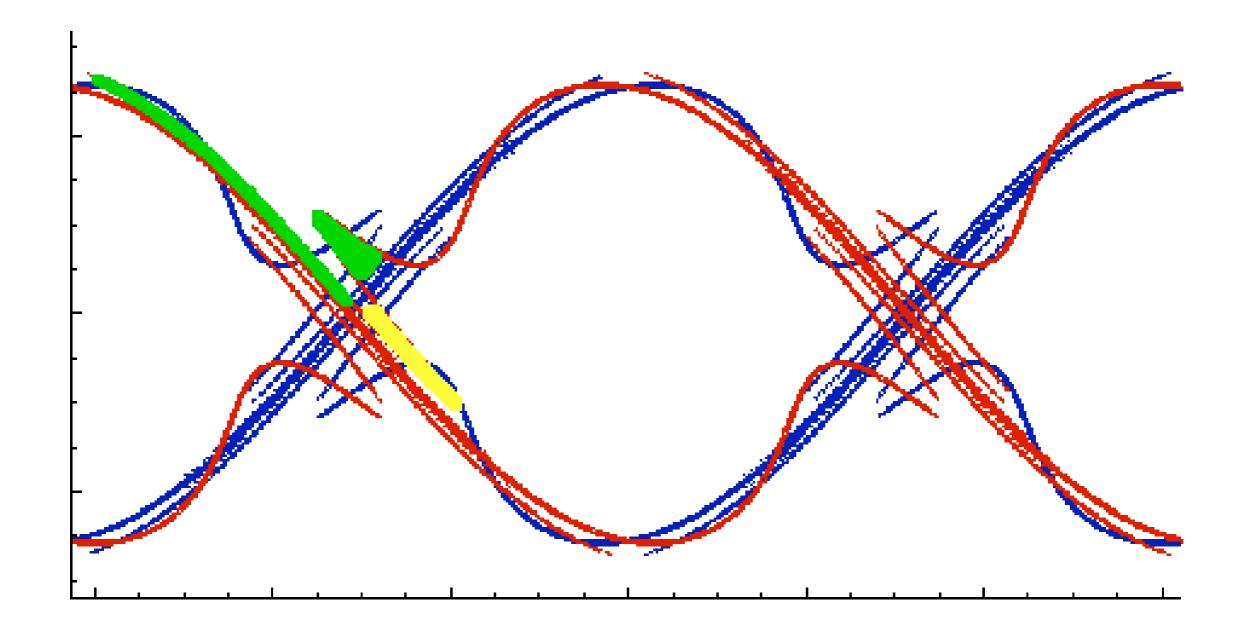






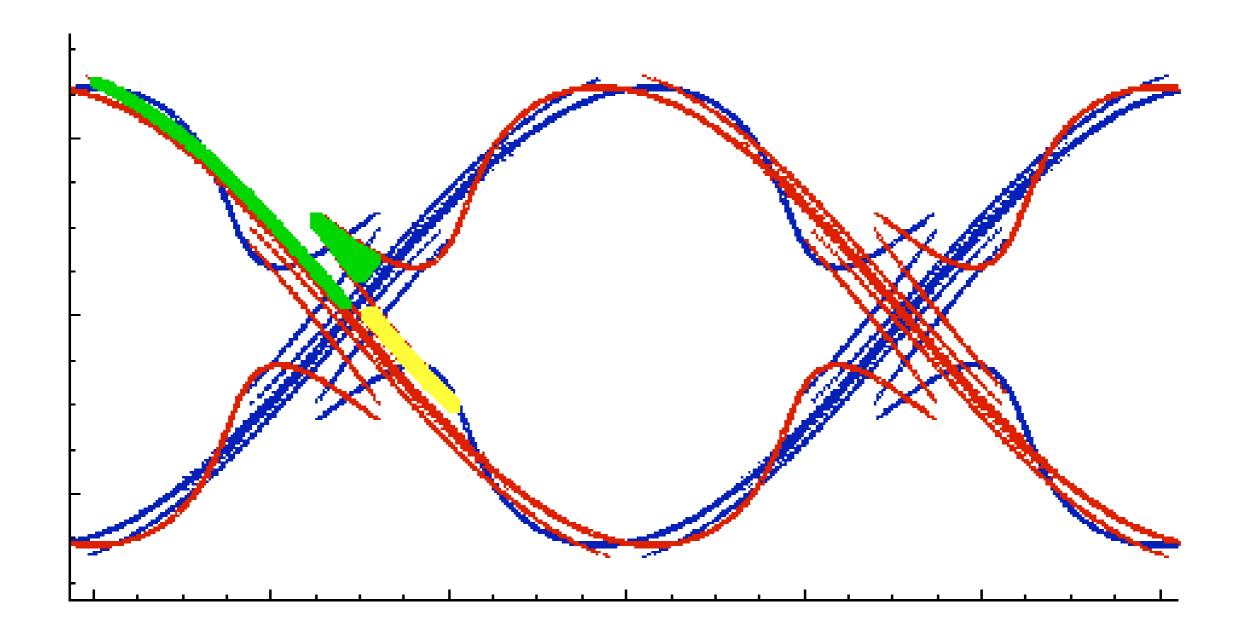


#### Lobes dynamics with periodic forcing



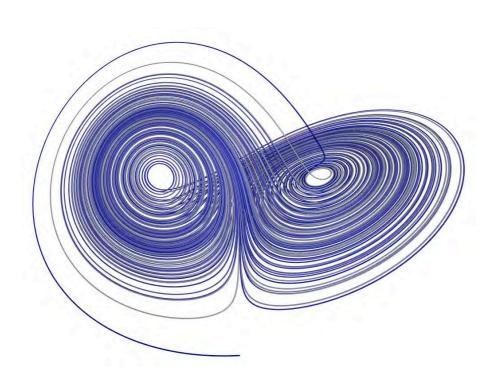


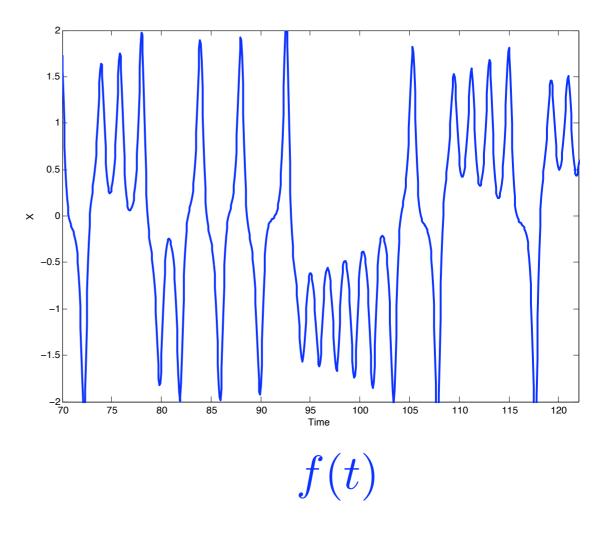
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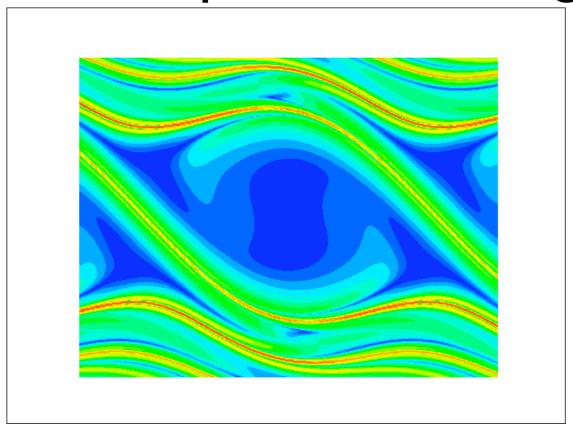


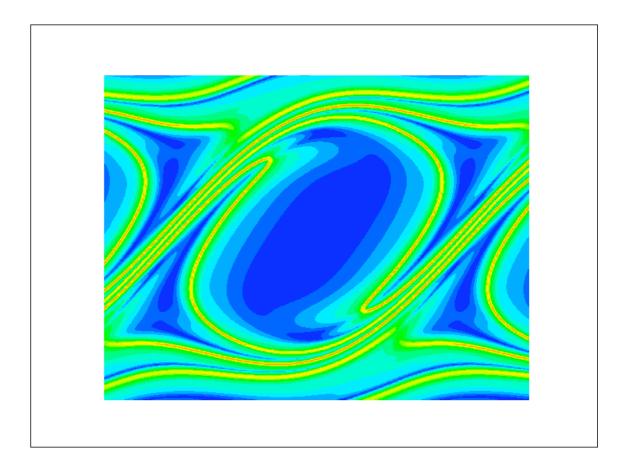
$$\ddot{x} + \sin x = f(t)$$



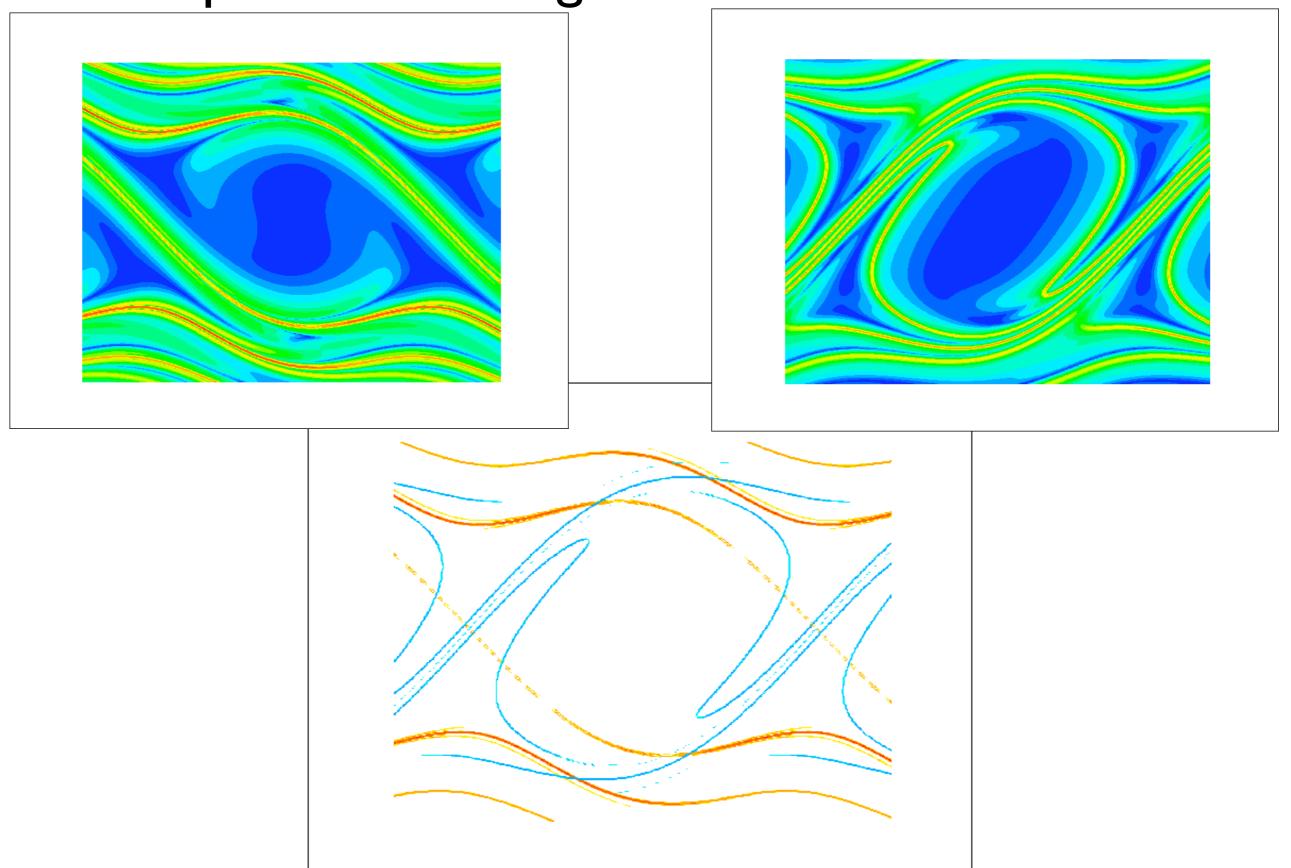




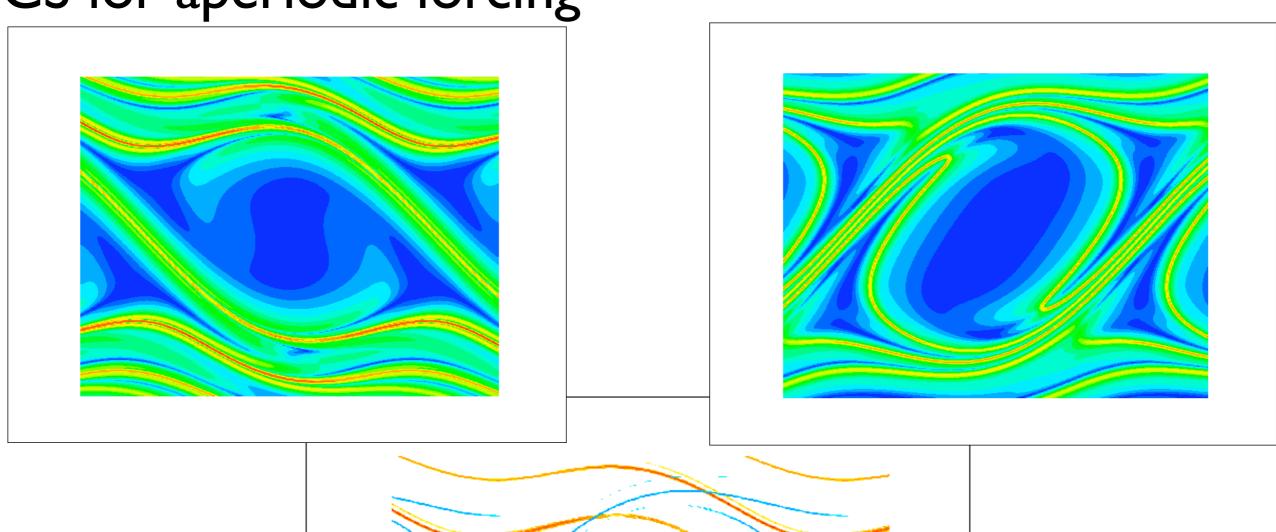


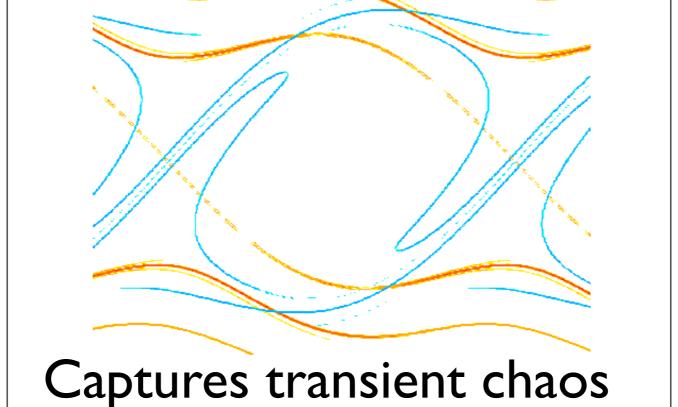




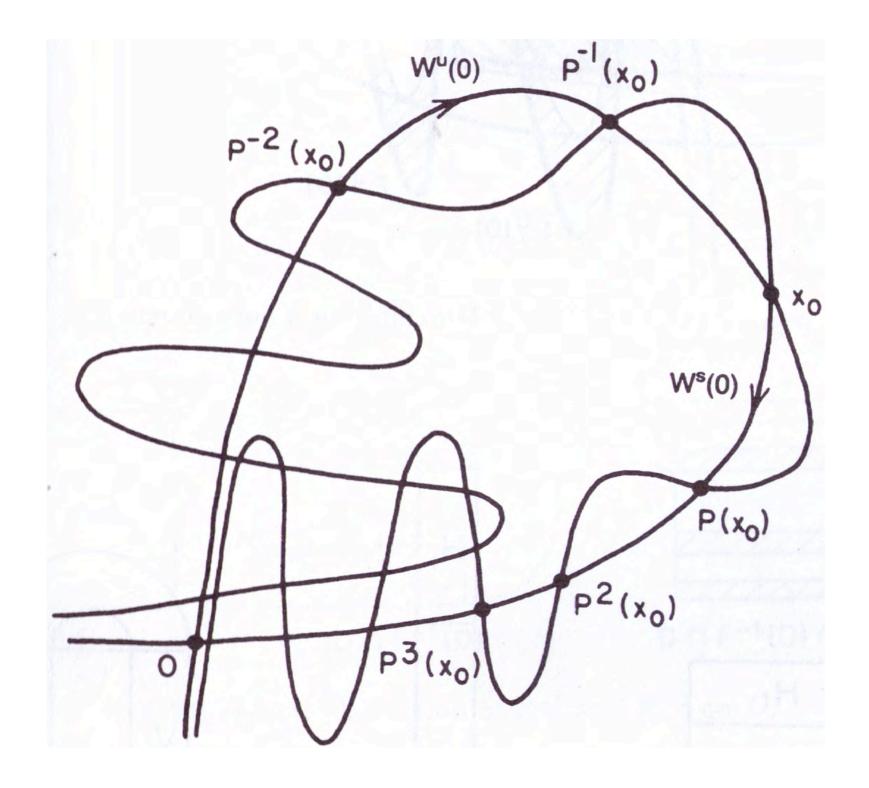




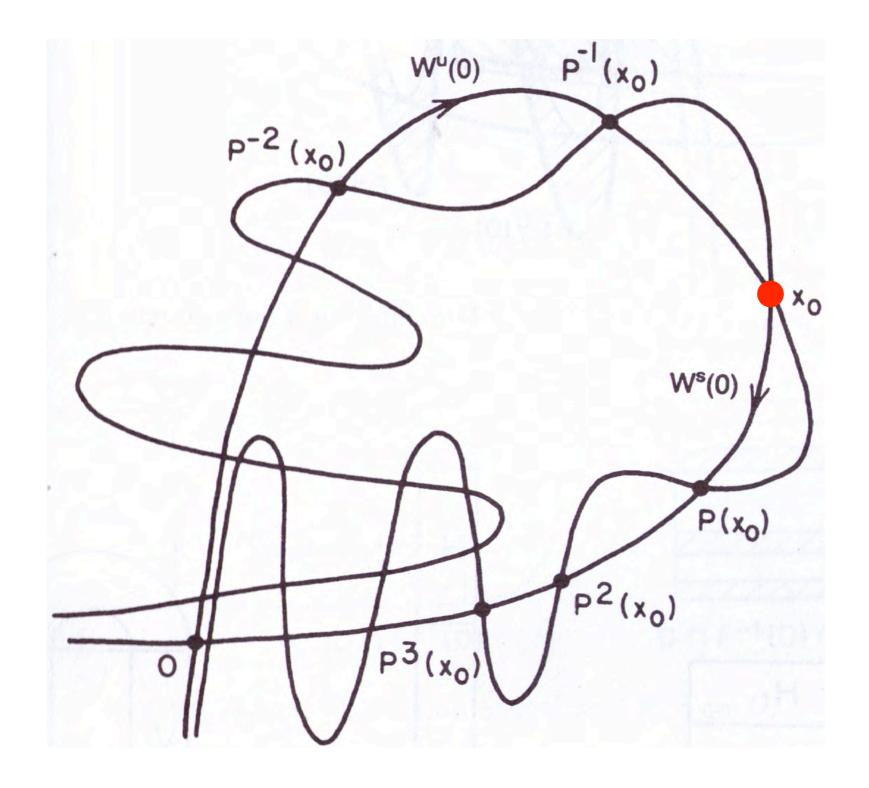




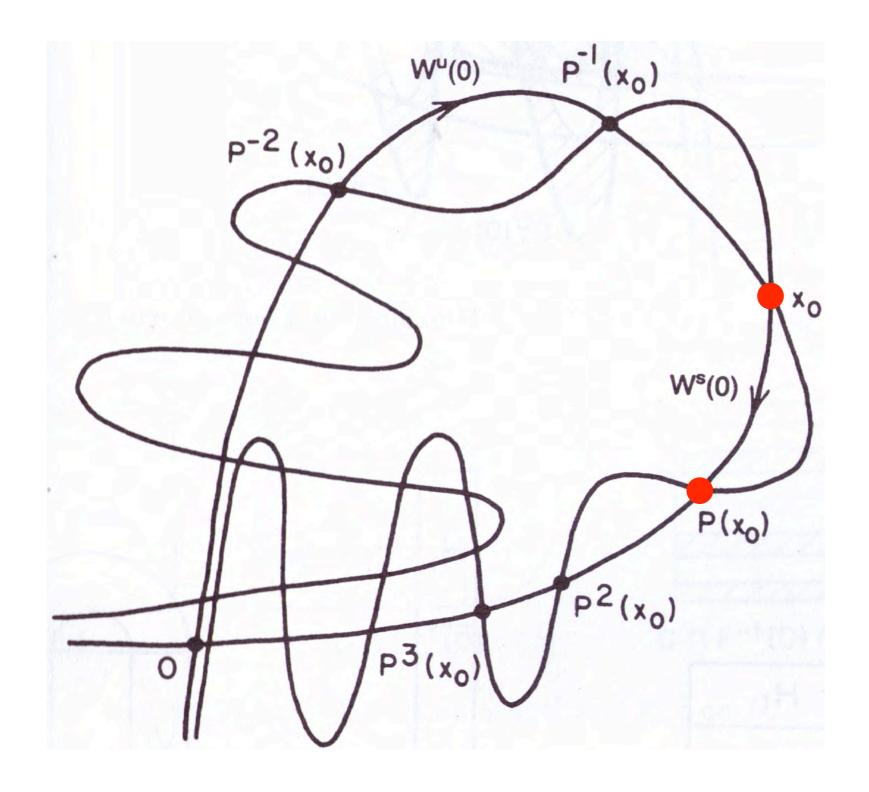




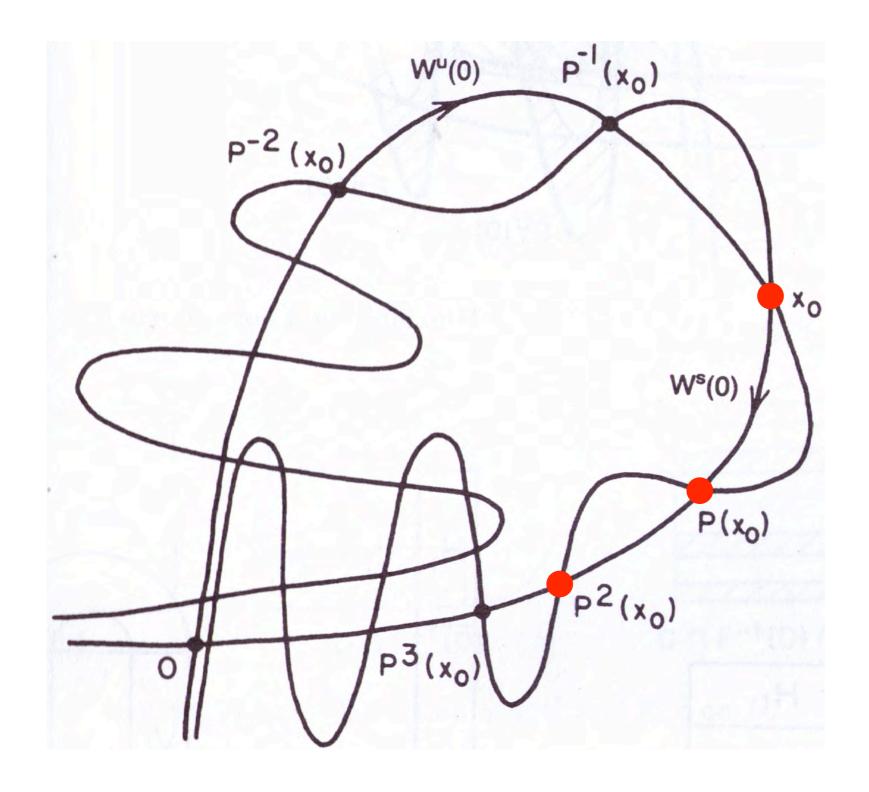




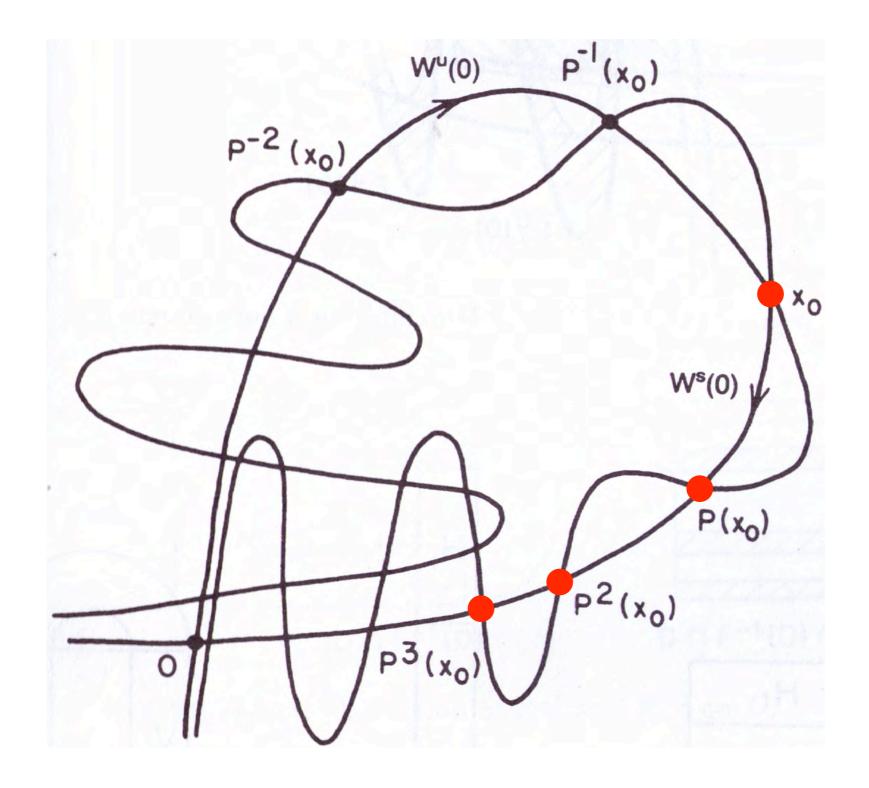




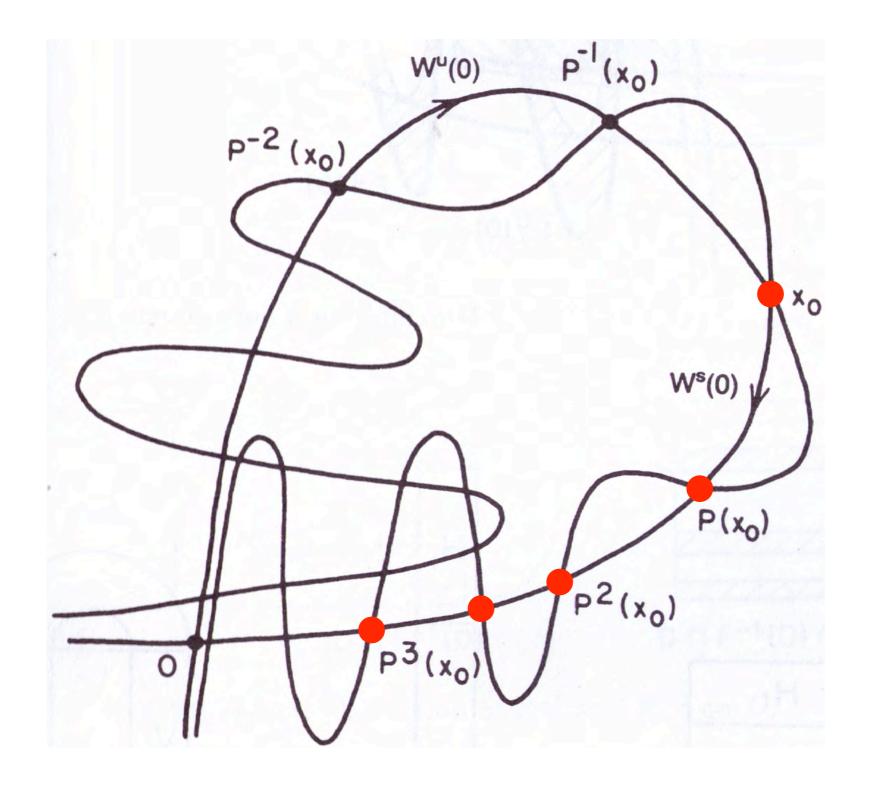






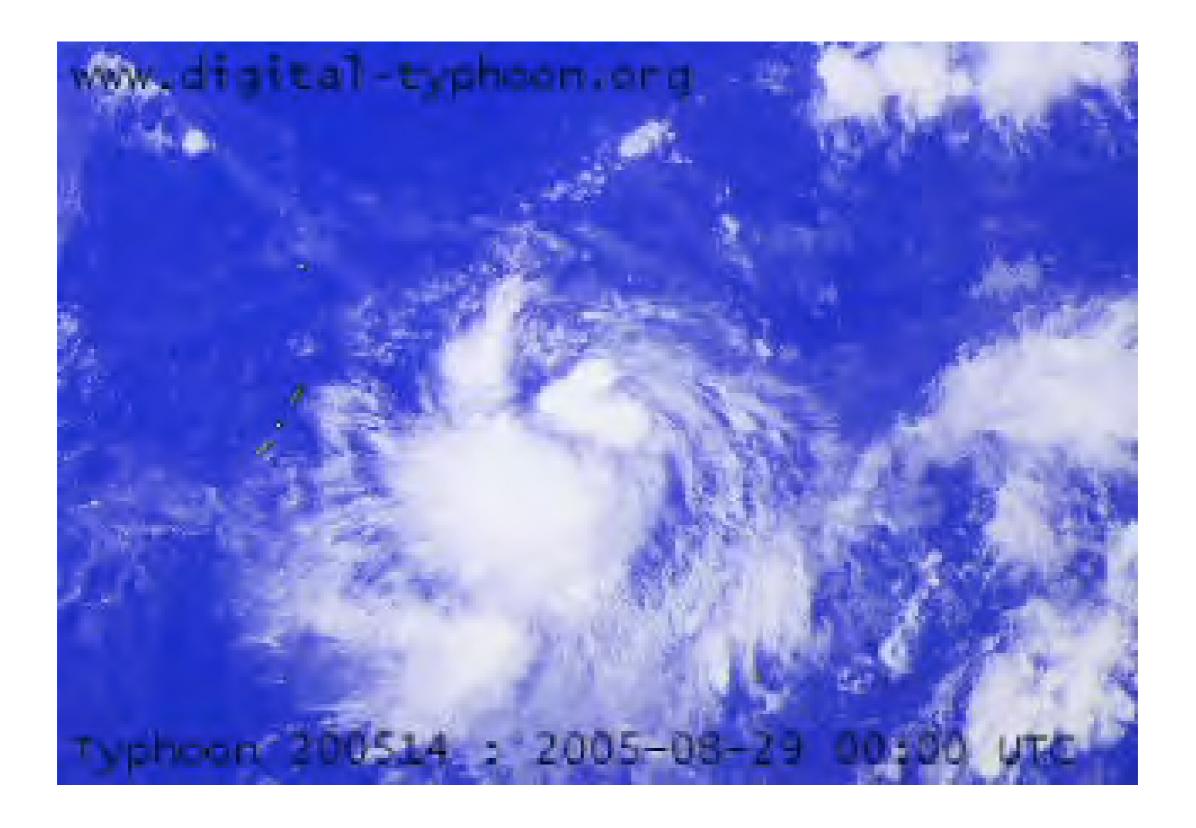








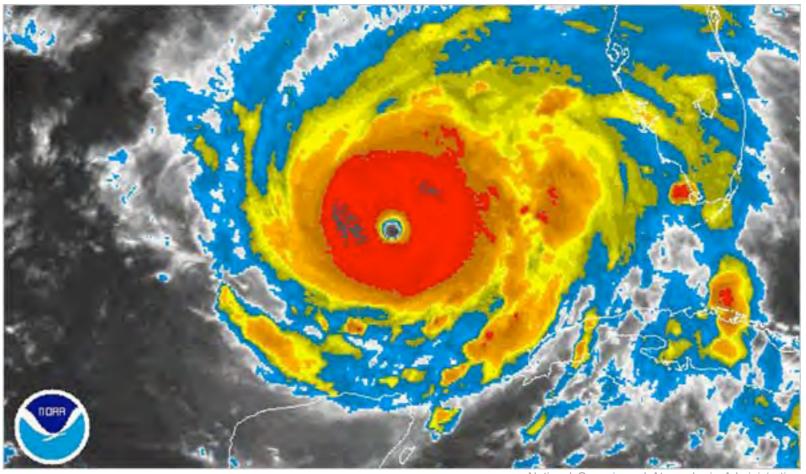
#### Transport in hurricanes





#### The New York Times

#### Will Warming Lead to a Rise in Hurricanes?



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

By CORNELIA DEAN Published: May 29, 2007

When people worry about the effects of <u>global warming</u>, they worry more about <u>hurricanes</u> than anything else. In surveys, almost three-quarters of Americans say there will be more and stronger hurricanes in a warming world. By contrast, fewer than one-quarter worry about increased coastal flooding.





#### Entrainment and Hurricane Intensity

$$V_p^2 = \frac{T_s - T_0}{T_0} \frac{F_{\downarrow} - F_{\uparrow} + F_{\text{entrainment}}}{C_D \rho |\mathbf{V}|}$$

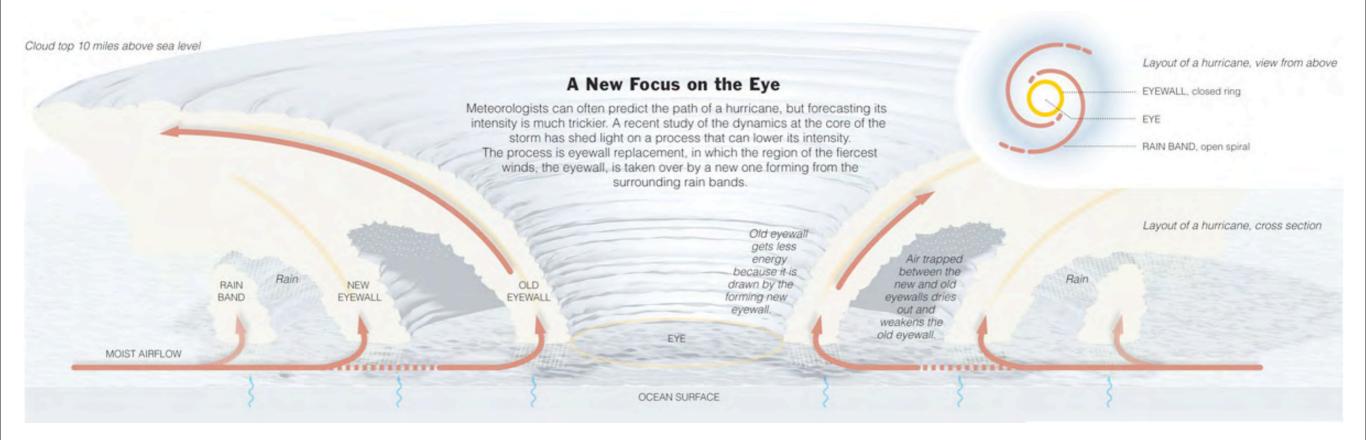
Dr. Kerry Emanuel, MIT, Environmental Factors Affecting Tropical Cyclone Power Dissipation (In Press).



#### Stability of Hurricanes

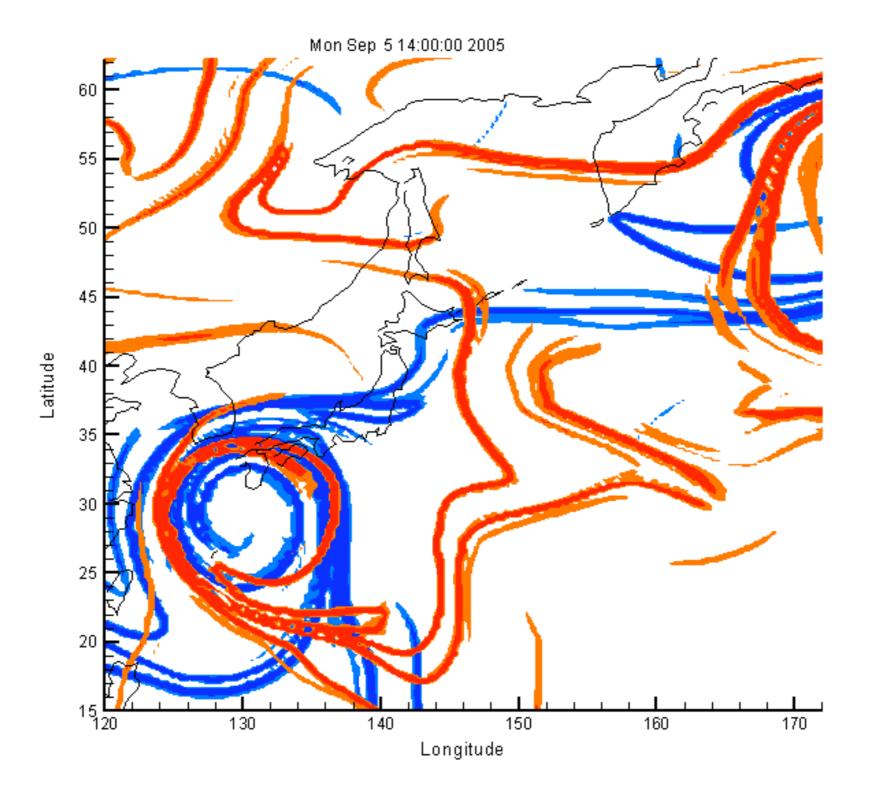
# The New York Times

(29 May 2007)



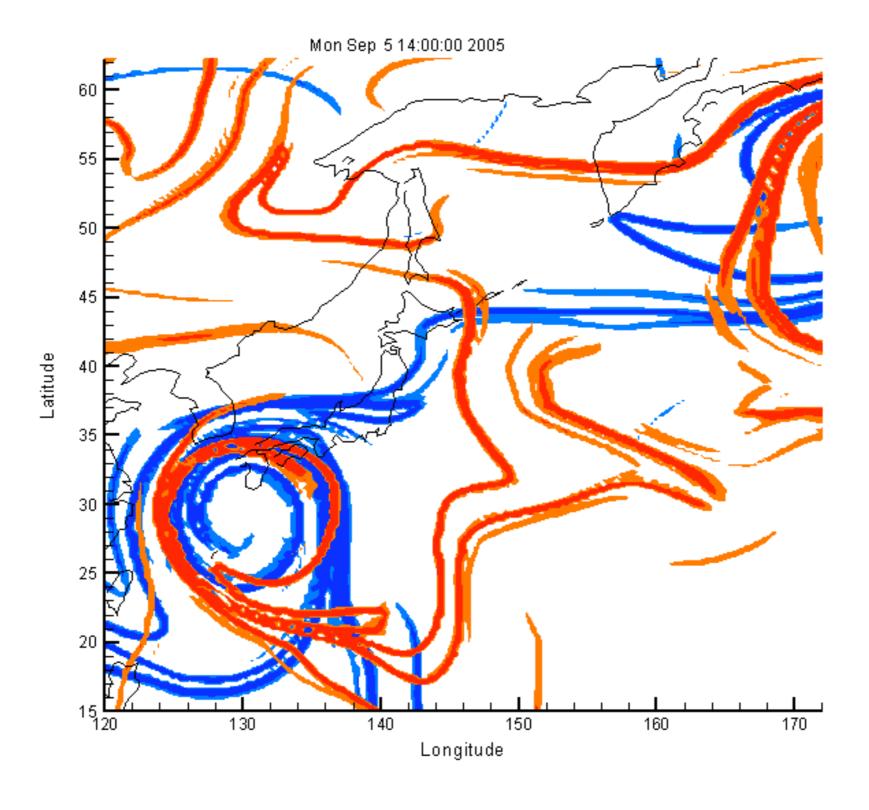


# LCS in typhoon Nabi

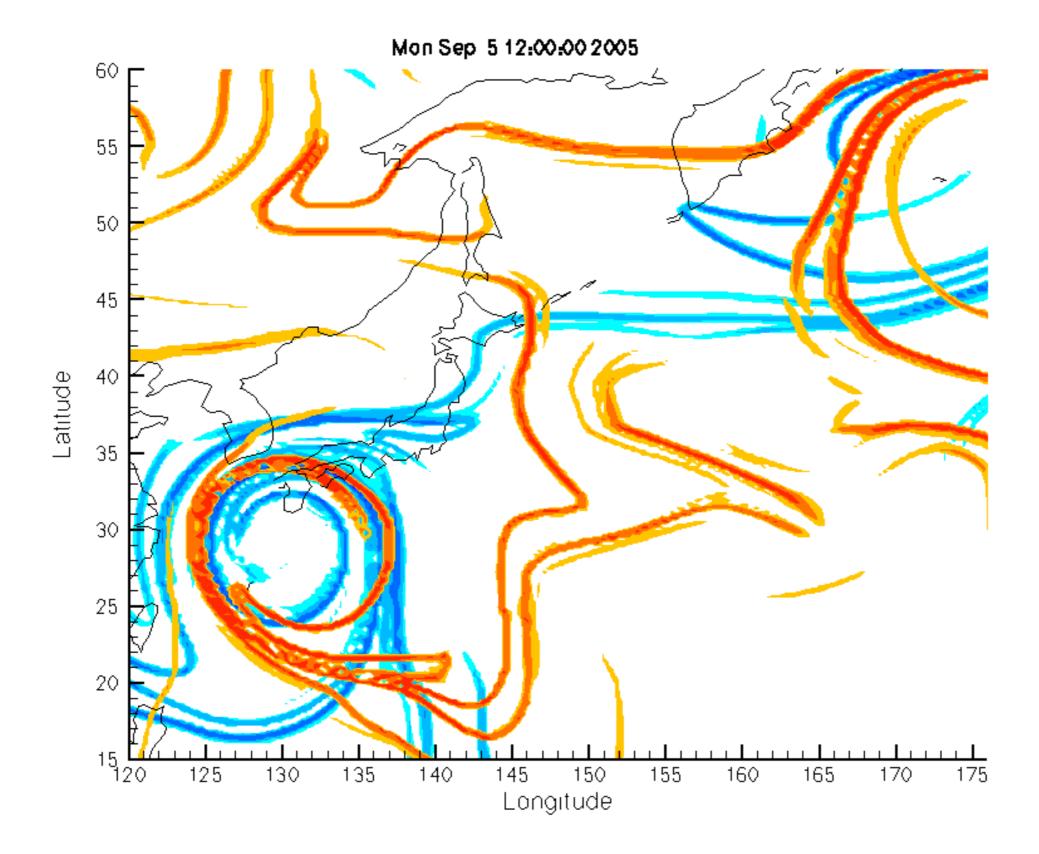




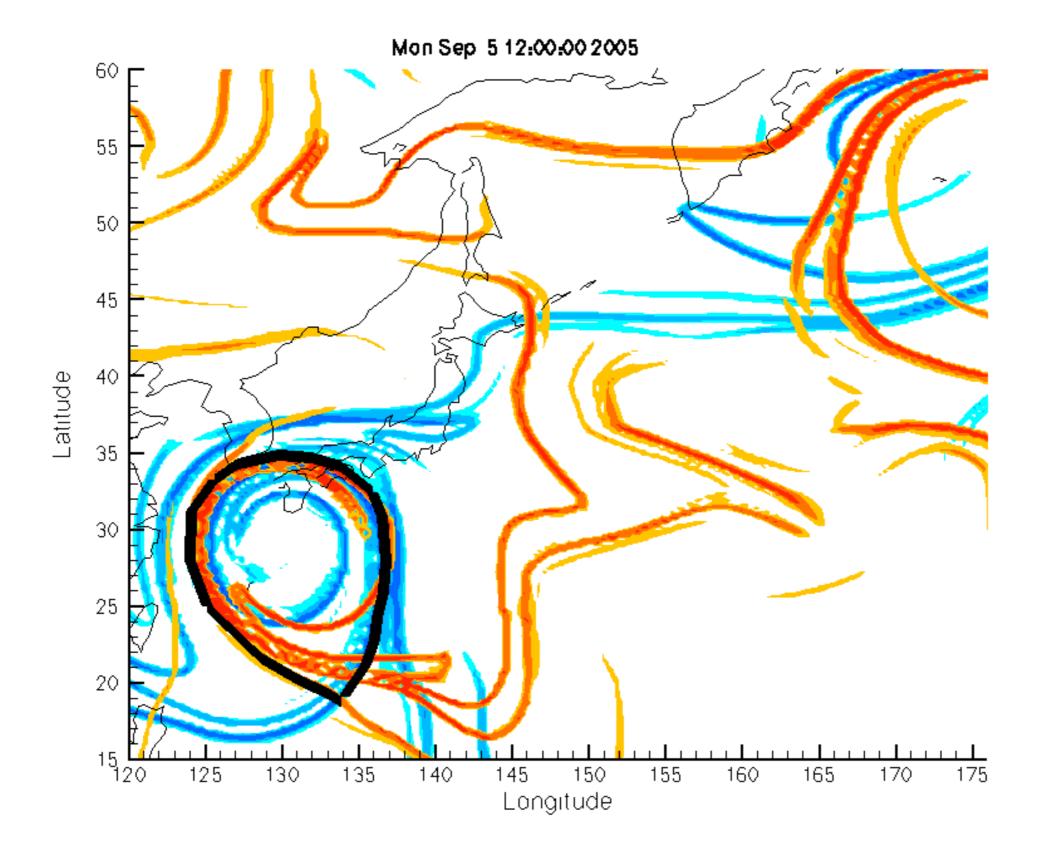
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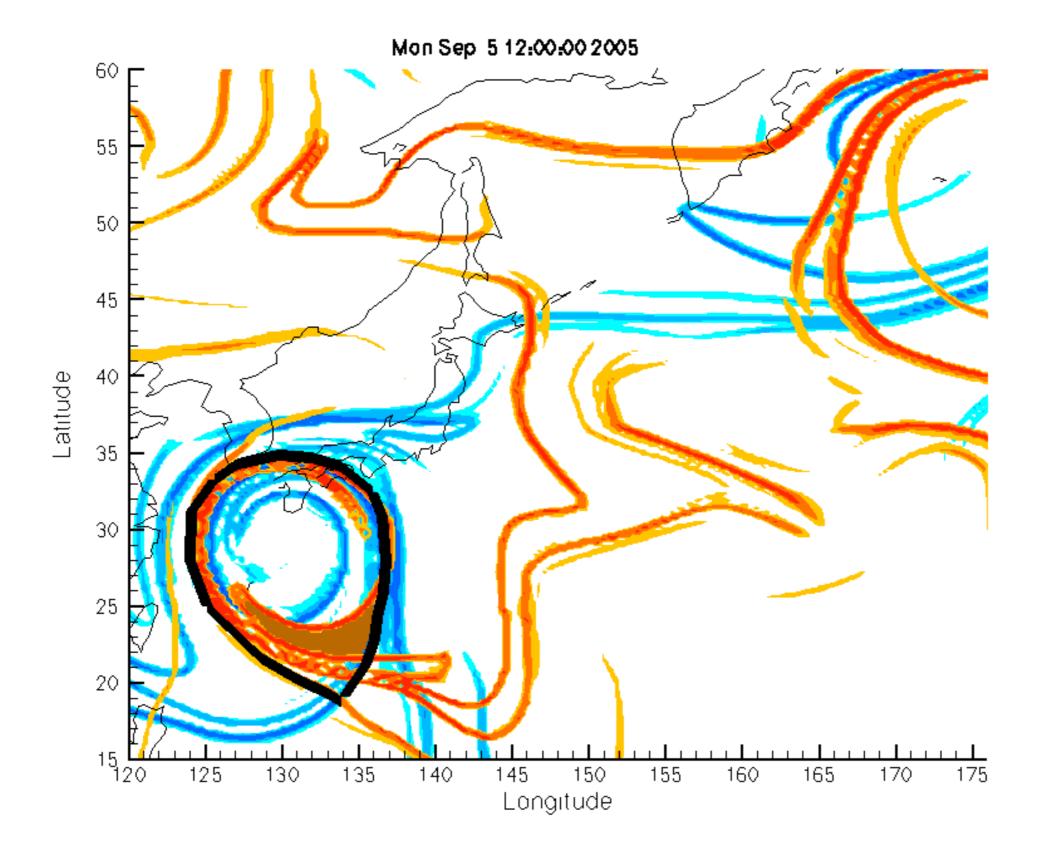




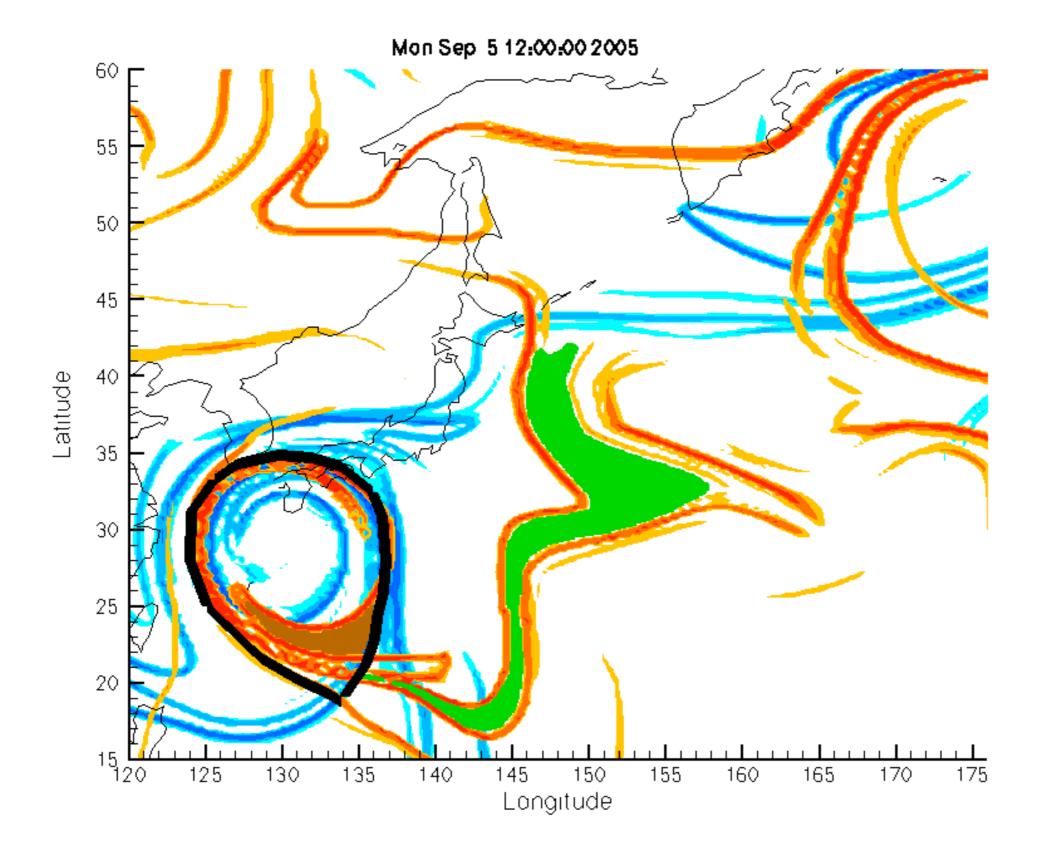




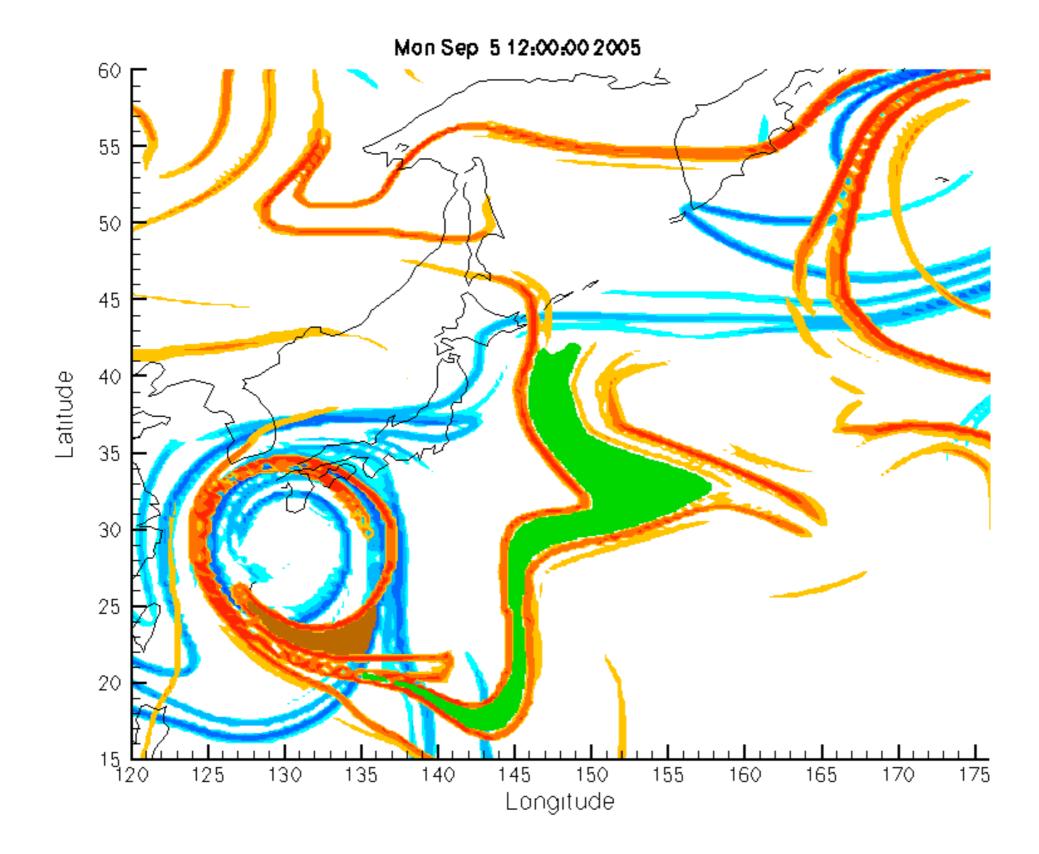




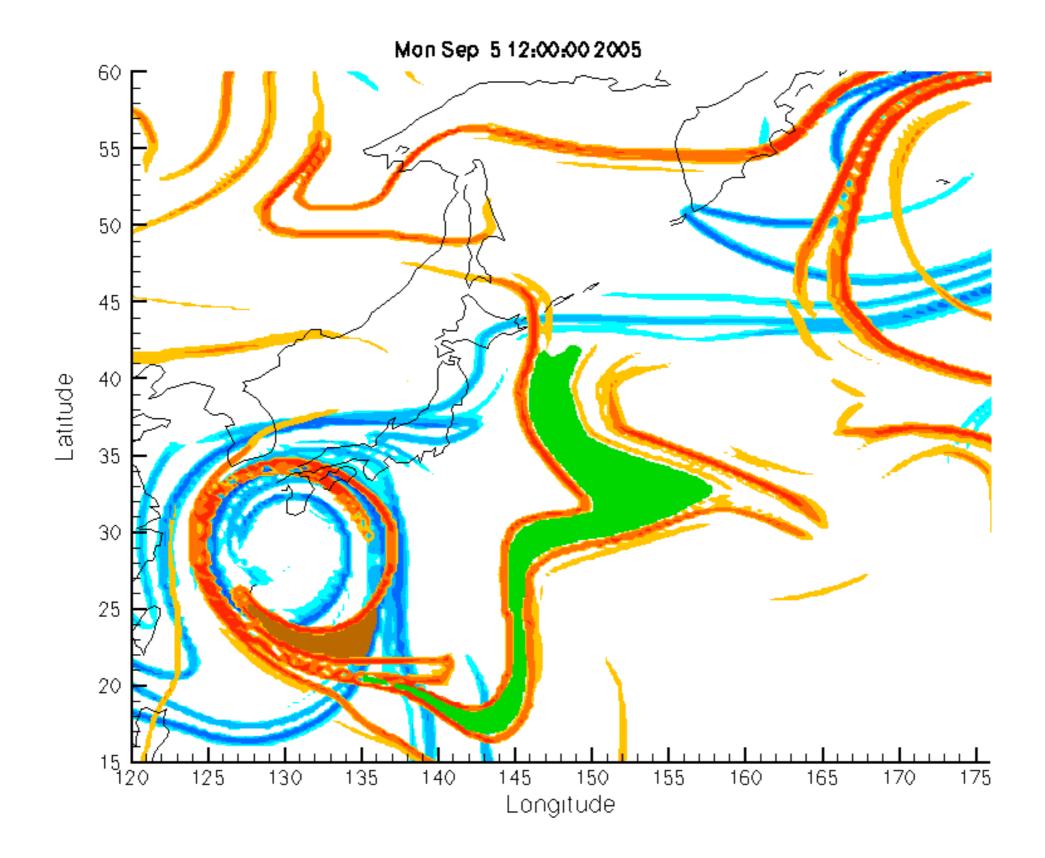










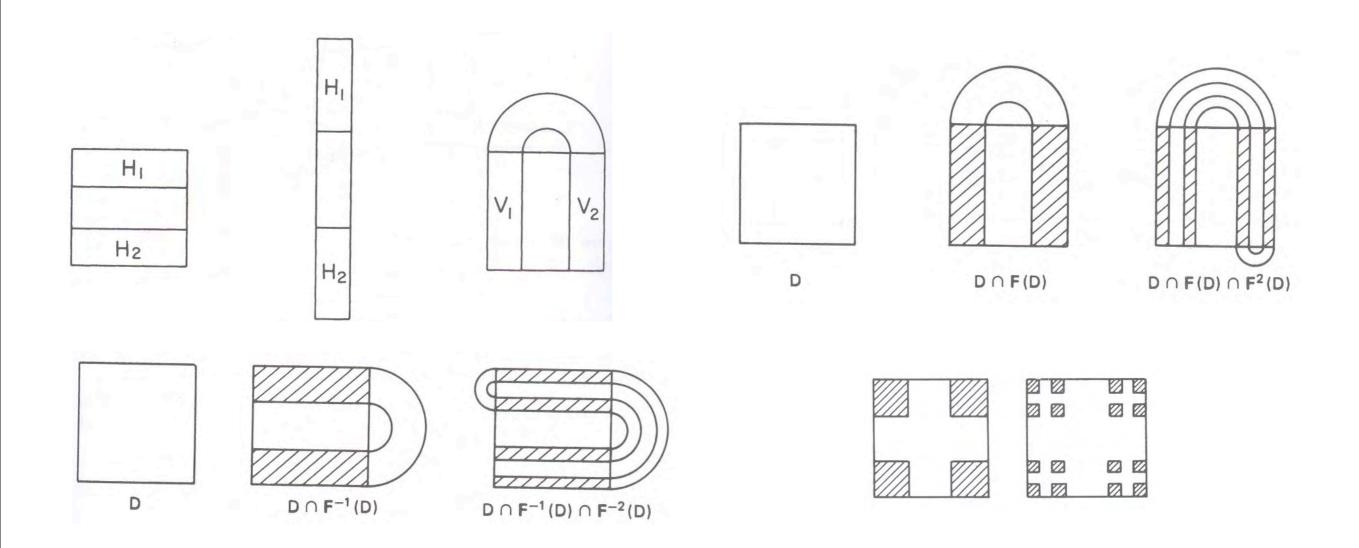




# Smale's Horseshoe Map

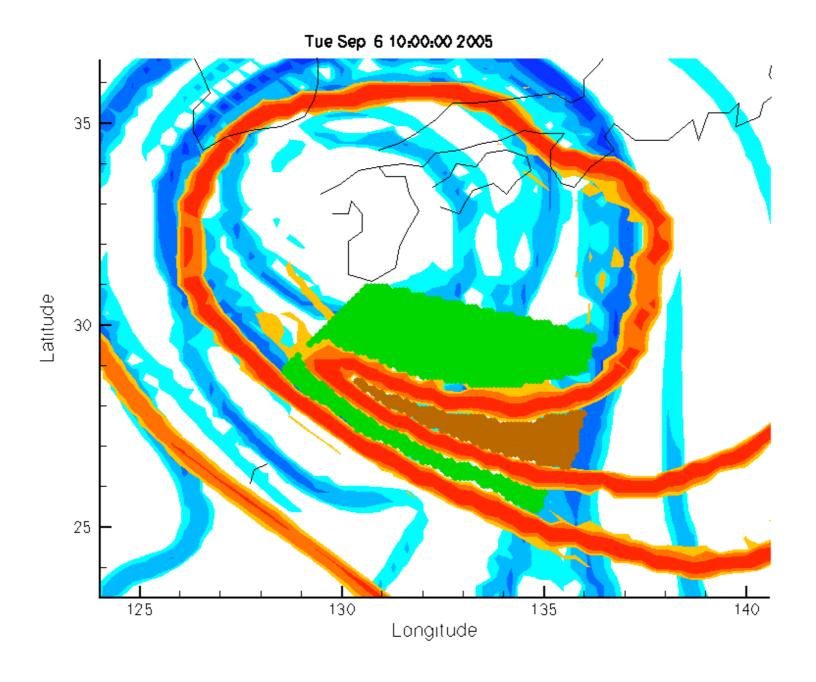


# Smale's Horseshoe Map



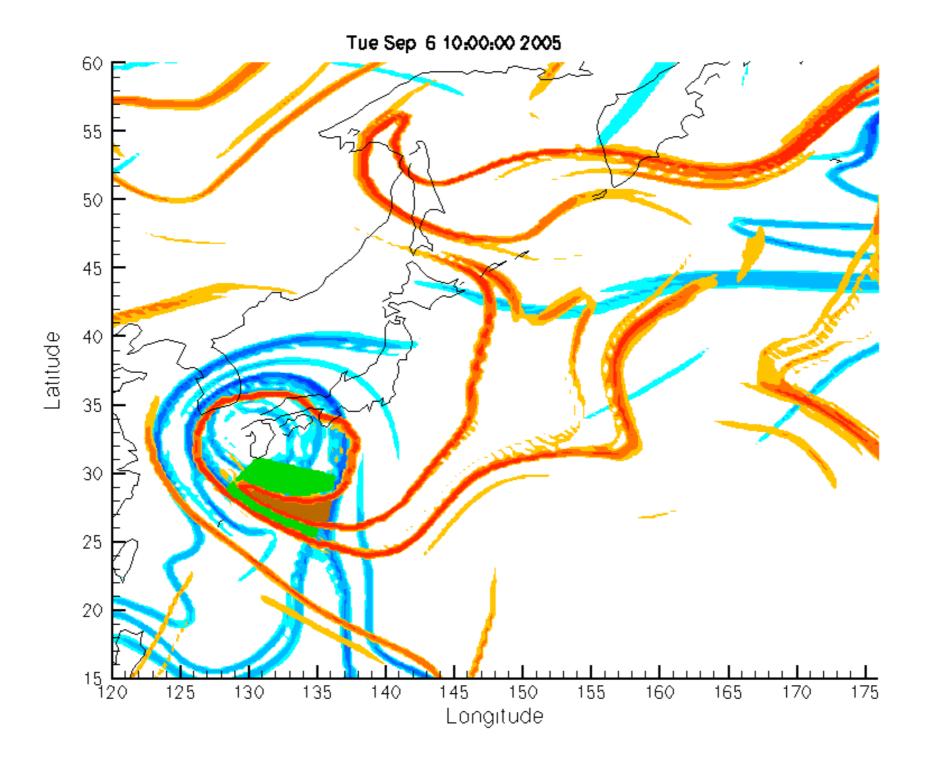


#### Horshoes in Typhoon Banyan



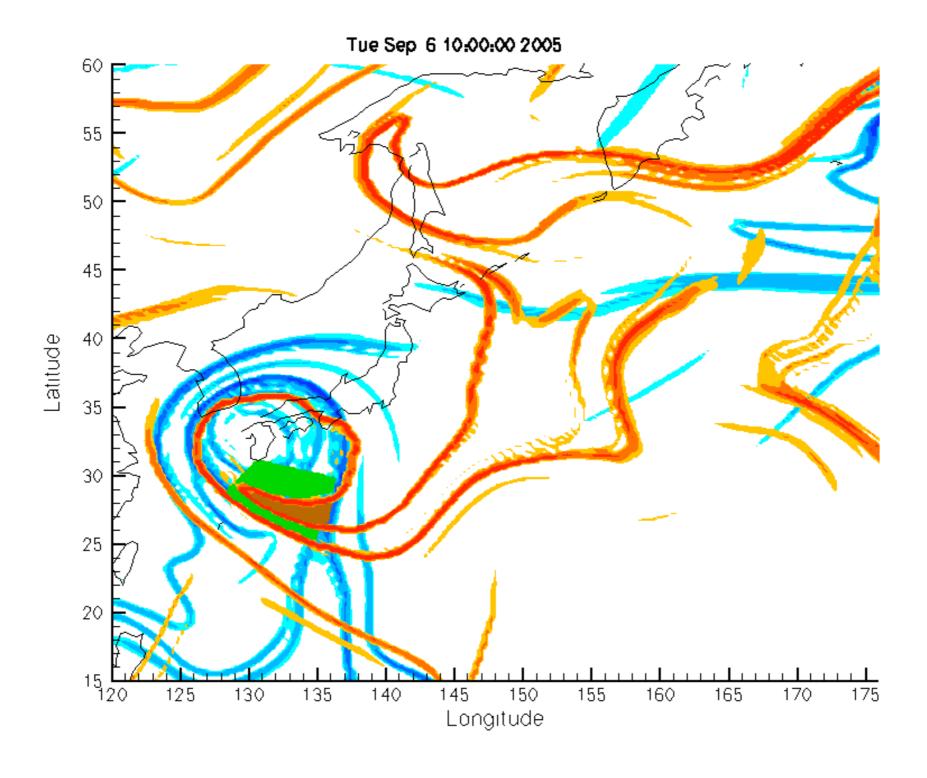


#### Horshoes in Typhoon Banyan



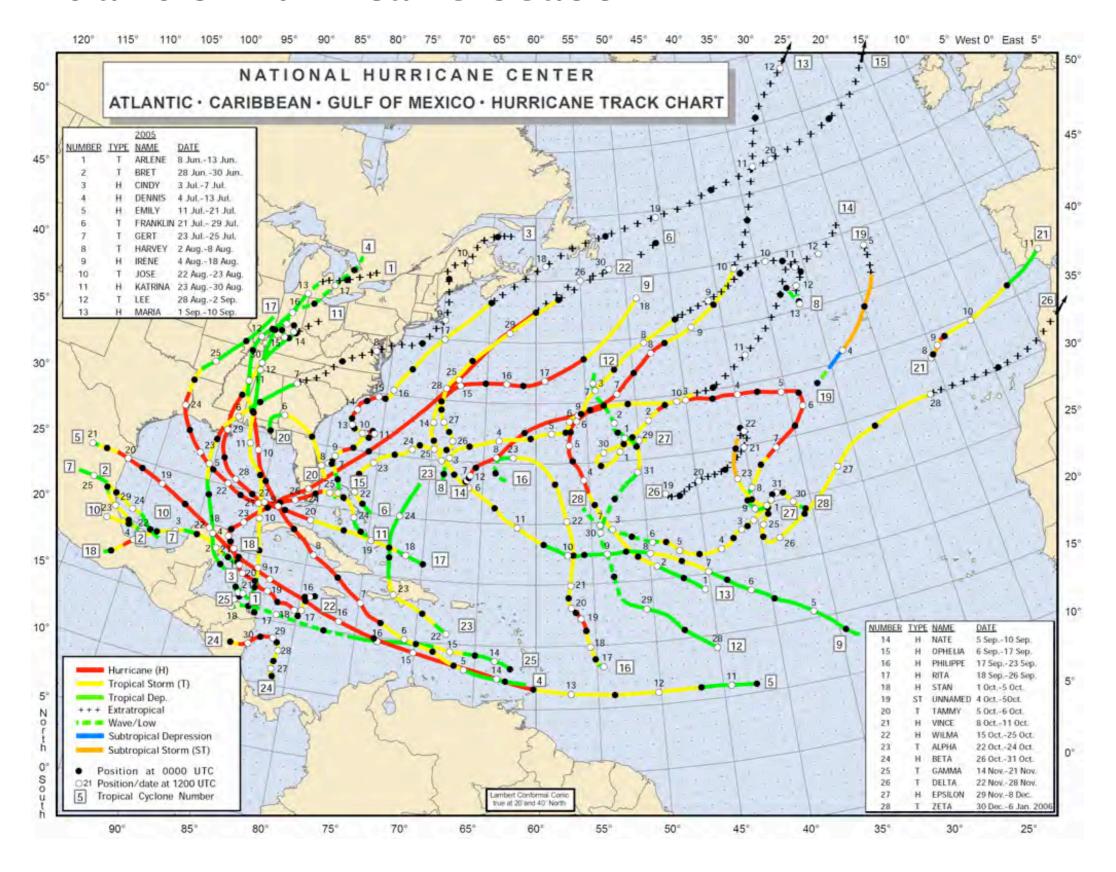


# Horshoes in Typhoon Banyan





#### 2005 Atlantic Hurricane season

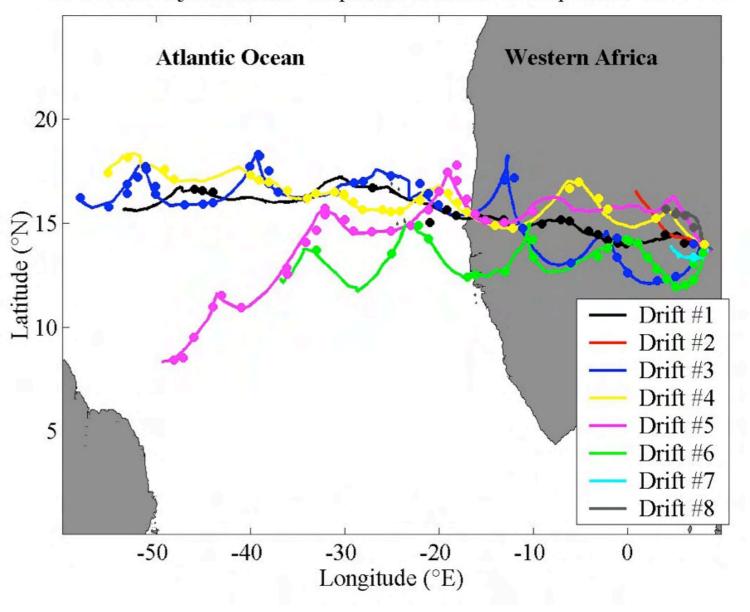




### Tracking Easterly waves

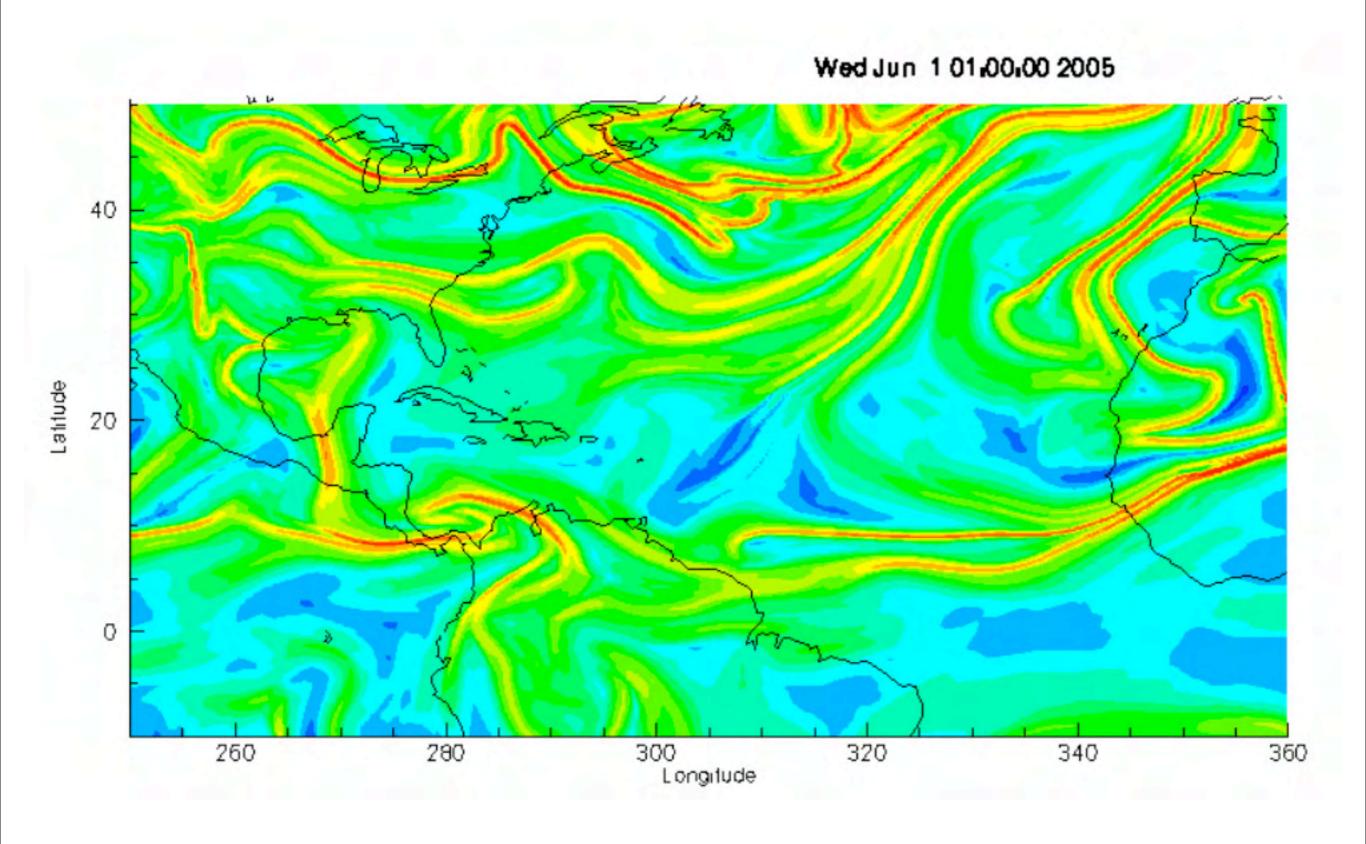


Driftsonde trajectories and dropsonde locations on September 16<sup>th</sup> 2006



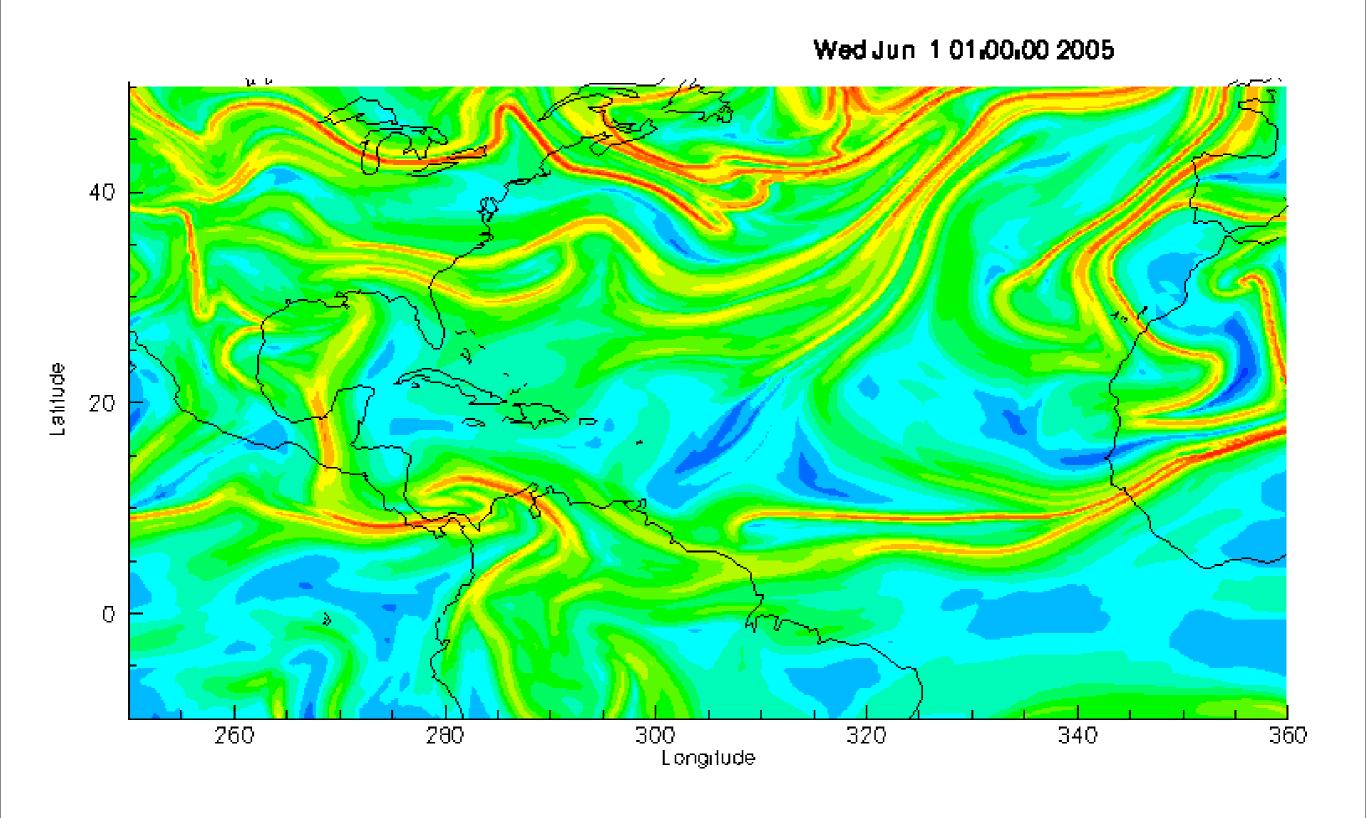


### 2005 Atlantic Hurricane Season





### 2005 Atlantic Hurricane Season















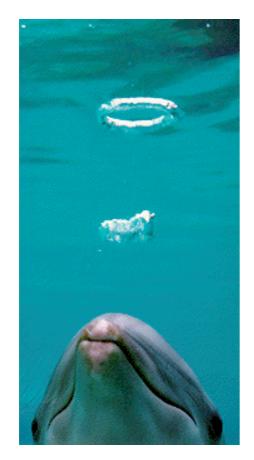












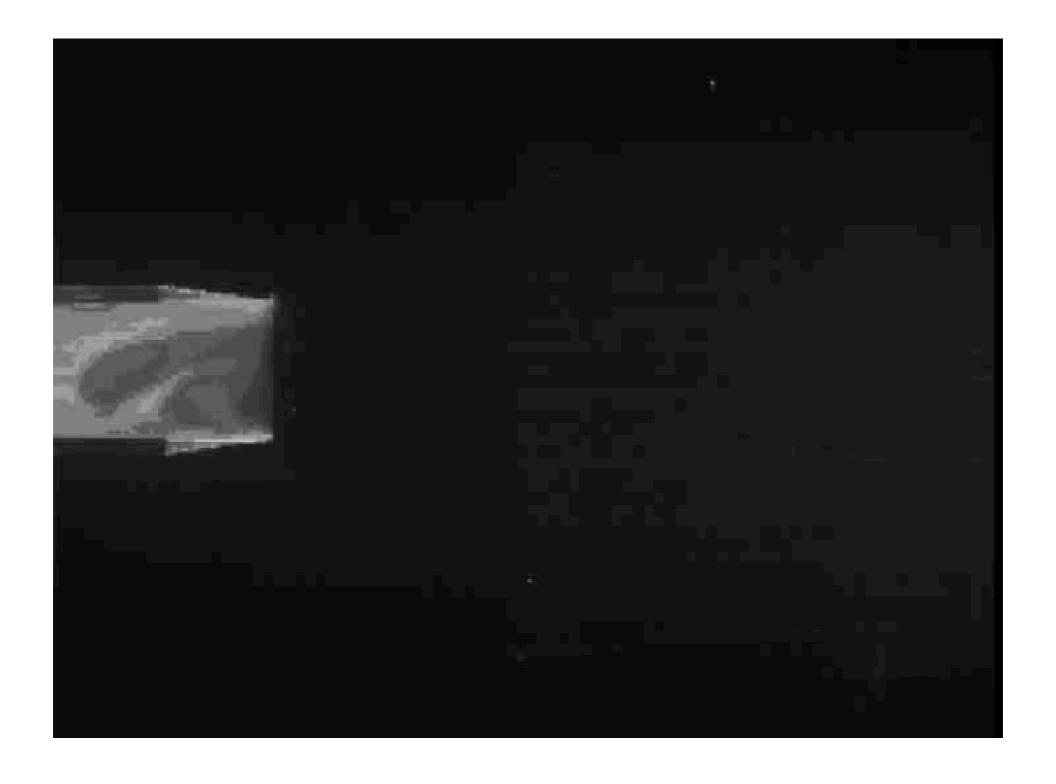






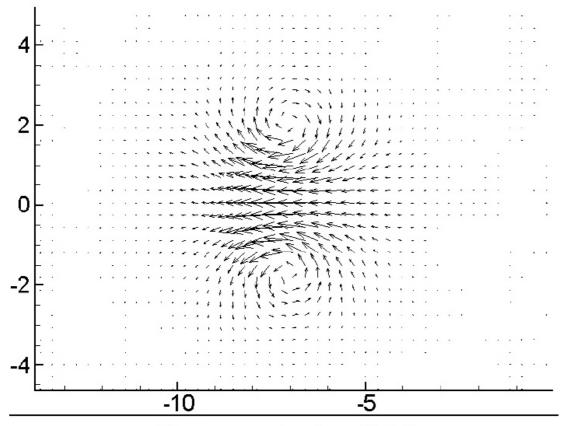


# Vortex rings in the laboratory





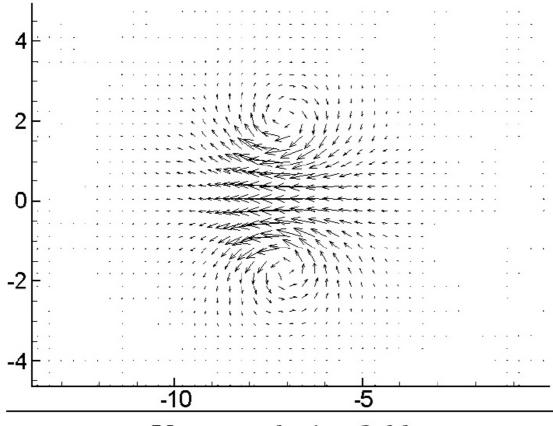
# LCS for the vortex ring



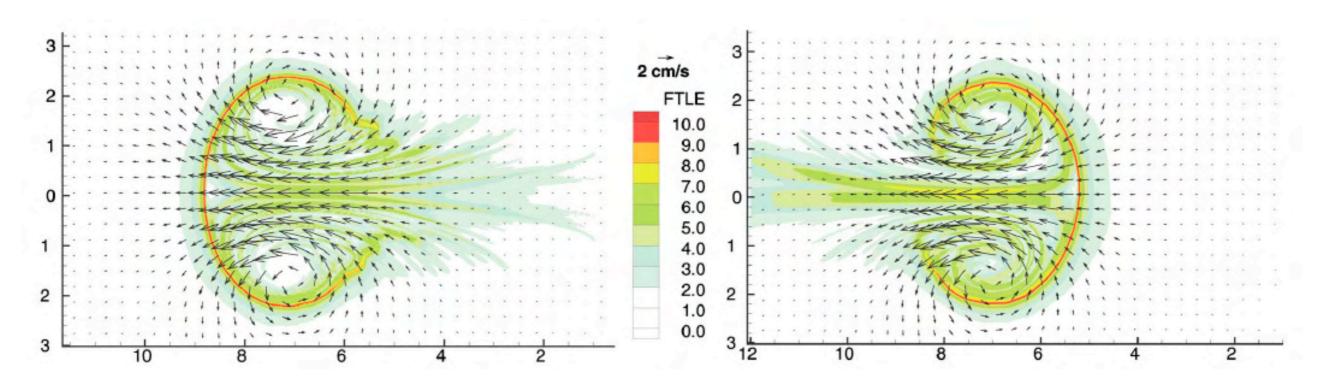
Vortex velocity field



# LCS for the vortex ring

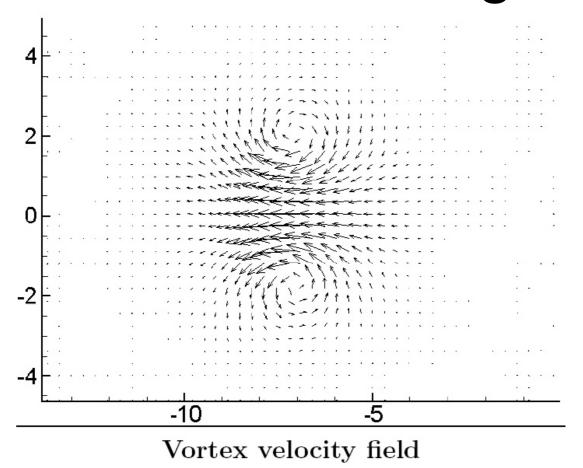


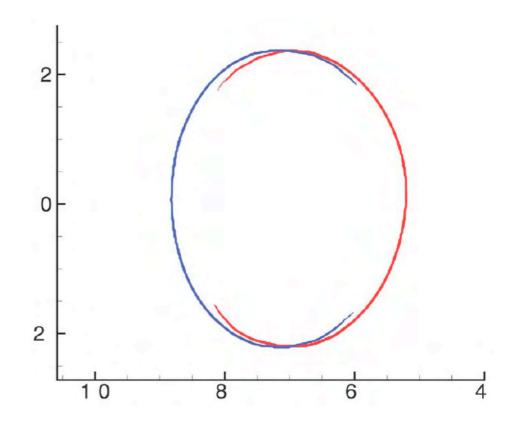
Vortex velocity field

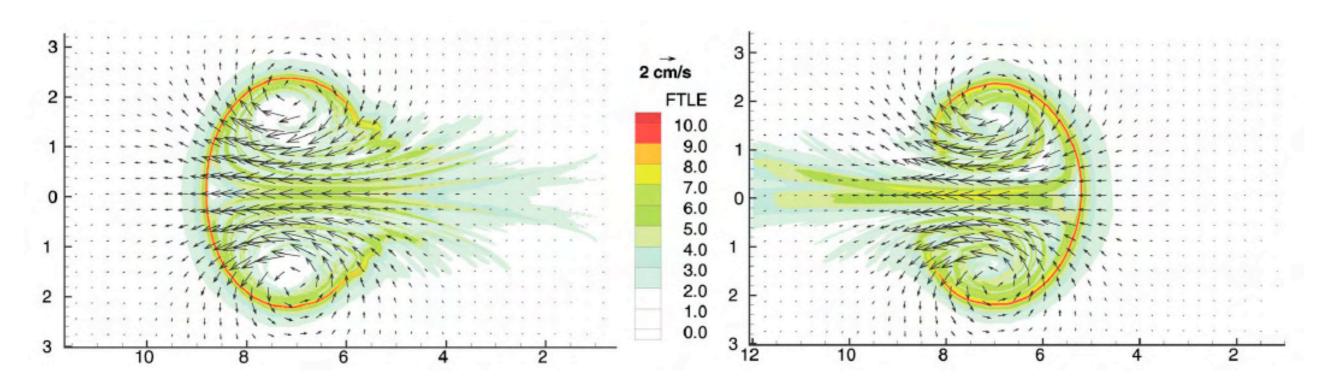




# LCS for the vortex ring





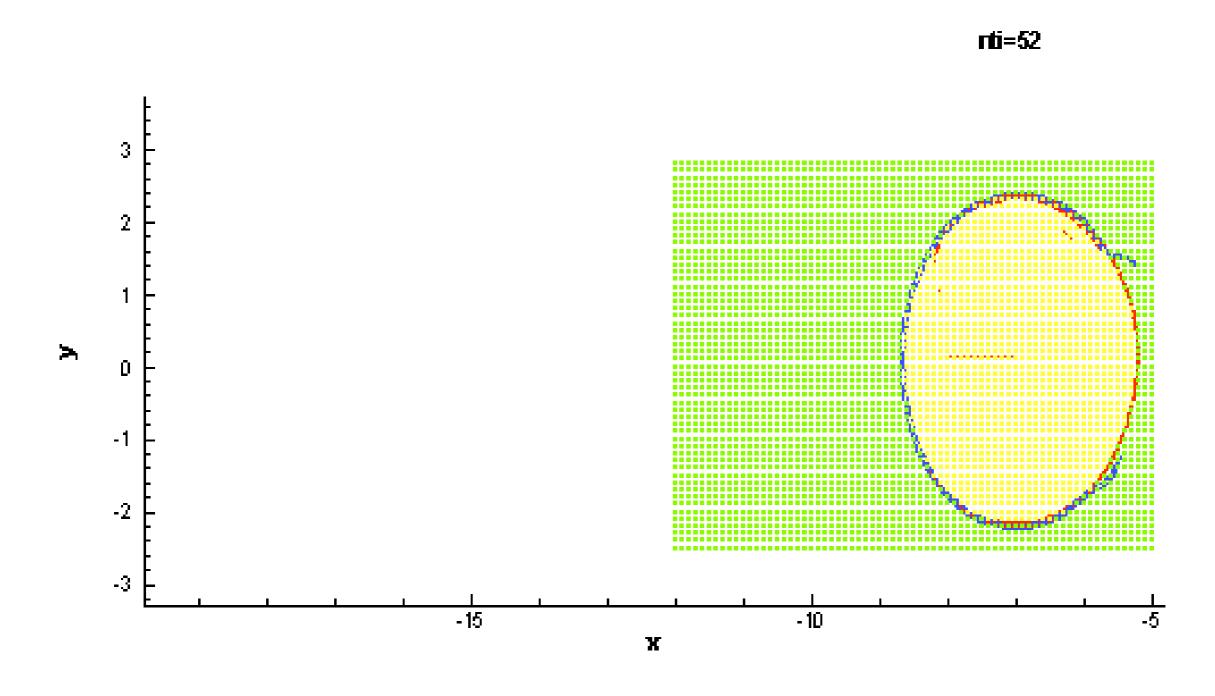




### LCS and vortex boundaries

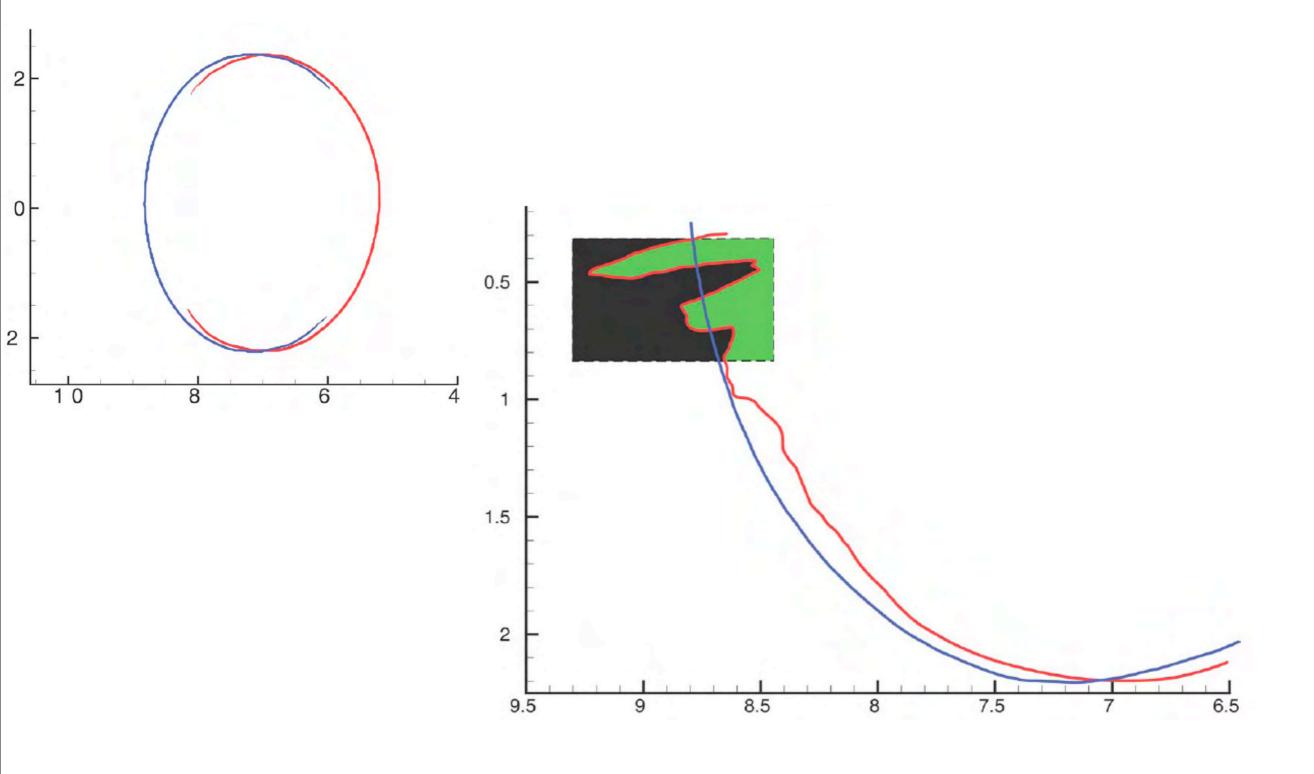


#### LCS and vortex boundaries



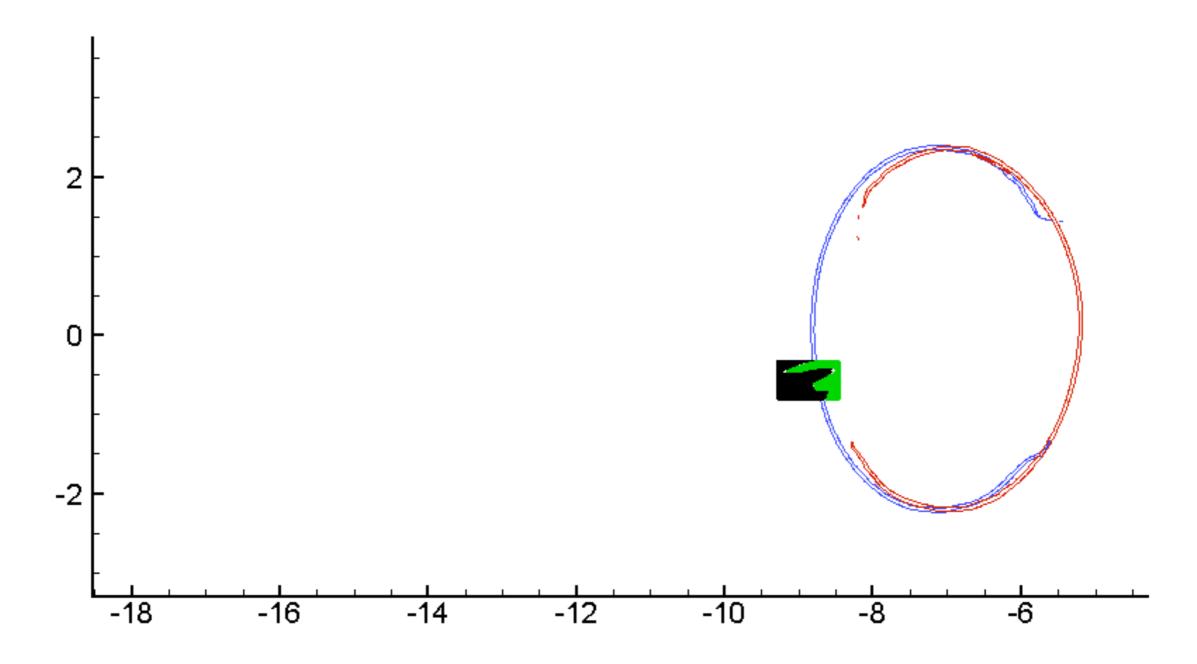


# Lobes in the vortex ring





### Vortex





# Jellyfish

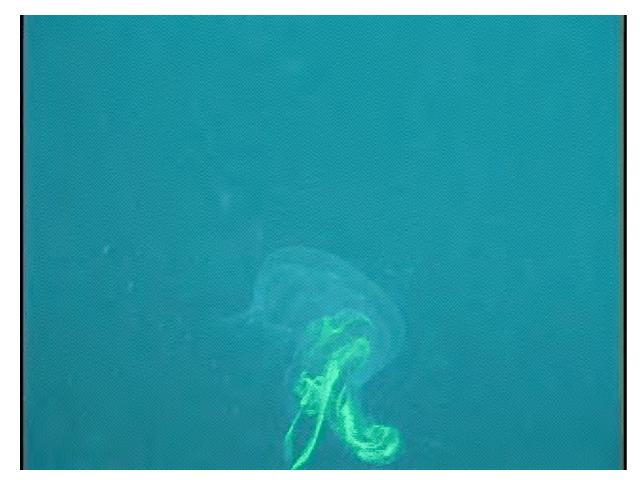


# Jellyfish





# Jellyfish

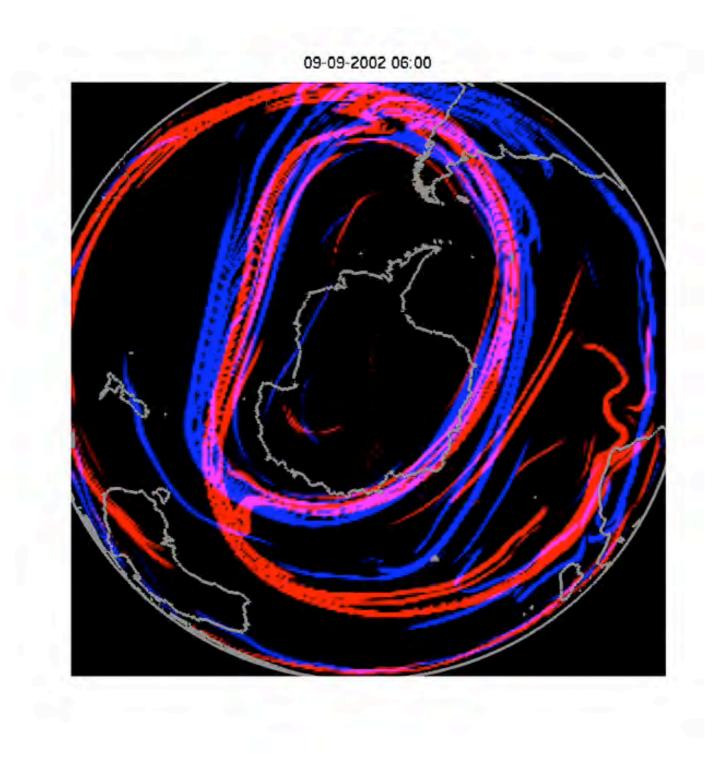








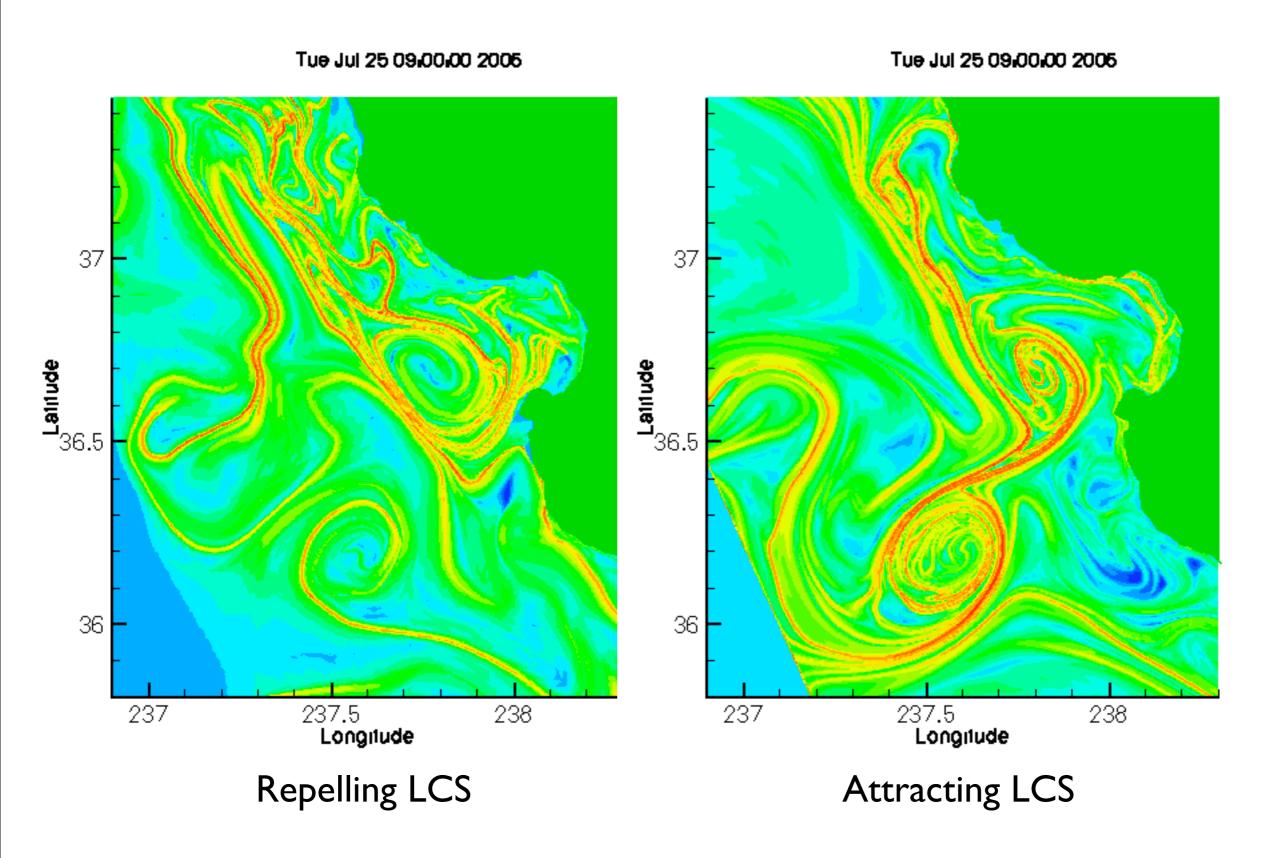
# LCS for ozone hole break up



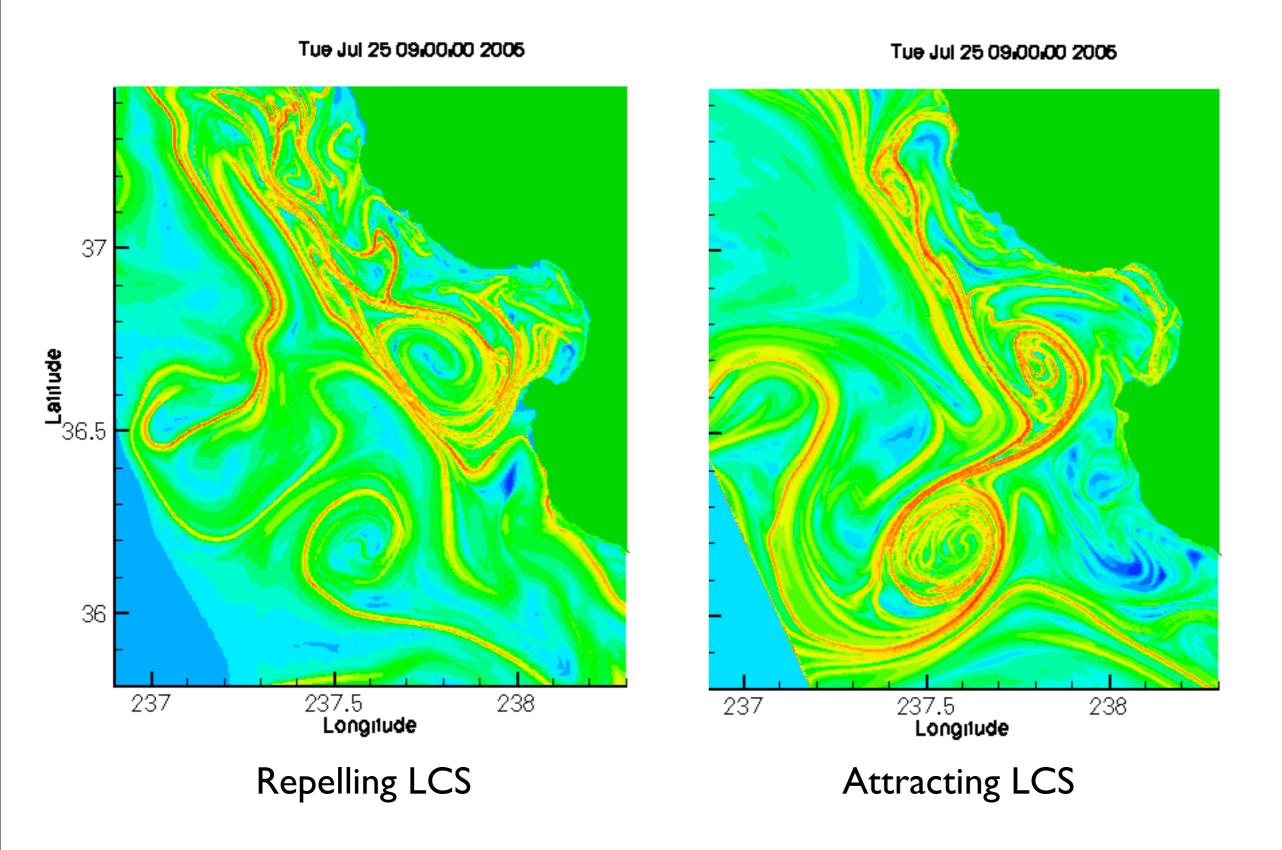


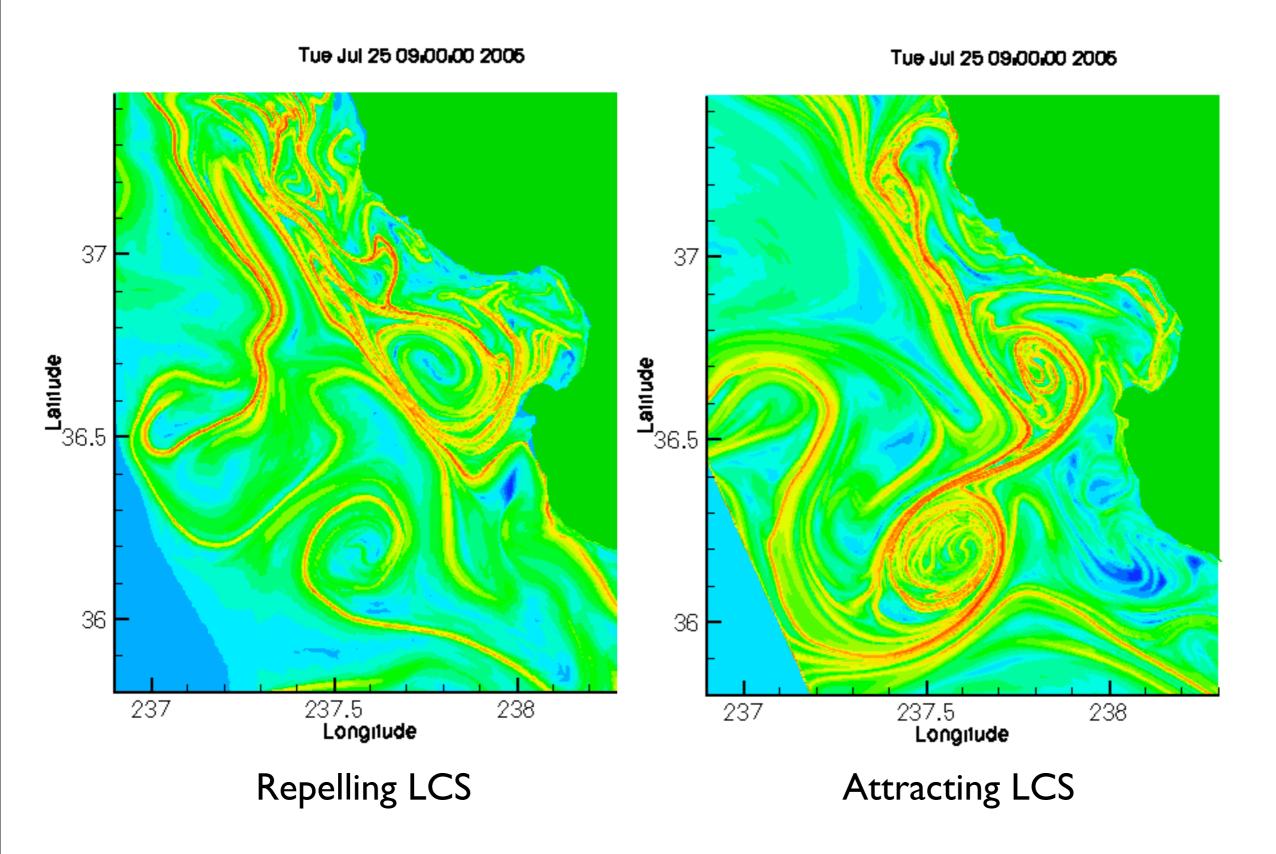










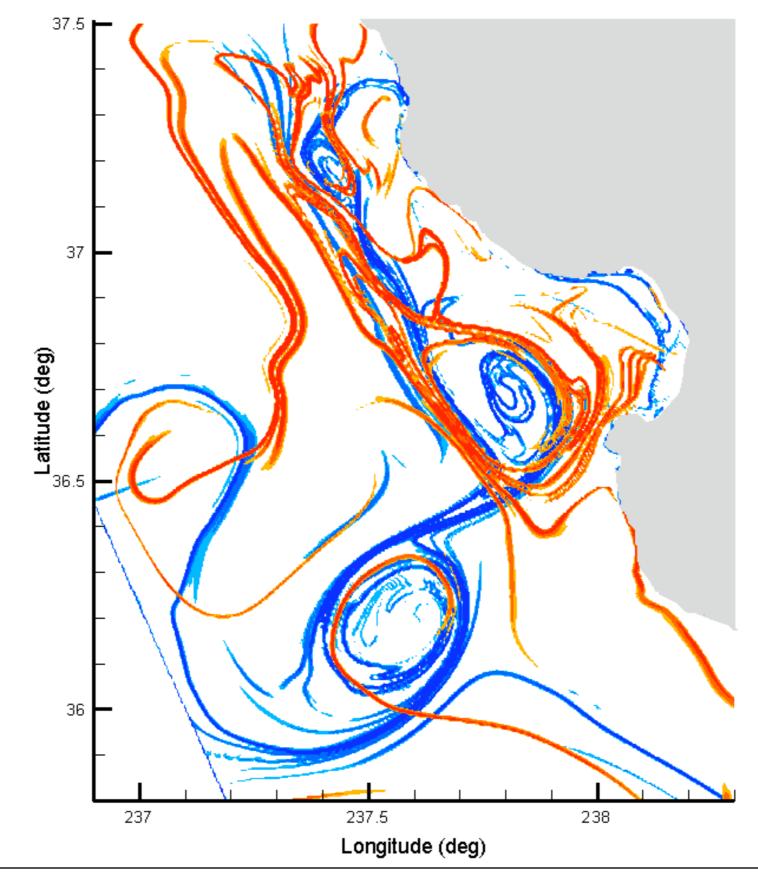




# Mixing in Monterey Bay

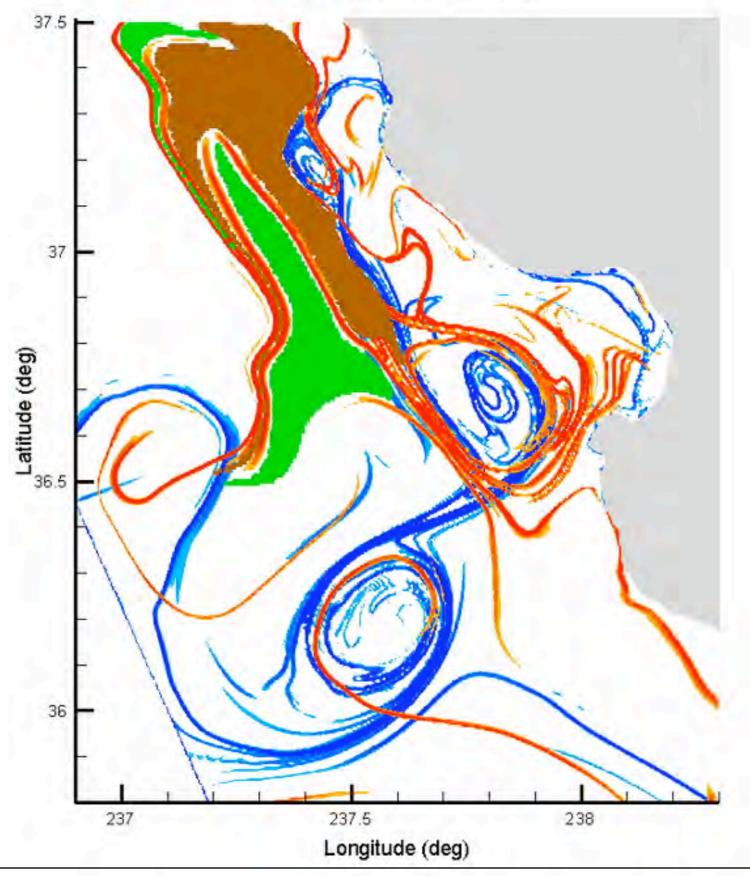


Mixing in Monterey Bay Tue Jul 25 09:00:00 2006 GMT



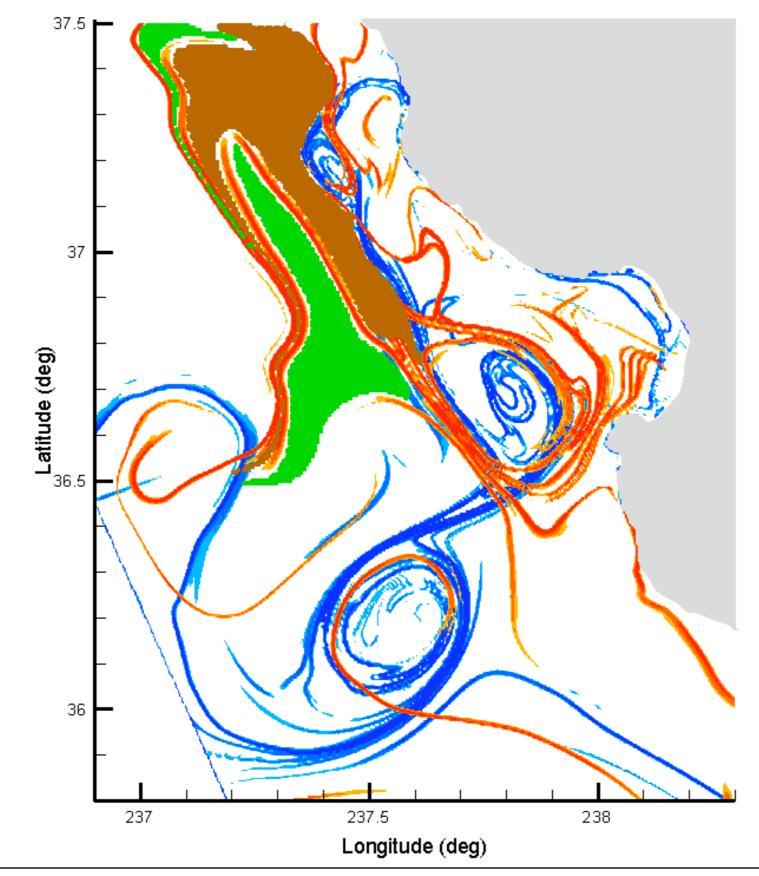


Mixing in Monterey Bay





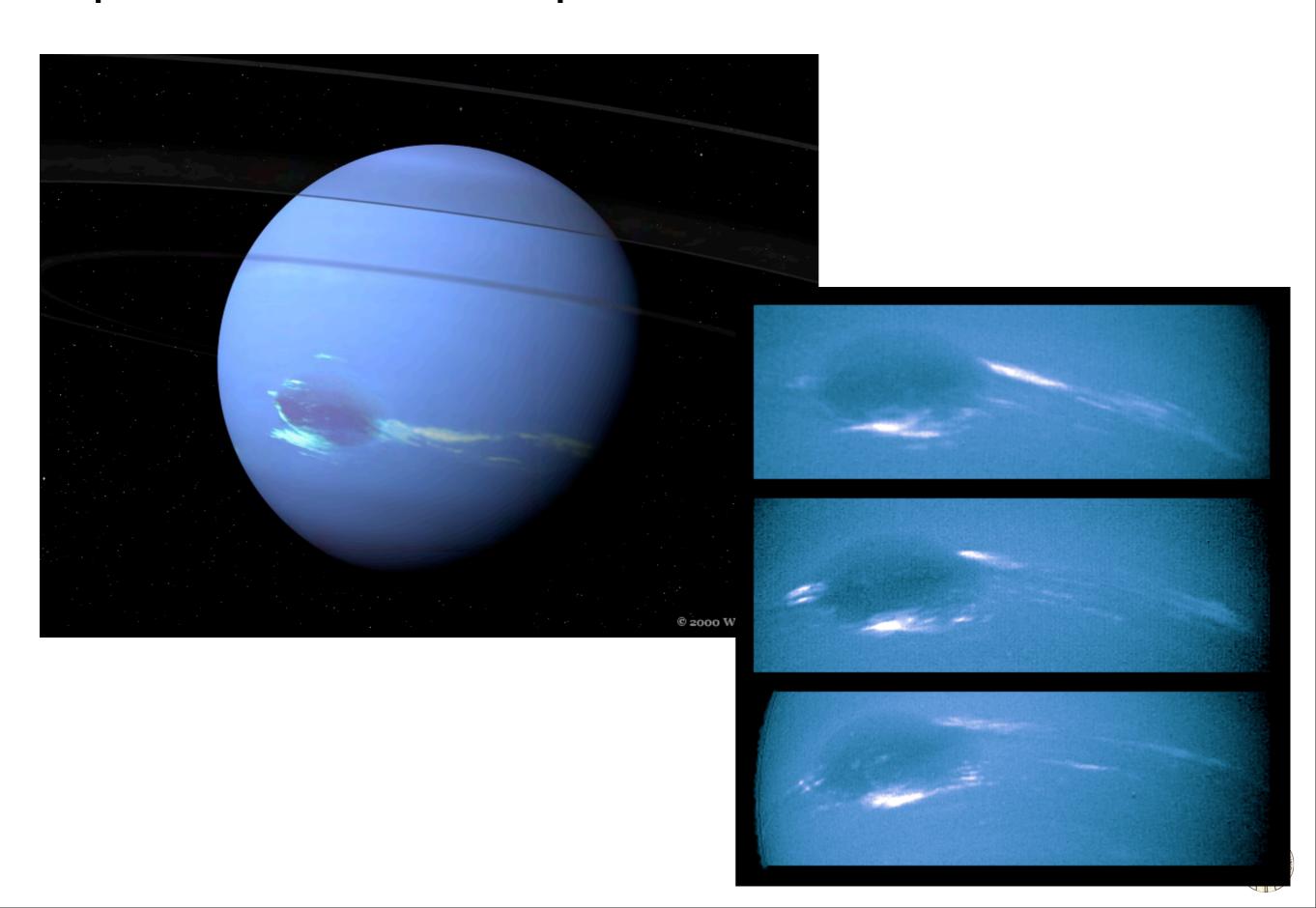
Mixing in Monterey Bay Tue Jul 25 09:00:00 2006 GMT





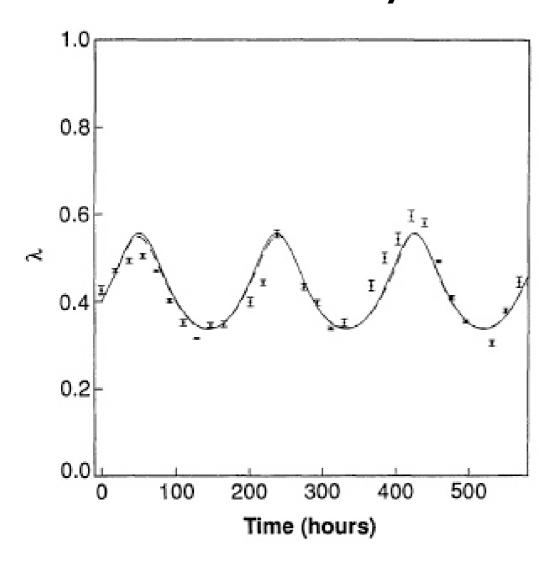
California Institute of Technology

# Neptune's Great Dark Spot

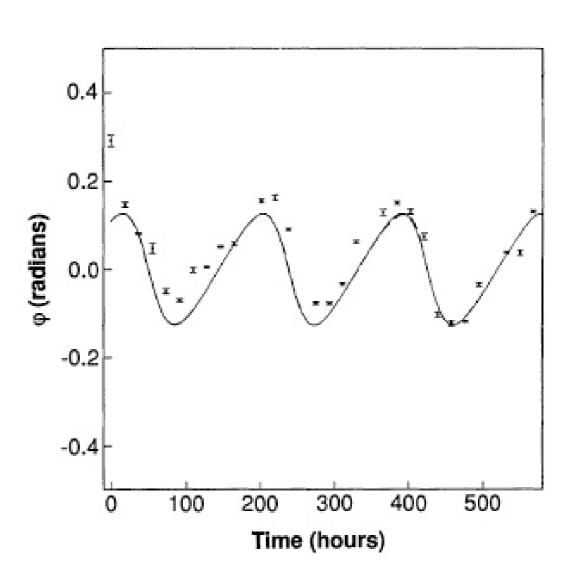


### Modelling the Dark spot

### **Eccentricity**

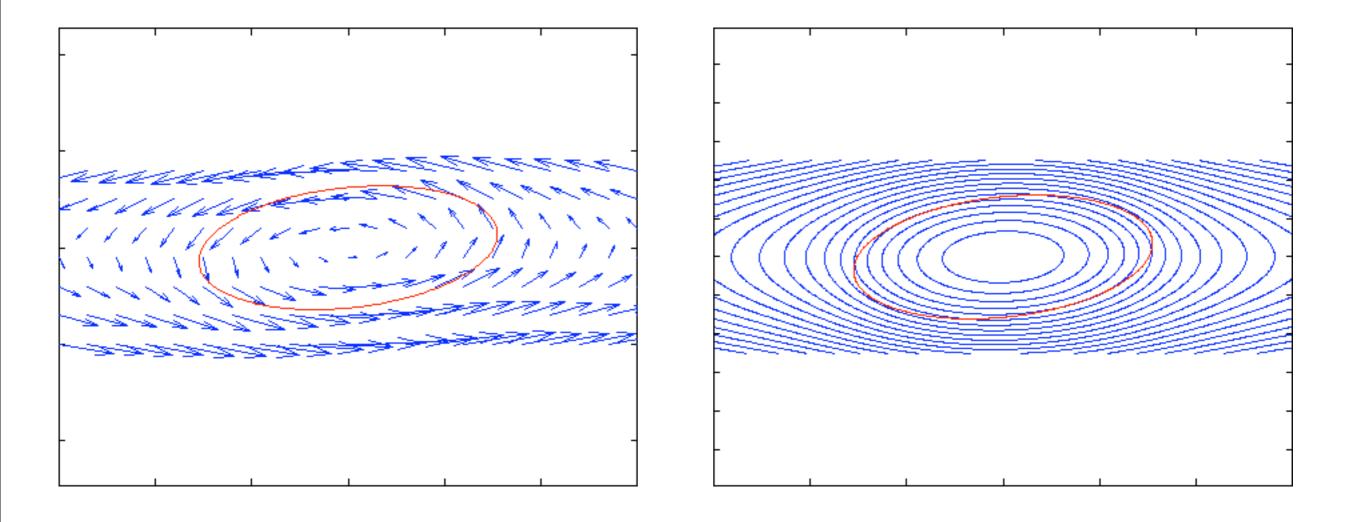


#### Orientation





### Kida vortex velocities





#### On the Displacements of the Particles and Their Paths in Some Cases of Two-Dimensional Motion of a Frictionless Liquid



W. B. Morton

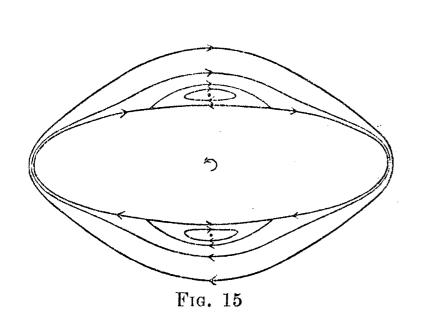
Proceedings of the Royal Society of London. Series A, Containing Papers of a Mathematical and Physical Character, Vol. 89, No. 608. (Aug. 19, 1913), pp. 106-124.

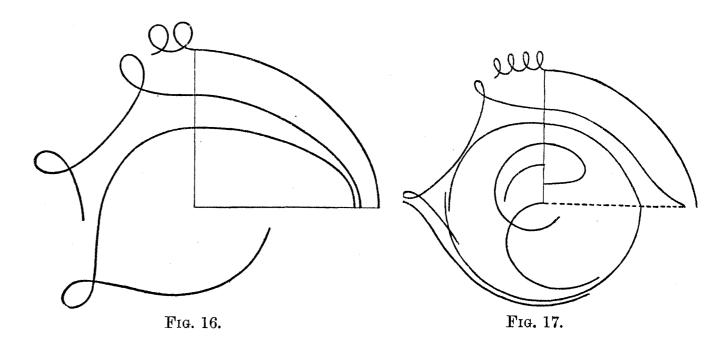
#### Stable URL:

http://links.jstor.org/sici?sici=0950-1207%2819130819%2989%3A608%3C106%3AOTDOTP%3E2.0.CO%3B2-M

Proceedings of the Royal Society of London. Series A, Containing Papers of a Mathematical and Physical Character is currently published by The Royal Society.

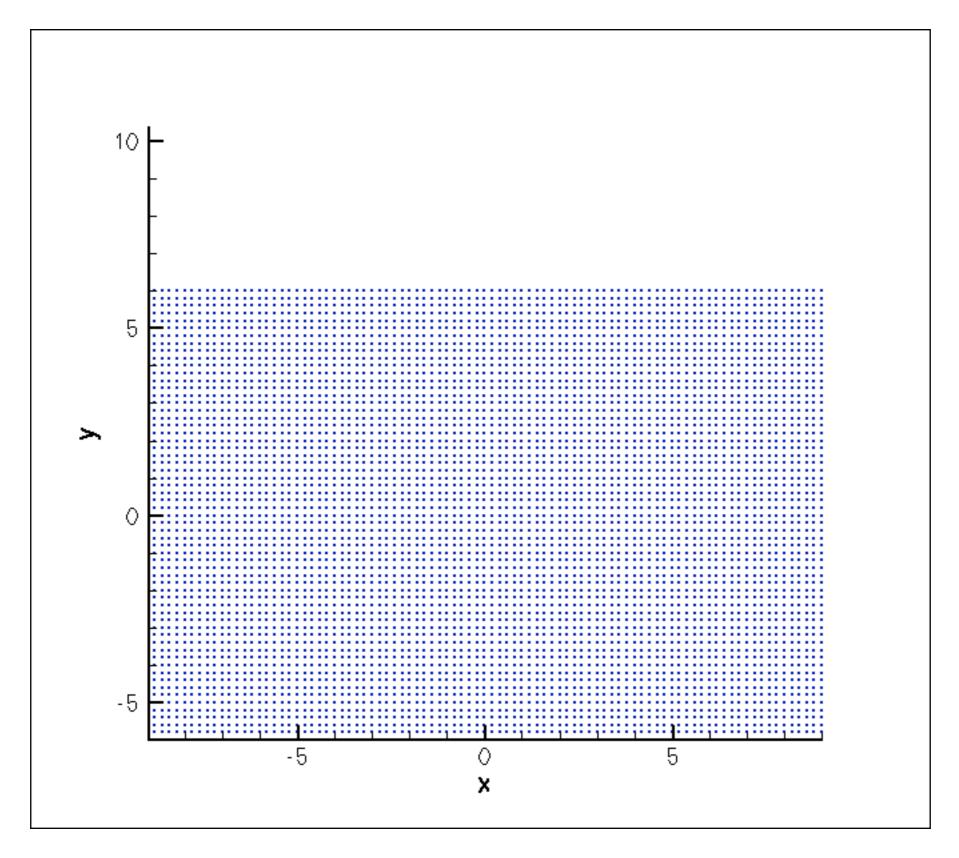
In the present paper I have integrated the equations of motion and plotted curves for the paths of particles in the well-known simple cases of two-dimensional motion, viz., for liquid contained in a rotating elliptic cylinder and in a rotating equilateral triangular prism, and for liquid extending to infinity and disturbed by the translation or rotation of an elliptic cylinder.





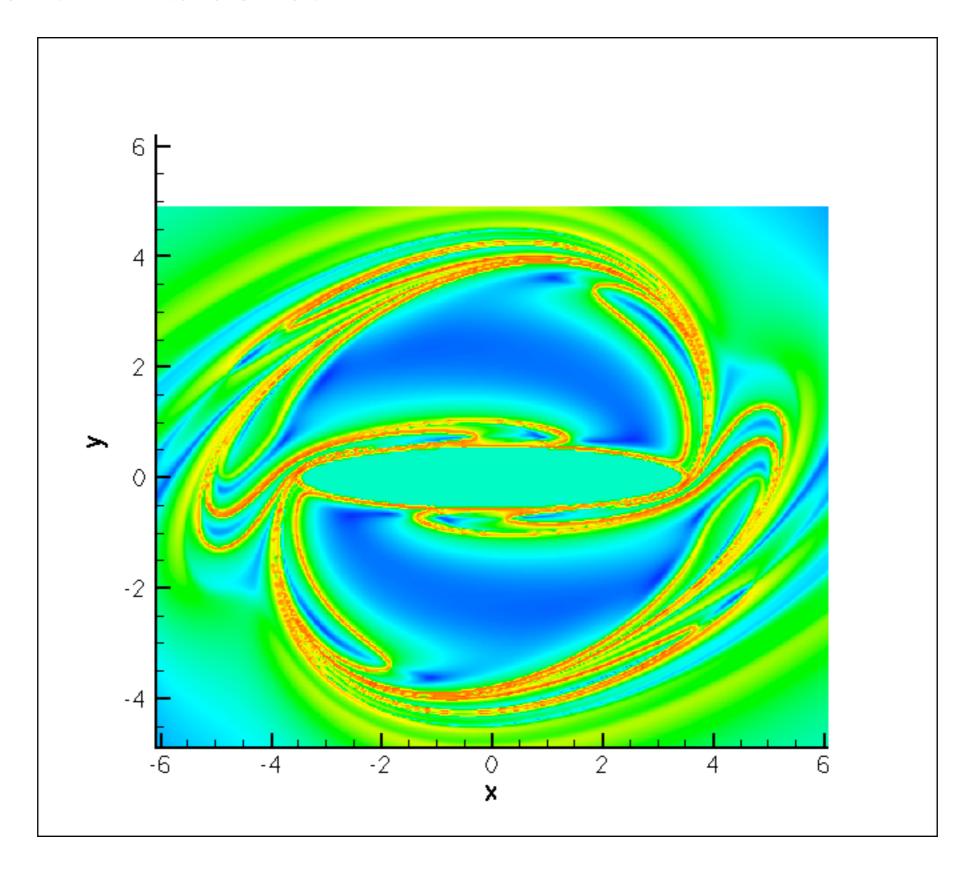


### Trajectories in the Kida vortex



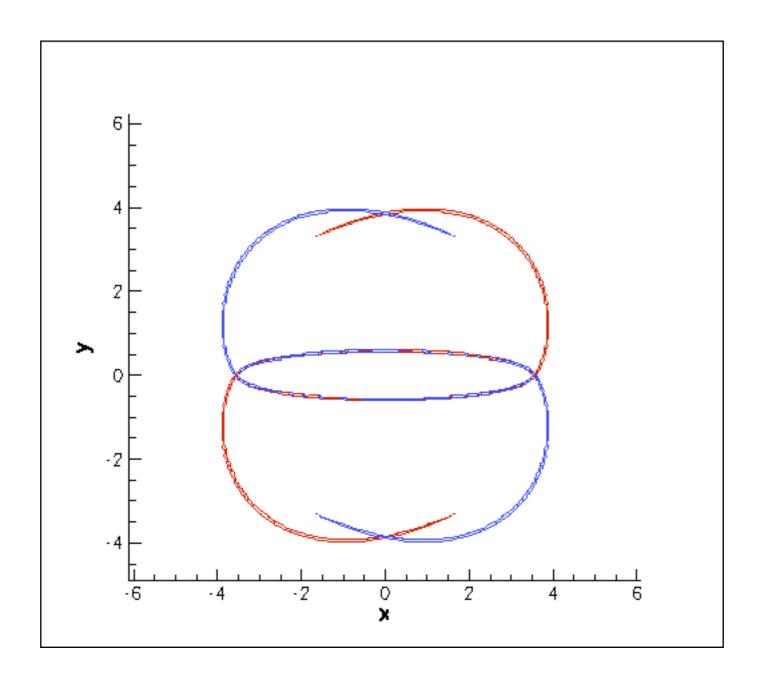


### LCS in the Kida vortex



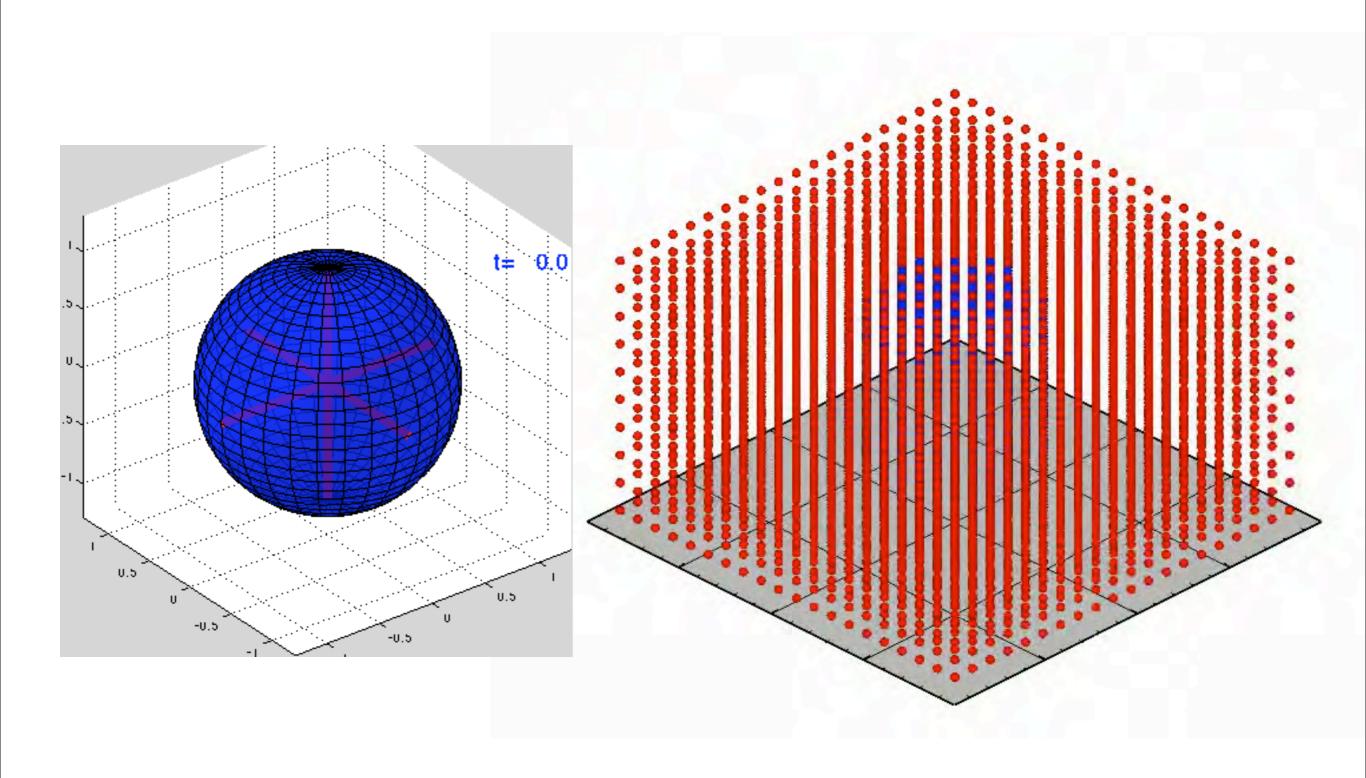


### Lobes in the kida vortex



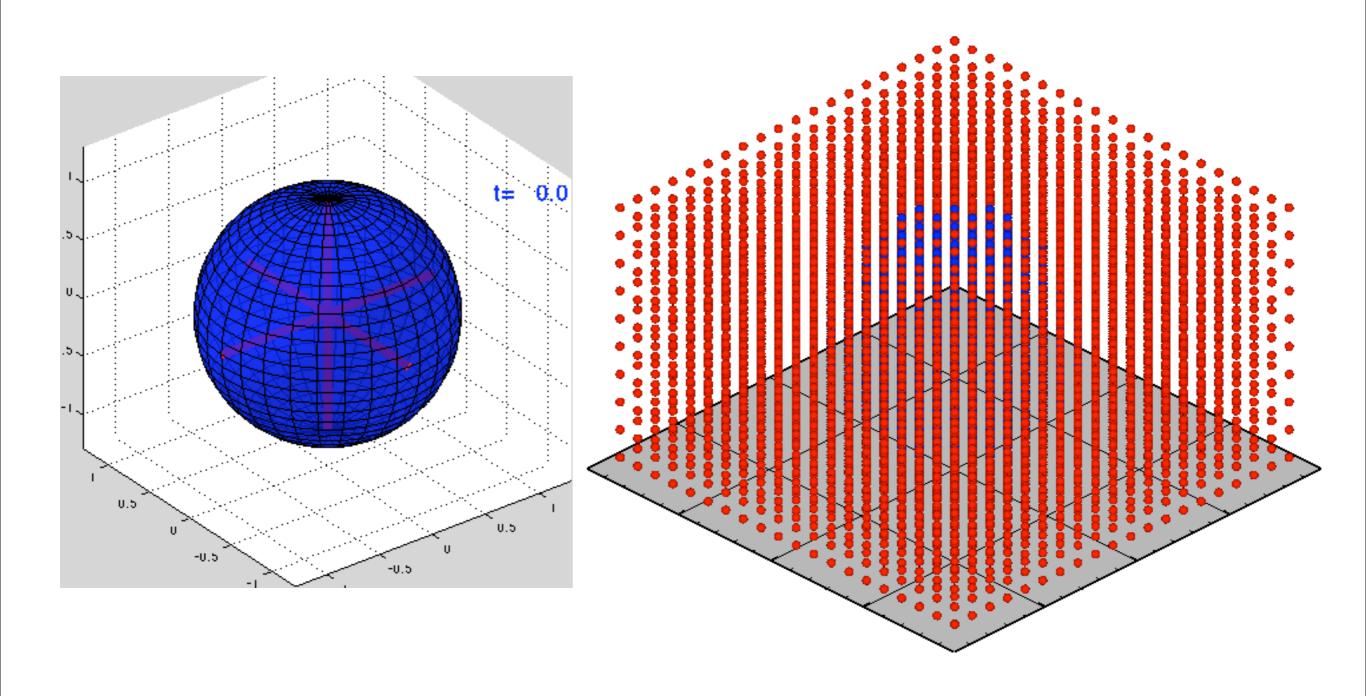


# Mediterranean Salt Lenses (Meddies)



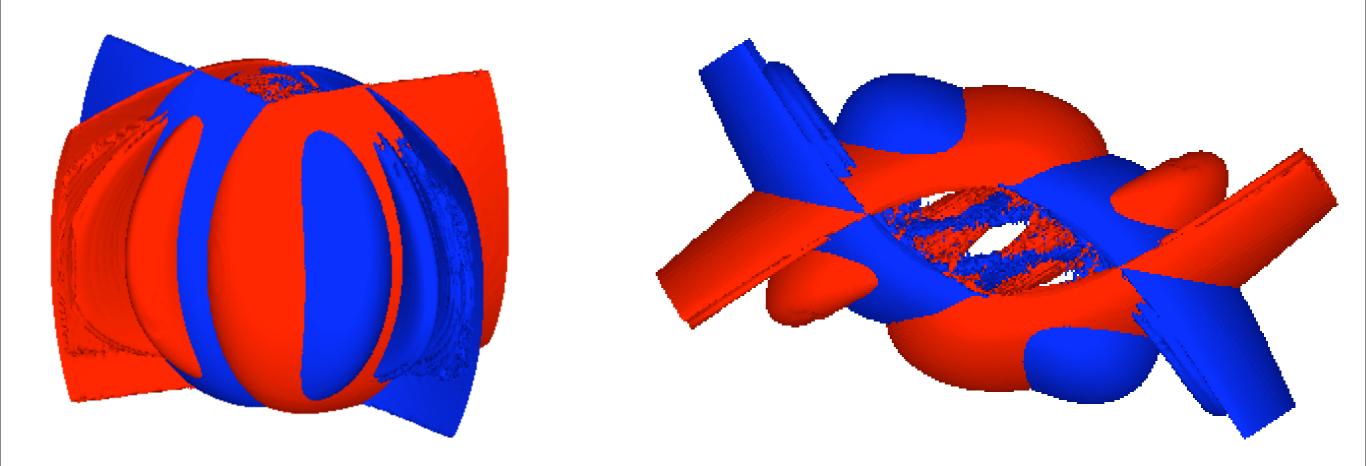


# Mediterranean Salt Lenses (Meddies)



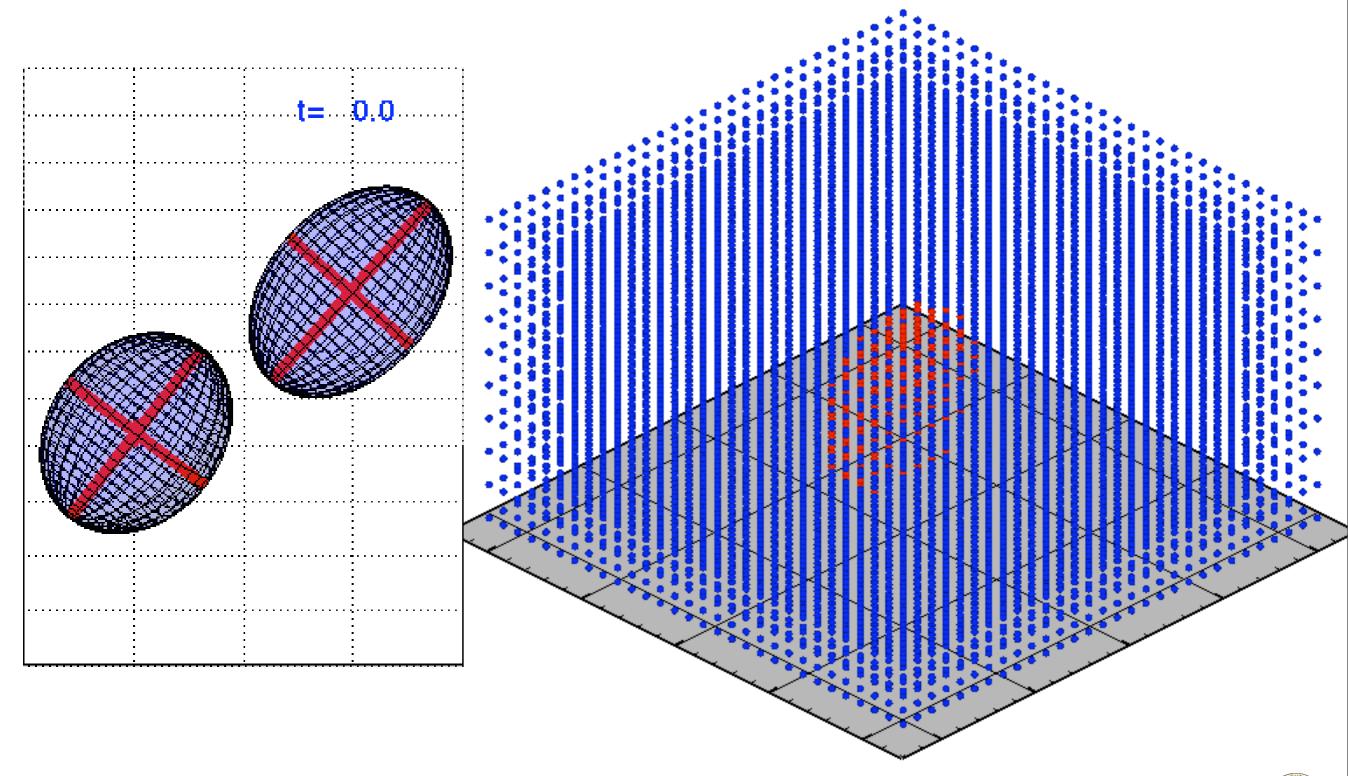


## Lobes in Meddies.



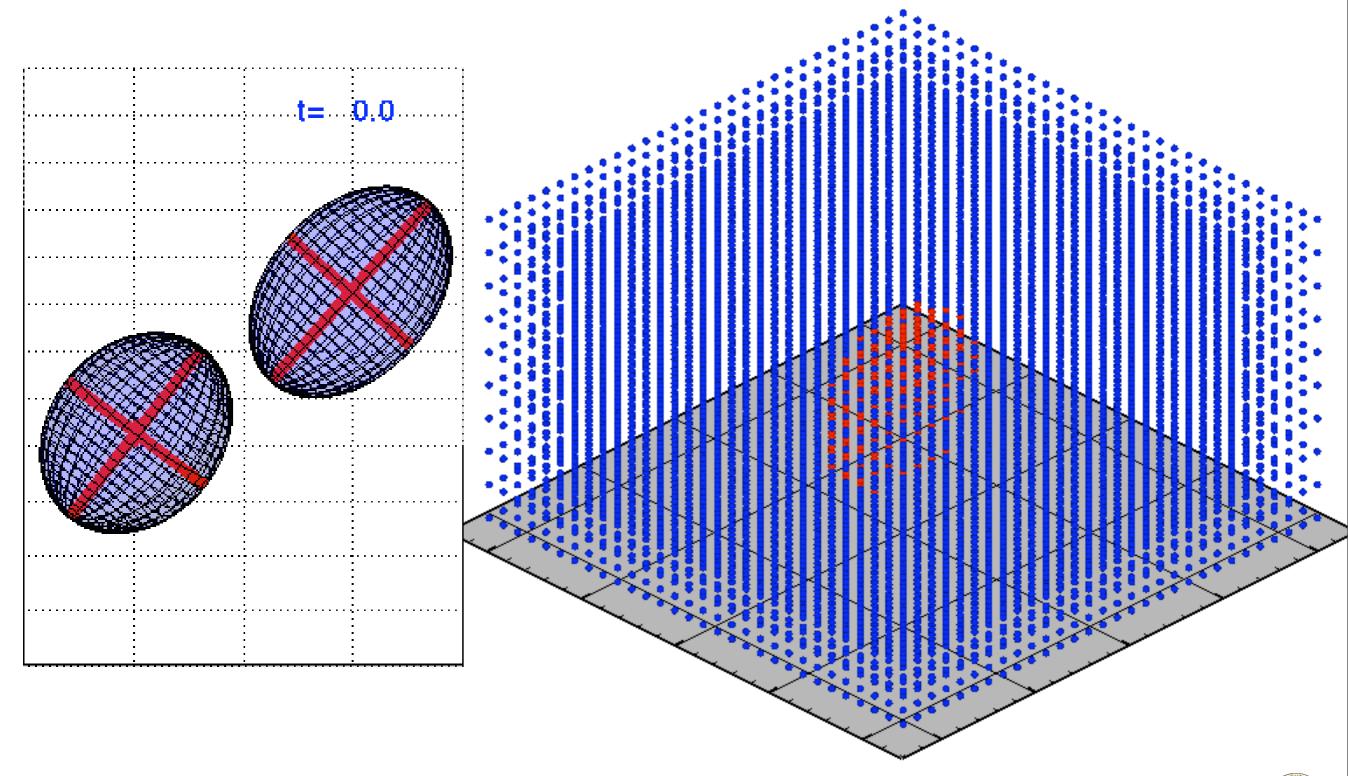


## Interacting vortices

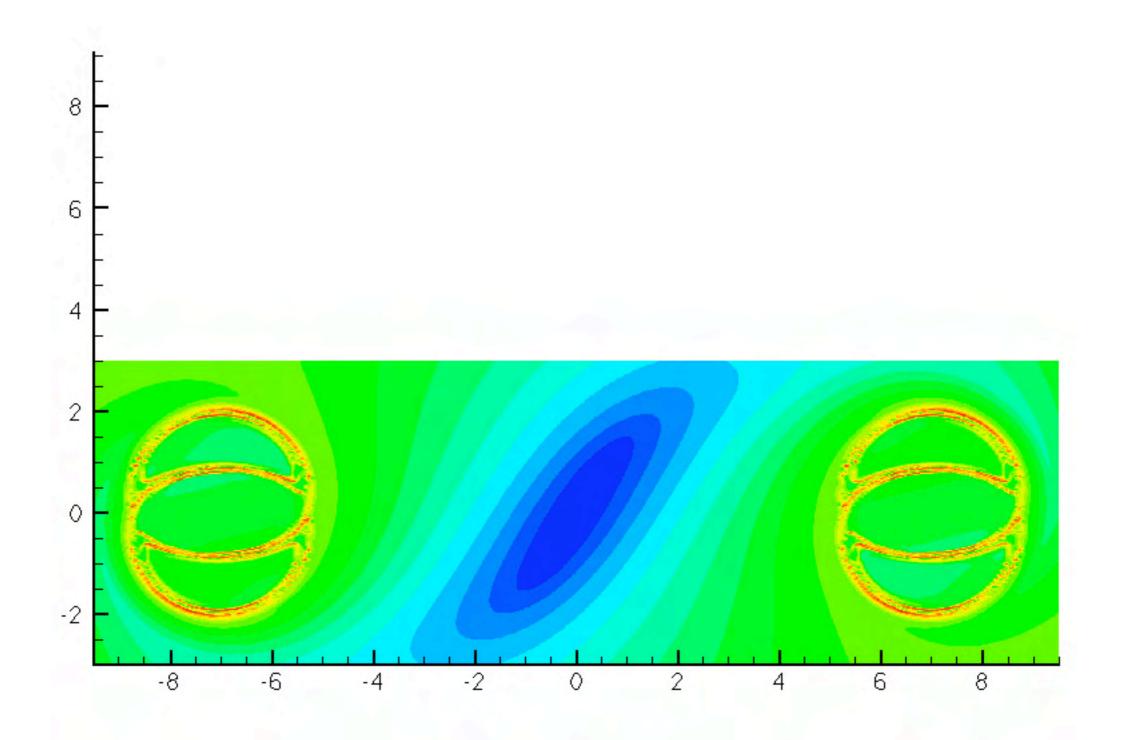




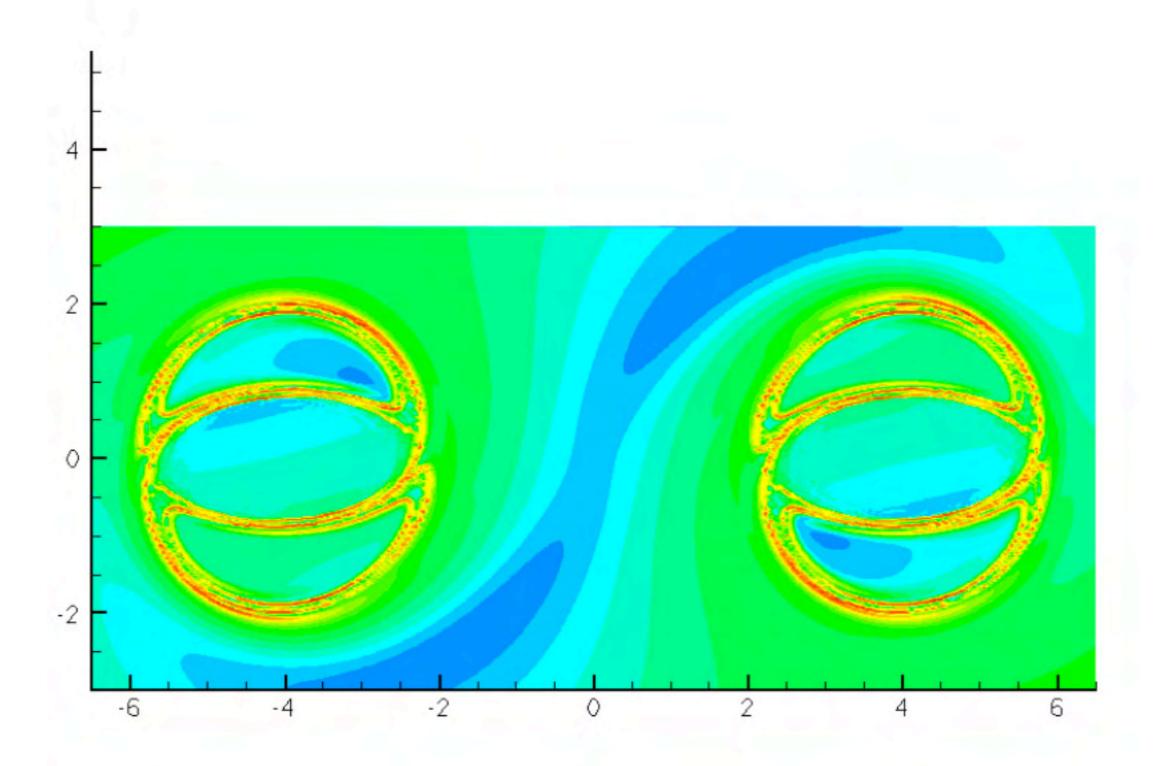
## Interacting vortices



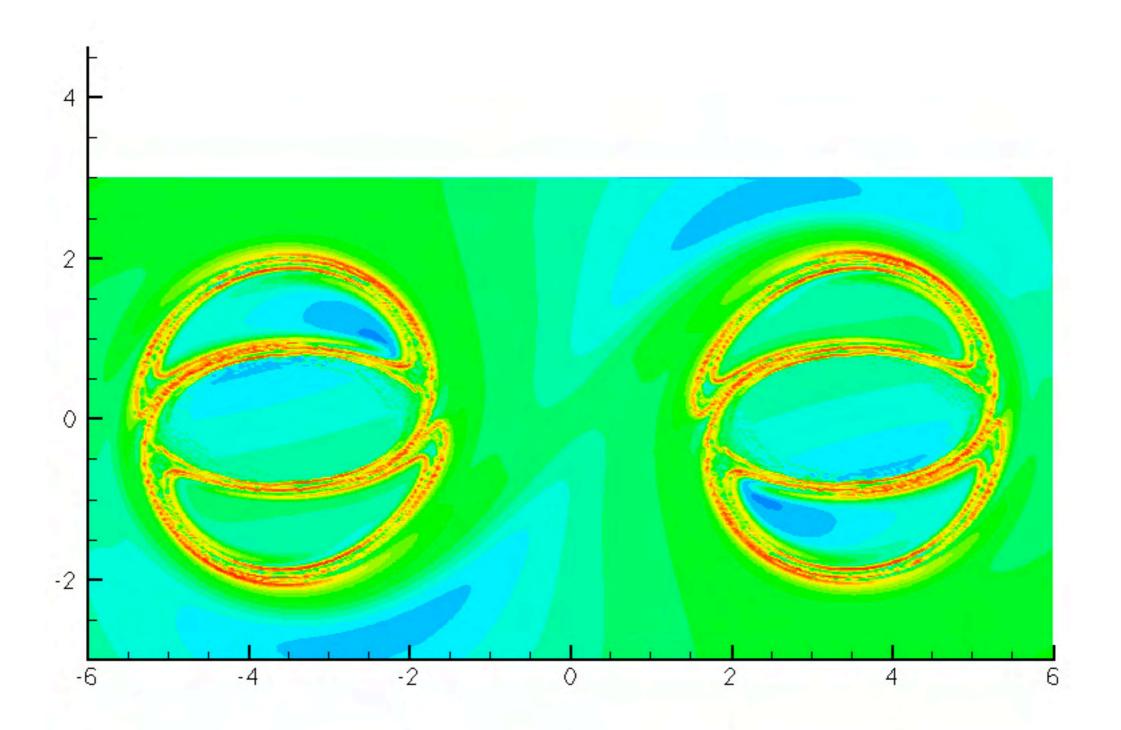




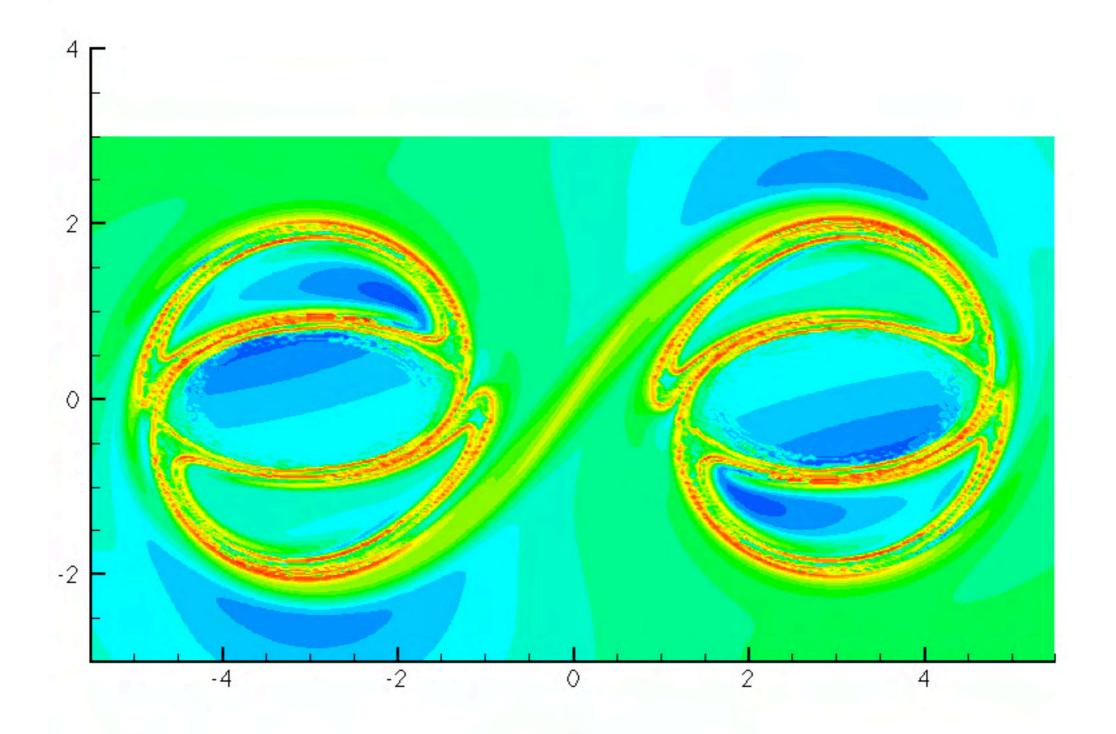




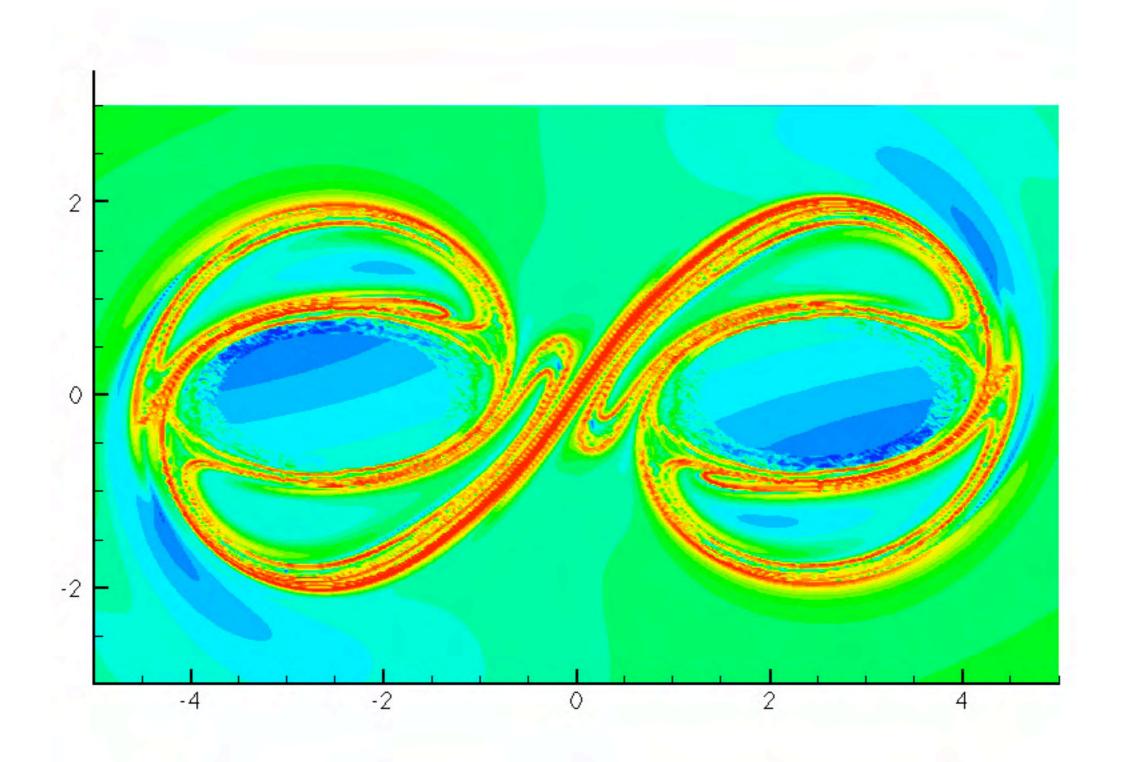




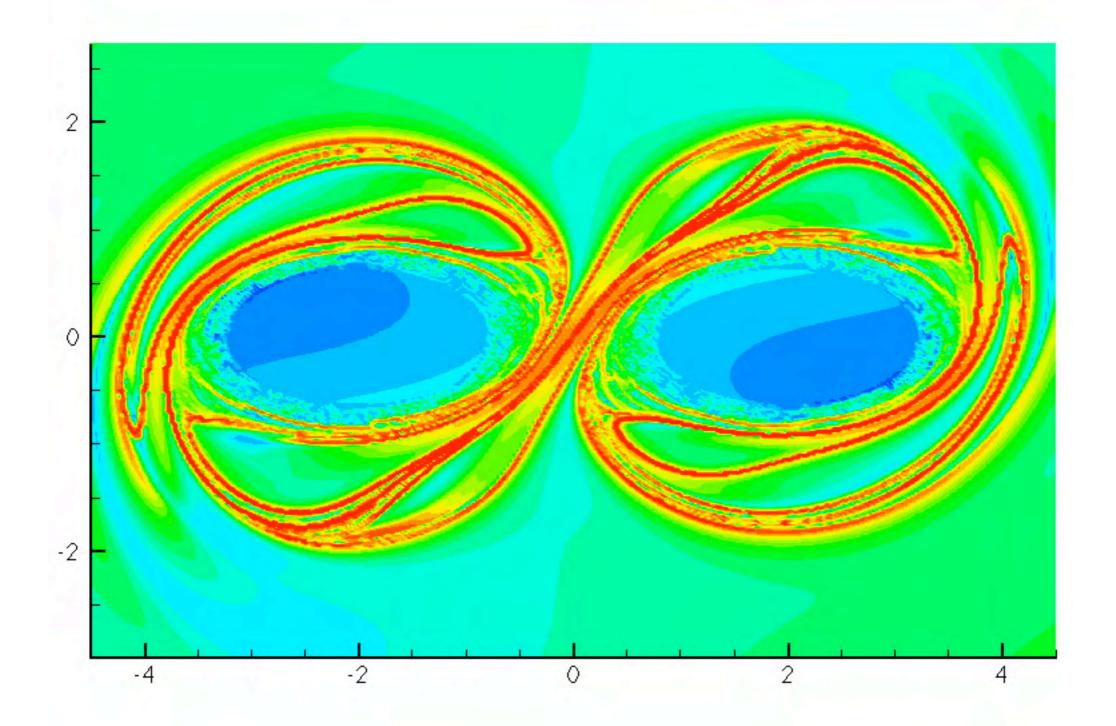




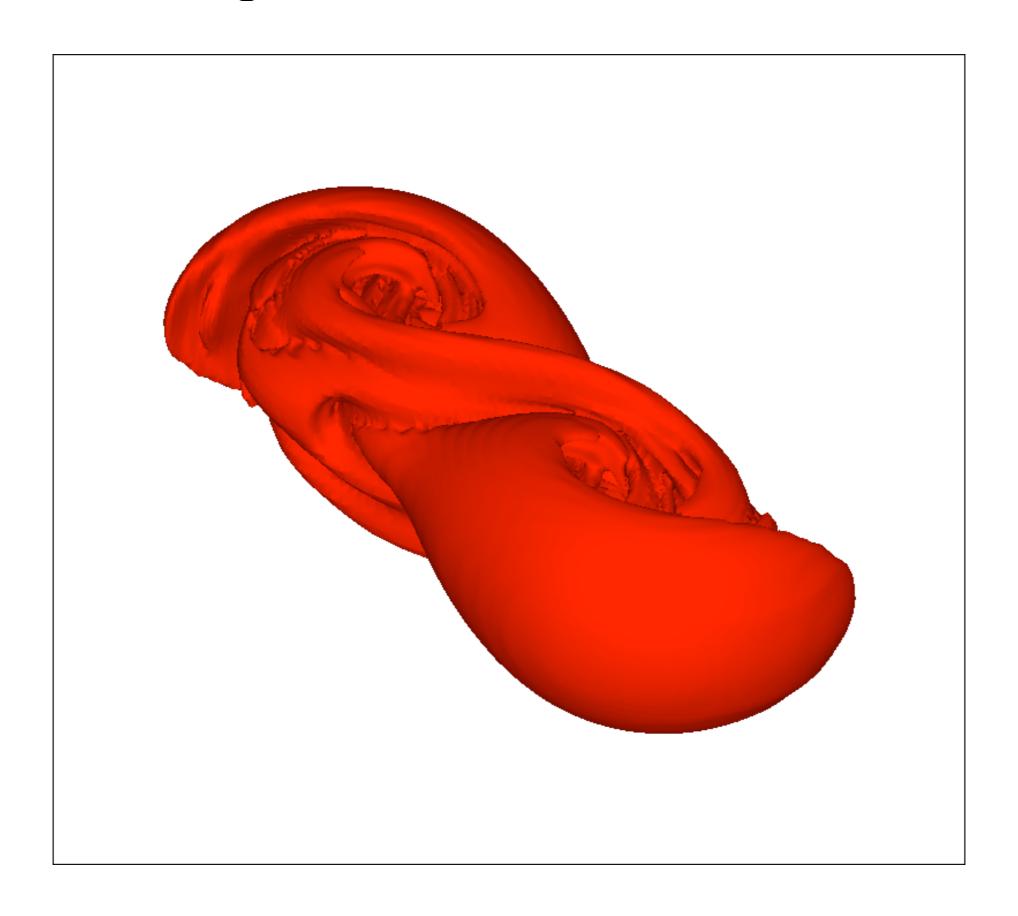




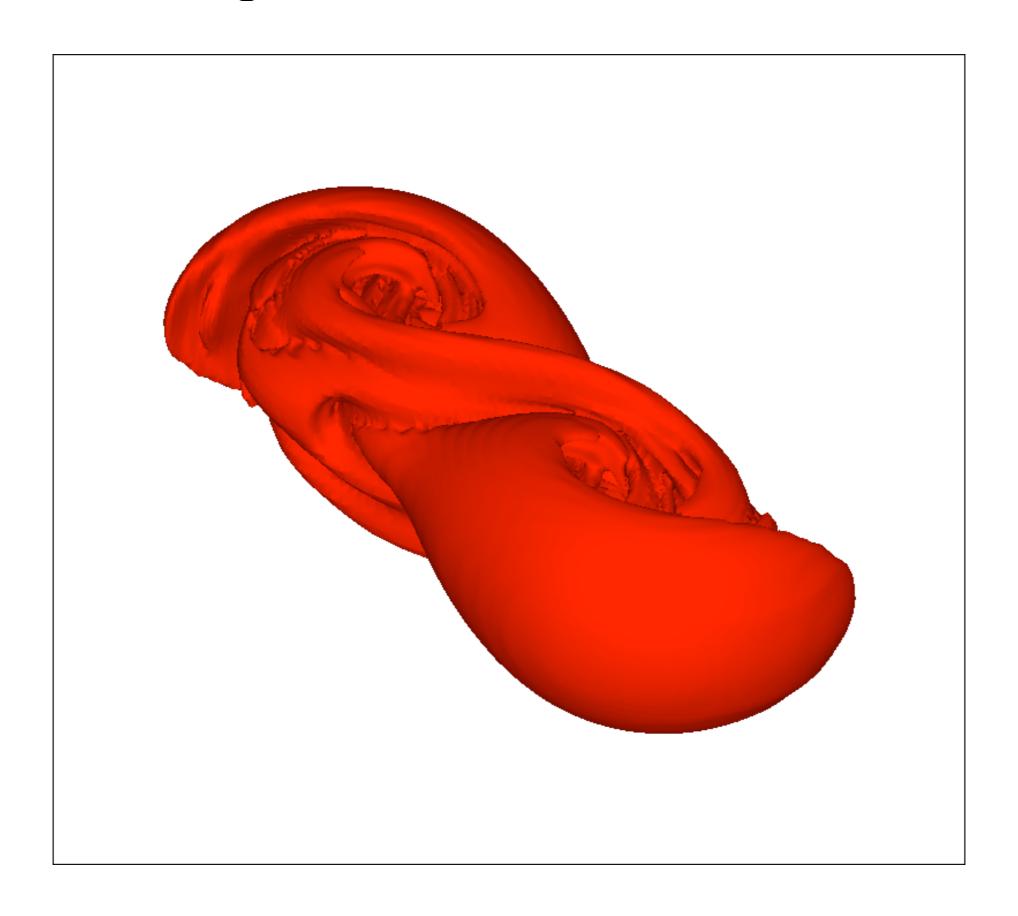






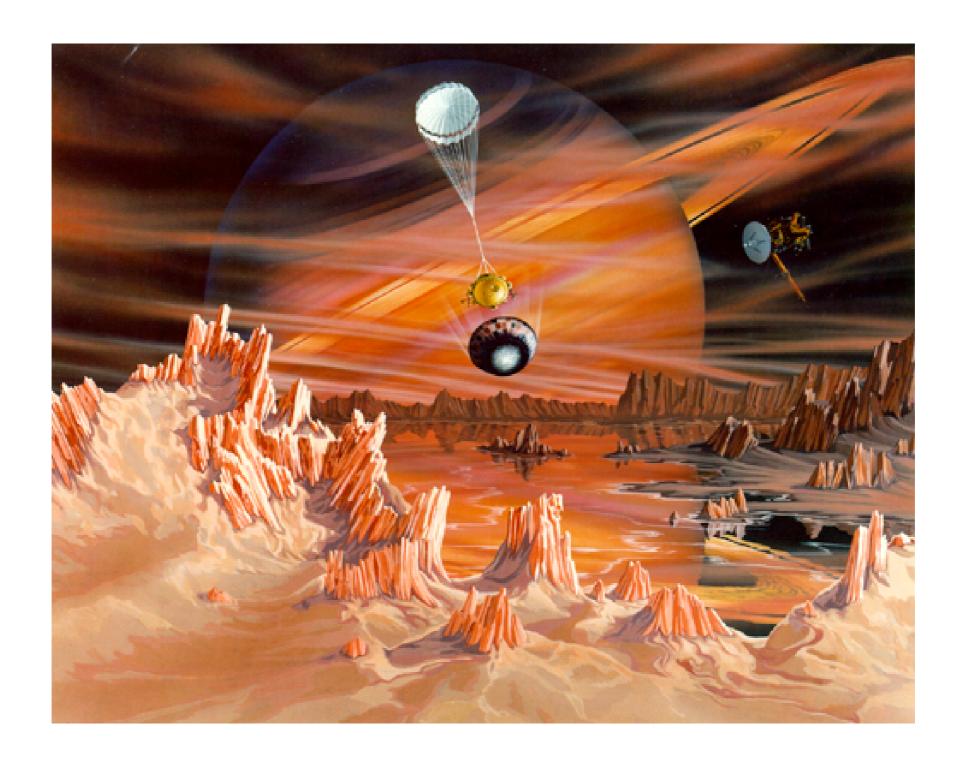






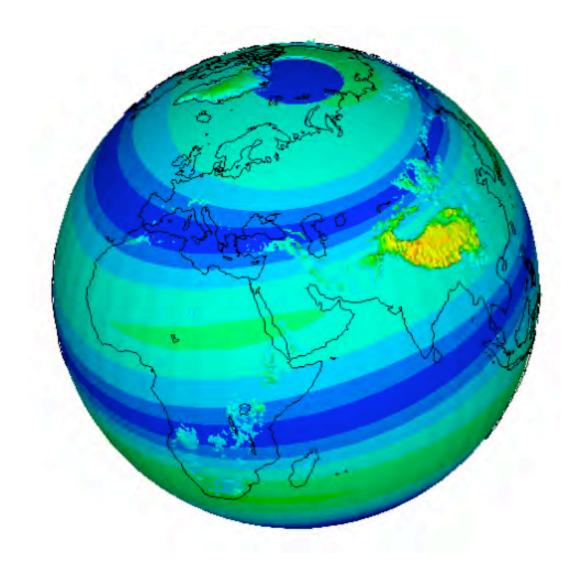


# 3D LCS in atmosphere of Titan



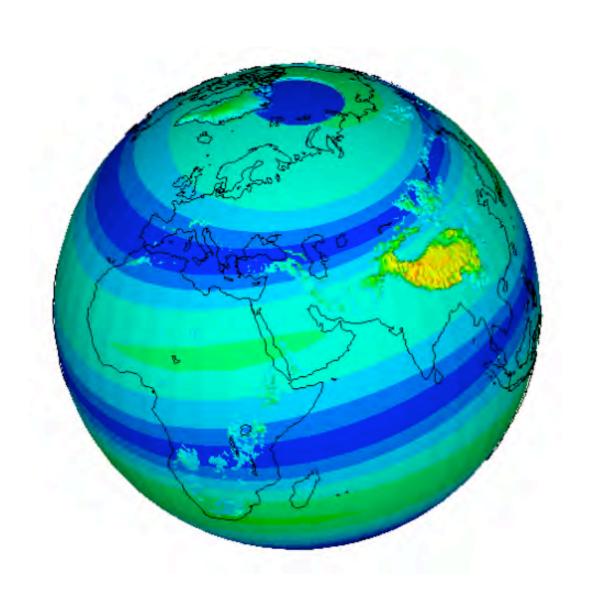


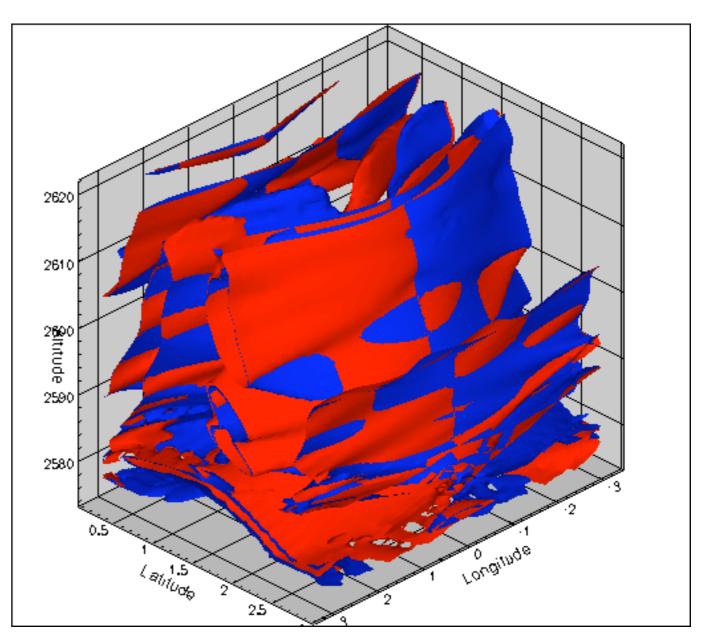
# 3D LCS in atmosphere of Titan





# 3D LCS in atmosphere of Titan



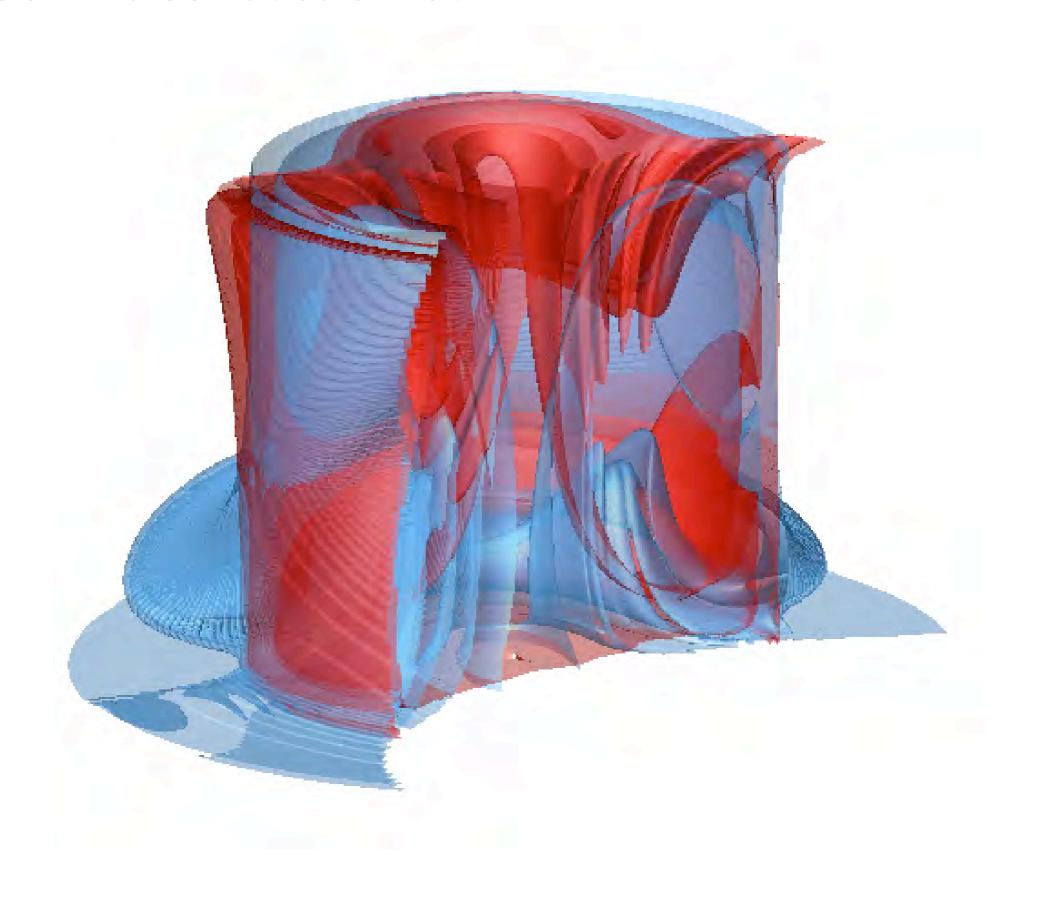




### 3D LCS in a convection cell



## 3D LCS in a convection cell



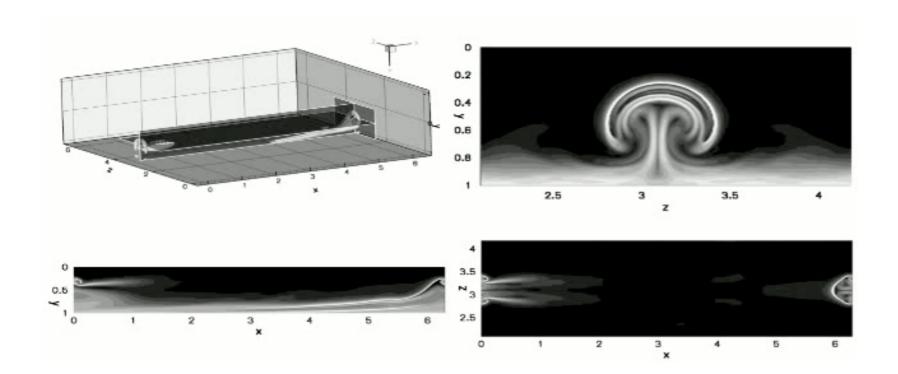


Hairpin vortices in near wall turbulent flow

Melissa Green, Clancy Rowley, George Haller.



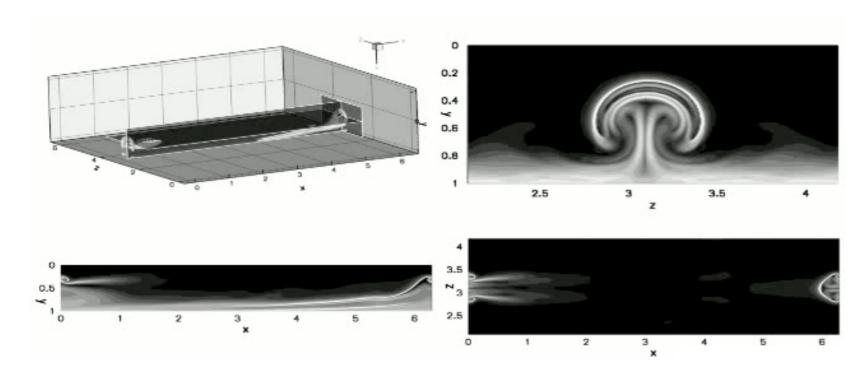
### Hairpin vortices in near wall turbulent flow



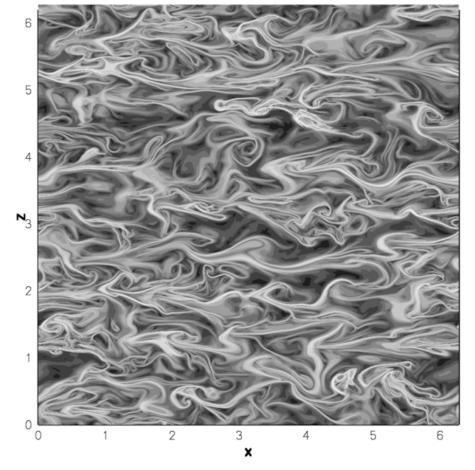
Melissa Green, Clancy Rowley, George Haller.



### Hairpin vortices in near wall turbulent flow

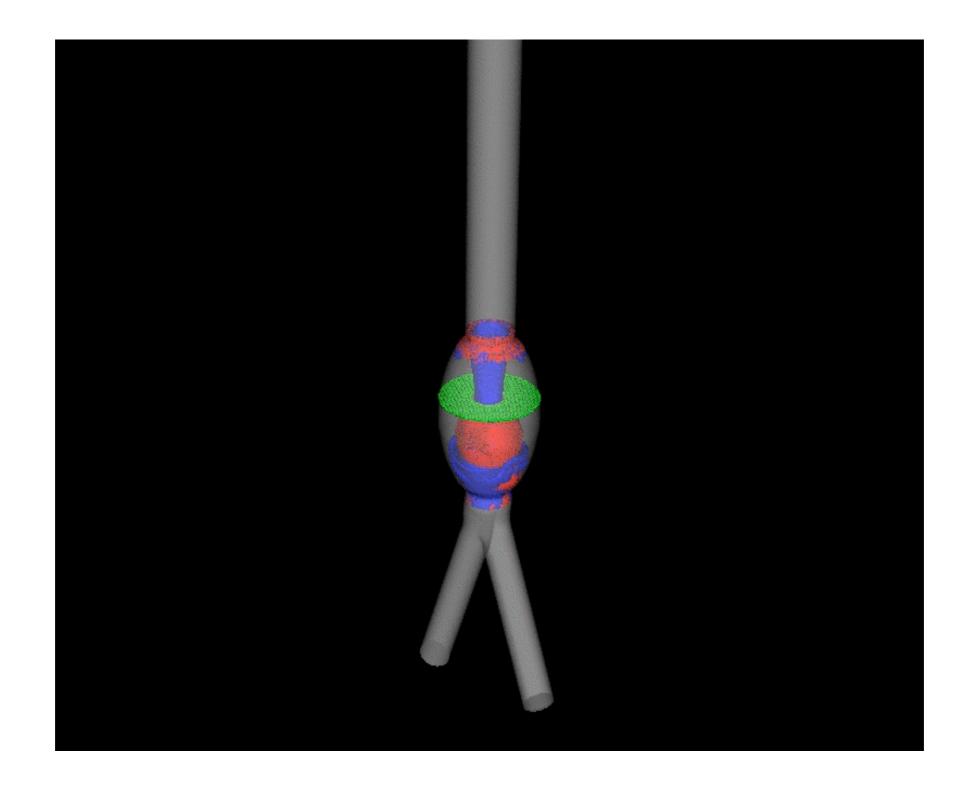


Melissa Green, Clancy Rowley, George Haller.





## LCS in blood flow





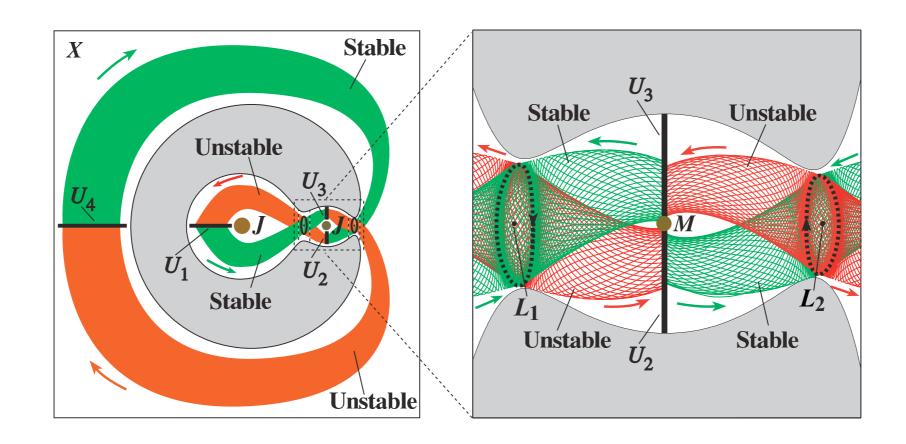
## Invariant manifolds in space travel





## Invariant manifolds in space travel

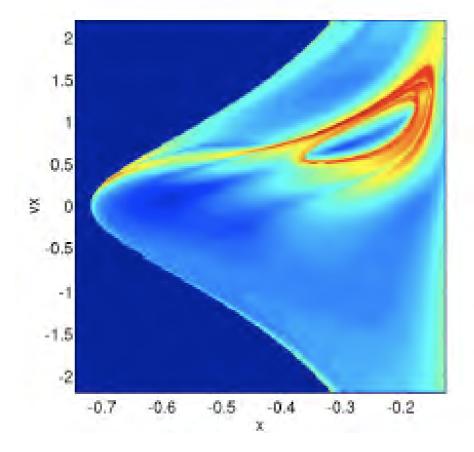


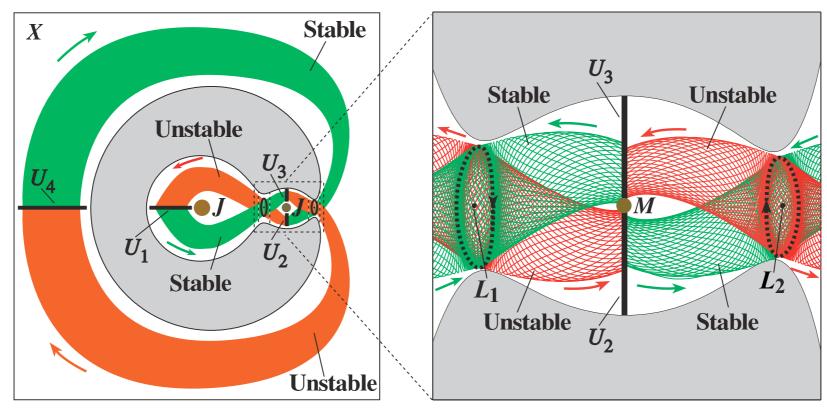




### Invariant manifolds in space travel











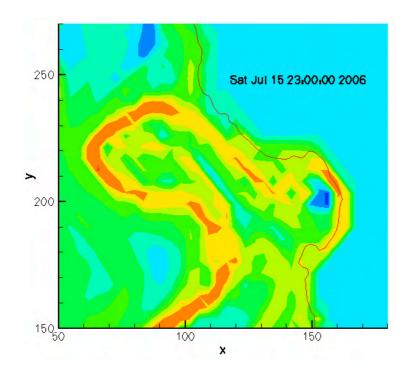
• Choosing integration time, T.

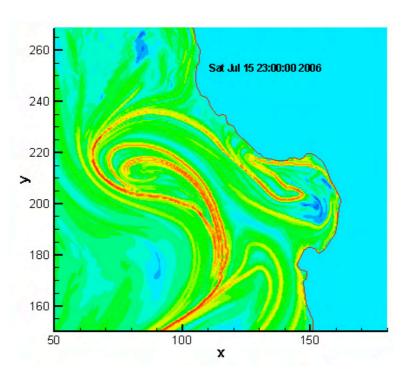


- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.



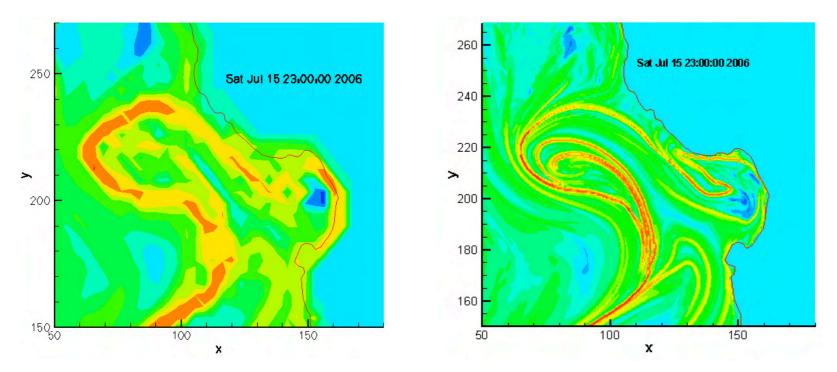
- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.







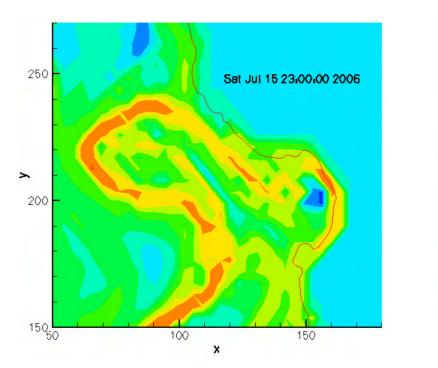
- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.

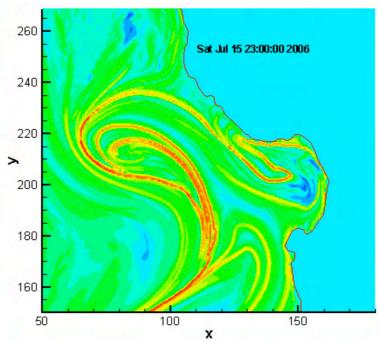


• Memory: huge data in; huge data out.



- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.

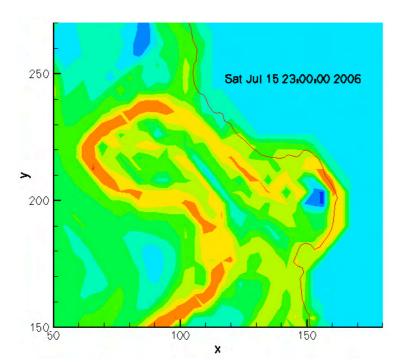


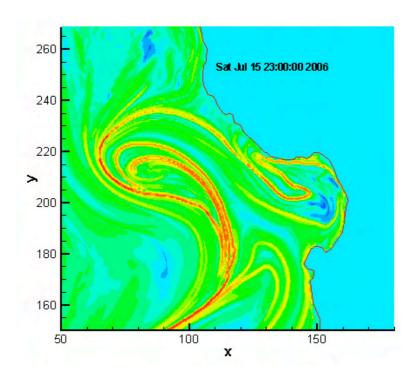


- Memory: huge data in; huge data out.
- Straightforward to parallelize.



- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.

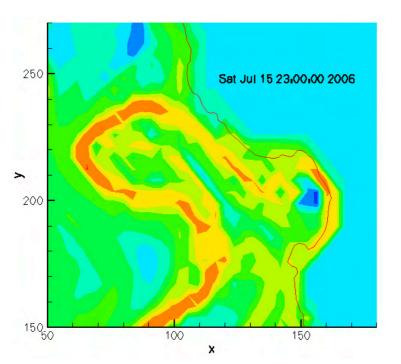


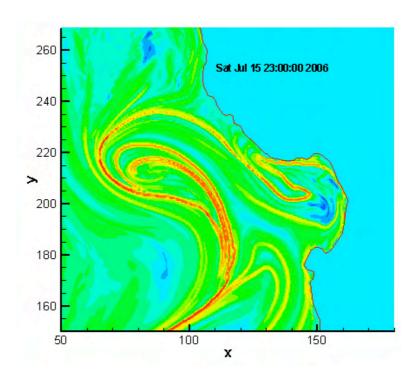


- Memory: huge data in; huge data out.
- Straightforward to parallelize.
- Computations are now "bandwidth limited."



- Choosing integration time, T.
- Resolution and robustness.



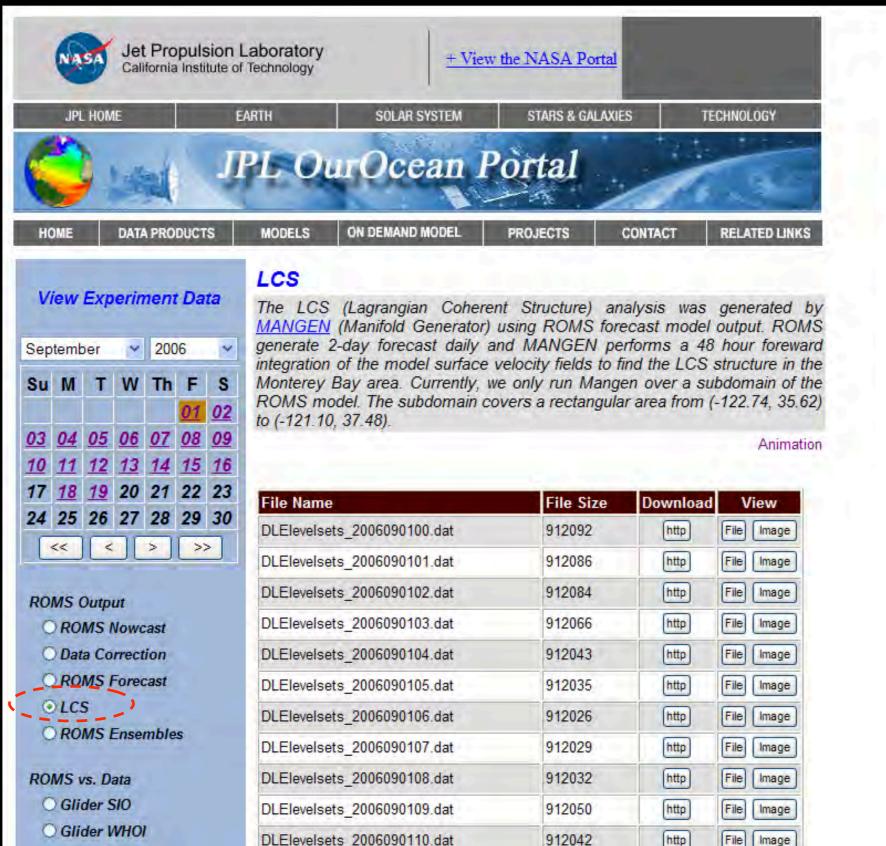


- Memory: huge data in; huge data out.
- Straightforward to parallelize.
- Computations are now "bandwidth limited."
- Computed online in near real time.



## Near Real-Time Computation of LCS

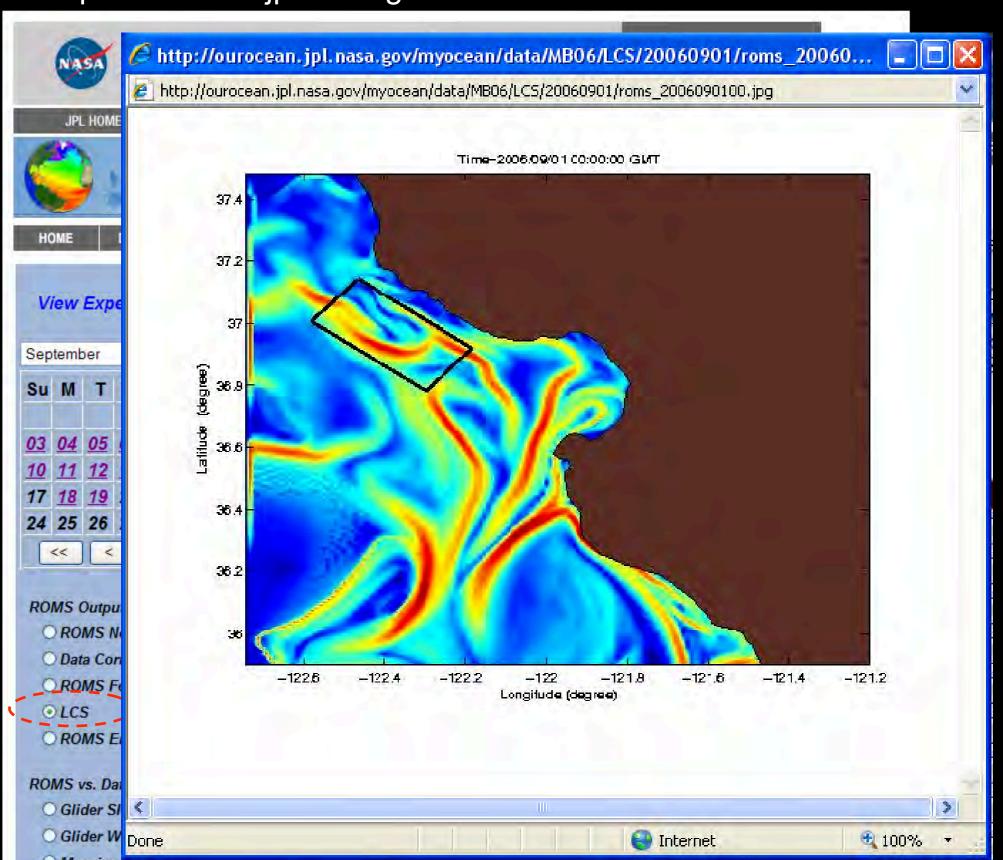
http://ourocean.jpl.nasa.gov/MB06/



Peggy Li Yi Chao

## Near Real-Time Computation of LCS

http://ourocean.jpl.nasa.gov/MB06/



Peggy Li

Yi Chao

## Upcoming LCS projects ...

#### **Numerics:**

- Visualization in 3D.
- Automatic extraction of LCS.
- Fast computation methods.

### Theory:

- What are the properties of LCS?
- Relationship with transfer operator methods.

#### Applications:

- 3D Hurricanes.
- 3D Oceans.
- Quantified transport and mixing in geophysical flows.

